

United States
Securities and Exchange Commission
 Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM S-8
 REGISTRATION STATEMENT
 UNDER
 THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION
 (Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

California
 (State or other jurisdiction of
 incorporation or organization)

88-0085720
 (I.R.S. Employer
 Identification Number)

5241 Spring Mountain Road
P.O. Box 98510
Las Vegas, Nevada
 (Address of principal executive offices)

89193-8510
 (Zip Code)

SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION EMPLOYEES' INVESTMENT PLAN
 (Full title of the plan)

GEORGE C. BIEHL
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Secretary
Southwest Gas Corporation
5241 Spring Mountain Road
P.O. Box 98510
Las Vegas, Nevada 89193-8510
 (Name and address of agent for service)

(702) 876-7237
 (Telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of securities being registered	Amount to be registered (1)	Proposed maximum offering price per share (2)	Proposed maximum aggregate offering price (2)	Amount of registration fee
Common Stock (\$1 par value)	750,000 shares	\$29.33	\$21,997,500	\$675.34

- (1) In addition, pursuant to Rule 416(c) under the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement also covers an indeterminate amount of interests to be offered or sold pursuant to the Plan described herein.
- (2) Pursuant to Rule 457(h), the maximum offering price, per share and in the aggregate, and the registration fee were calculated based upon the average of the high and low composite prices of the Common Stock as reported by the Consolidated Tape Association on August 24, 2007 of \$29.33.

As permitted by Rule 429, the Prospectus with respect to this Registration Statement also relates to Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-8 (333-126736).

PART I

INFORMATION REQUIRED IN THE SECTION 10(A) PROSPECTUS

Item 1. Plan Information*

Item 2. Registrant Information and Employee Plan Annual Information*

* Information required by Part I to be contained in the Section 10(a) prospectus is omitted from the Registration Statement in accordance with Rule 428 under the Securities Act of 1933 and the Note to Part I of Form S-8.

PART II

INFORMATION REQUIRED IN THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT

Item 3. Incorporation of Certain Documents by Reference

The following documents of Southwest Gas Corporation (the "Company") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission are incorporated herein by reference:

- (a) Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Company's fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 and Employees' Investment Plan Annual Report on Form 11-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.
- (b) Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the Company's quarters ended March 31, 2007 and June 30, 2007.
- (c) Current reports on Form 8-K dated January 16, 2007, February 28, 2007, May 2, 2007, and May 18, 2007.
- (d) Description of the Company's Common Stock contained in its Form 8-K dated July 22, 2003, and any amendment or report filed for the purpose of updating such description.

All documents subsequently filed by the Company pursuant to Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 and 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), prior to the filing of a post-effective amendment which indicates that all securities offered have been sold or which deregisters all securities then remaining unsold, shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference in this Registration Statement and to be a part hereof from the date of filing of such documents. Any statement contained herein or in a document, all or a portion of which is incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference herein, shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this Registration Statement to the extent that a statement contained herein or in any other subsequently filed document which also is or is deemed to be incorporated by reference herein modifies or supersedes such statement. Any such statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or amended, to constitute a part of this Registration Statement.

Item 4. Description of Securities

The Company's Common Stock, \$1.00 par value, (the "Common Stock") is registered pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act, and, therefore, the description of securities is omitted.

Item 5. Interests of Named Experts and Counsel

Robert M. Johnson, Esq., as Assistant General Counsel for the Company, has given an opinion to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon the validity of the shares of Common Stock registered.

The financial statements and management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting (which is included in Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting) incorporated in this Registration Statement by reference to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Southwest Gas Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2006 and the financial statements incorporated in this Registration Statement by reference to the Annual Report on Form 11-K of the Southwest Gas Corporation Employees' Investment Plan for the year ended December 31, 2006 have been so incorporated in reliance on the reports of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

Item 6. Indemnification of Directors and Officers

The Company's Articles of Incorporation contain a provision which eliminates the liability of directors for monetary damages to the fullest extent permissible under California law. The General Corporation Law of California (the "Law") (i) authorizes the elimination of liability of directors for monetary damages in an action brought by a shareholder in the right of the Company or by the Company for breach of a director's duties to the Company and its shareholders and (ii) authorizes the Company to indemnify directors and officers for monetary damages for all acts or omissions committed by them in their respective capacities; provided, however, that liability is not limited nor may indemnification be provided (a) for acts or omissions that involve intentional misconduct or knowing and culpable violation of law, (b) for acts or omissions that a director or officer believes to be contrary to the best interests of the Company or its shareholders or that involve the absence of good faith on the part of a director or officer seeking indemnification, (c) for any transaction from which a director or officer derives an improper personal benefit, (d) for acts or omissions that show a reckless disregard for the director's or officer's duty to the Company or its shareholders in circumstances in which such person was aware, or should have been aware, in the ordinary course of performing his or her duties, of a risk of serious injury to the Company or its shareholders, (e) for acts or omissions that constitute an unexcused pattern of inattention that amounts to an abdication of the director's or officer's duty to the Company or its shareholders, and (f) for liabilities arising under Section 310 (contracts in which a director has a material financial interest) and Section 316 (certain unlawful dividends, distributions, loans and guarantees) of the Law. In addition, the Company may not indemnify directors and officers in circumstances in which indemnification is expressly prohibited by Section 317 of the Law.

The bylaws of the Company provide that the Company has the power to indemnify directors and officers to the fullest extent permitted under California law and the Company's Articles of Incorporation. The Company has entered into indemnification agreements with its directors and officers which require that the Company indemnify such directors and officers in all cases to the fullest extent permitted by applicable provisions of the Law. The Company also maintains a directors' and officers' liability insurance policy insuring directors and officers of the Company for covered losses as defined in the policy.

Item 7. Exemption from Registration Claimed

Not applicable.

Item 8. Exhibits

- 4.1 Employees' Investment Plan
- 5.1 Opinion of Counsel of Southwest Gas Corporation regarding legality of the securities to be registered
- 23.1 Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
- 23.2 Consent of Counsel of Southwest Gas Corporation (included in opinion filed as Exhibit 5.1 to this Registration Statement)
- 24.1 Powers of Attorney

Undertaking in lieu of Exhibit:

The Employees' Investment Plan (the "Plan") received a favorable determination letter from the Internal Revenue Service on April 23, 2003. Since that time, there has been one amendment to the Plan which incorporated the current form of minimum distribution requirements, as required by the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS"). The Plan, as amended, will be submitted to the IRS in a timely manner in order to continue its qualification under Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Item 9. Undertakings

The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes:

(1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this Registration Statement:

(i) To include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933, unless the information required to be included in such post-effective amendment is contained in a periodic report filed by Registrant pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act and incorporated herein by reference;

(ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the Registration Statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in this Registration Statement, unless the information required to be included in such post-effective amendment is contained in a periodic report filed by Registrant pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act and incorporated herein by reference;

(iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in this Registration Statement or any material change to such information in this Registration Statement;

(2) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new Registration Statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

(3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.

The undersigned Registrant hereby further undertakes that, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each filing of the Registrant's annual report pursuant to Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act of 1934 (and each filing of the annual report of the Plan pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act of 1934) that is incorporated by reference in the Registration Statement shall be deemed to be a new Registration Statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the Registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the Registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form S-8 and has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Las Vegas, State of Nevada, on August 29, 2007.

SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION

By /s/ GEORGE C. BIEHL

George C. Biehl
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and
Corporate Secretary

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
<hr/> <p>/s/ JEFFREY W. SHAW (Jeffrey W. Shaw)</p>	Director and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	August 29, 2007
<hr/> <p>/s/ GEORGE C. BIEHL (George C. Biehl)</p>	Director, Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Secretary (Principal Financial Officer)	August 29, 2007
<hr/> <p>/s/ ROY R. CENTRELLA (Roy R. Centrella)</p>	Vice President, Controller and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)	August 29, 2007
<hr/> <p>/s/ THOMAS E. CHESTNUT * (Thomas E. Chestnut)</p>	Director	August 29, 2007
<hr/> <p>/s/ STEPHEN C. COMER * (Stephen C. Comer)</p>	Director	August 29, 2007
<hr/> <p>/s/ RICHARD M. GARDNER * (Richard M. Gardner)</p>	Director	August 29, 2007
<hr/> <p>/s/ LEROY C. HANNEMAN, JR. * (LeRoy C. Hanneman, Jr.)</p>	Chairman of the Board of Directors	August 29, 2007

Signature

Title

Date

/s/ JAMES J. KROPID *

(James J. Kropid)

Director

August 29, 2007

/s/ MICHAEL O. MAFFIE *

(Michael O. Maffie)

Director

August 29, 2007

/s/ ANN L. MARIUCCI *

(Ann L. Mariucci)

Director

August 29, 2007

/s/ MICHAEL J. MELARKEY *

(Michael J. Melarkey)

Director

August 29, 2007

/s/ CAROLYN M. SPARKS *

(Carolyn M. Sparks)

Director

August 29, 2007

/s/ TERRENCE L. WRIGHT *

(Terrence L. Wright)

Director

August 29, 2007

* By: /s/ GEORGE C. BIEHL

(George C. Biehl)

Attorney-in-fact

The Plan

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the Southwest Gas Corporation Benefits Committee has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Las Vegas, State of Nevada, on August 29, 2007.

**SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION
BENEFITS COMMITTEE**

/s/ JAMES P. KANE

(James P. Kane)

/s/ GEORGE C. BIEHL

(George C. Biehl)

/s/ THOMAS R. SHEETS

(Thomas R. Sheets)

/s/ FRED W. COVER

(Fred W. Cover)

Exhibit Number	Description
4.1	Employees' Investment Plan
5.1	Opinion of Counsel of Southwest Gas Corporation regarding legality of the securities to be registered
23.1	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
23.2	Consent of Counsel of Southwest Gas Corporation (included in opinion filed as Exhibit 5.1 to this Registration Statement)
24.1	Powers of Attorney

SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION

EMPLOYEES' INVESTMENT PLAN

Amended and Restated -- Effective January 1, 1989
 Amended and Restated -- Effective December 1, 1994
 Amended and Restated -- Effective July 1, 1996
 Amended and Restated -- Effective October 1, 2001

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INTRODUCTION

The Southwest Gas Corporation Employee's Investment Plan, as amended and restated here, constitutes a continuation of the Plan as originally effective April 1, 1965. The Plan is a profit sharing plan with a cash or deferred arrangement.

The purposes of this Fourth Amendment are to amend and restate the terms of the Plan to: (a) change the Plan(s) eligibility rules; (b) change the Plan(s) claims procedures to comply with new ERISA claims procedure regulations; (c) cause the Plan to adopt model amendment language out of Internal Revenue Service Notice 2000-18, dealing with Code Section 401(a)(9) regulations, and Notice 2001-37, dealing with the definition of compensation and qualified transportation fringe benefits; (d) make changes to the Plan so as to cause the Plan to comply with changes made by the Uruguay Round Agreements, Pub. L. 103-465 (GATT); the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994 (USERRA); The Small Business Job Protection Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104-188 (SBJPA) (including Code Section 414(u); the Tax Payer Relief Act of 1997 (TRA97); and The Internal Revenue Service Restructuring and Reform Act of 1998 (RRA), (e) adopt changes to the Plan to comply with the mandatory requirements and selected options permitted by the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA) and (f), effective as January 1, 2002, to designate the portion of the Plan invested in Company Stock (consisting of (i) Company Matching Contributions and (ii) Participant Deferrals), as an Employee Stock Ownership Plan ("ESOP"), as defined in Code Section 4975.

As amended, the Plan contains an ESOP which is designed to invest primarily in qualifying employer securities. It is the intention of the Company that (i) the non-ESOP portion of the Plan (the "Profit-Sharing Plan") shall be a profit-sharing plan that is qualified under Code Sections 401(a) and 401(k), (ii) the ESOP portion of the Plan shall be both a stock bonus plan and an employee stock ownership plan that is qualified under Code Sections 401(a) and 4975(e)(7) and described in ERISA Section 407(d)(6), (iii) that the Profit-Sharing Plan and the ESOP together shall constitute a single plan under Treasury Regulation Section 1.414(1)-1(b)(1); (iv) that the Plan shall satisfy the requirements of ERISA; and (v) that the Trust Fund maintained under the Plan shall be tax-exempt under Code Section 501(a).

The provisions in the other sections of the Plan shall apply to the ESOP in the same fashion as they apply to the Profit Sharing Plan, except to the extent such provisions are by their terms inapplicable to the ESOP. The amendment of the Plan to include the ESOP shall not affect any beneficiary designation or other applicable agreements, elections, or consents that Participants, spouses or beneficiaries validly executed under the terms of the Plan before the January 1, 2002 effective date of the ESOP, and such designations, elections, and consents shall be applied under the ESOP in the same manner as they applied under the Plan before the addition of the ESOP.

This restatement of the Plan shall be effective on October 1, 2001; provided, however, that if a provision of this restatement of the Plan has a specific effective date other than October 1, 2001, the date so specified shall be the effective date of such provision.

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ARTICLE 1
DEFINITIONS

When used in this document the following words and phrases have the meaning specified below. Additional words and phrases may be defined in the text of the Plan.

Accounts means a Participant's Company Matching Contributions Account, Deferral Account, Frozen After Tax Account, and Rollover Account.

Affiliated Company means the Company, any corporation that is included in a controlled group of corporations within the meaning of Code Section 414(b) of which group the Company is also a member, any trade or business that is under common control with the Company within the meaning of Code Section 414(c), any member of an affiliated service group within which the Company is also included within the meaning of Code Section 414(m), and any other entity required to be aggregated with the Company pursuant to regulations under Code Section 414(o).

Alternate Payee means any Spouse, former Spouse, child or other dependent of a Participant having rights to receive all, or a portion of, a Participant's benefits payable under this Plan pursuant to a Qualified Domestic Relations Order.

Beneficiary means the person, persons, or entity designated by the Participant to receive any death benefit that may become payable under the Plan. The Beneficiary of a married Participant will be his Spouse unless the Participant designates a Beneficiary other than his Spouse and the Spouse executes a Qualified Consent. The Spouse may revoke such consent at any time prior to the payment of any benefits to the designated Beneficiary. The Committee may dispense with the Spouse's consent if the Spouse cannot be located, or for such other reasons as provided in Treasury Regulations. A Participant may designate primary and contingent Beneficiaries. If more than one Beneficiary is named, the Participant may specify the sequence and/or proportion in which payments will be made to each Beneficiary. In the absence of a specification of sequence or proportions, payments will be made in equal shares to all named Beneficiaries. If no Beneficiary has been designated or if the Committee is unable to locate a designated Beneficiary or if no designated Beneficiary is living at the time of the Participant's death, payment of such death benefit, if any, to the extent permitted by law, will be made to the Participant's surviving Spouse or, if none, the Participant's estate. Any minor's share may be paid to such adult or adults as have, in the opinion of the committee, assumed custody and support of such minor. However, the Committee reserves the right to delay the payment of any minor's share until the receipt of a court order designating the adult or adults to whom such payment shall be made. Any death benefit that becomes payable to executors or administrators will be paid in one lump sum. The Committee may require proof of death before payment of any death benefit under the Plan. The Committee shall have the rights set forth in Article 12.05 with respect to an incompetent Beneficiary(ies).

Board means the Board of Directors of Southwest Gas Corporation.

Business Day means a workday in which the New York Stock Exchange is open, ending at 4:00 p.m. Eastern Standard Time. All transactions occurring after 4:00 p.m. Eastern Standard Time on a Business Day will be processed on the following Business Day.

Code means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as periodically amended.

Committee means the Employees' Investment Plan Committee as described in Article 8.

Company means Southwest Gas Corporation and any other Affiliated Company, unit or division of the Company which adopts the Plan by resolution of its board of directors, provided such resolution is accepted by the Board or the Committee. Except as otherwise provided in the terms and conditions prescribed by Southwest Gas Corporation, all provisions of the Plan will apply to such Affiliated Company and its Employees.

Company Matching Contributions means contributions made by the Company pursuant to Article 3.02.

Company Matching Contributions Account means the account maintained for a Participant which is: (a) credited with Company Matching Contributions and forfeitures; (b) adjusted for investment results; and (c) charged with distributions and withdrawals.

Company Stock means share of Company common stock.

Compensation means:

- (a) For purposes of determining an Eligible Employee(s) benefits under the Plan, the actual wages paid to an Eligible Employee during the applicable period, including sales incentive payments and elective contributions that are not includible in gross income under Code Sections 125, 402 and 403(b), but excluding pay for overtime hours, flexible benefit dollars, bonuses, or other special payments, and the Company(s) contributions toward insurance, retirement, and other fringe benefits or employee welfare plans or programs other than severance pay arrangements.
- (b) For purposes of Section 3.04, Section 3.05, Section 3.06, and Article 11 only, an Eligible Employee(s) earned income, wages, salaries, fees for professional services, and other amounts received for personal services actually rendered in the course of employment with the Company (including, but not limited to, overtime, other special

payments, bonuses, incentive compensation, commissions on insurance premiums, or tips), whether actually paid in cash or in kind during the Plan Year by the Company, excluding:

- (i) Company contributions to a plan of deferred compensation;
- (ii) Any group insurance or other health and welfare plan maintained by the Company;

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- (iii) Distributions from a plan of deferred compensation;
 - (iv) Any amounts realized from the exercise of a nonqualified stock option;
 - (v) The sale, exchange, or other disposition of stock acquired under a qualified stock option;
 - (vi) Other amounts that receive special tax benefits; or
 - (vii) Any contributions made toward the purchase of an annuity described in Code Section 403(b) whether or not such amounts are actually excludable from the gross income of the Eligible Employee.

Compensation will mean only Compensation actually paid or includable in gross income in the Plan Year. In no case will amounts deferred pursuant to Code Section 125 be included as Compensation under this subsection (b).

Notwithstanding any language in this subsection (b) to the contrary, effective for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, "Compensation" for the purpose described in this subsection shall include an Eligible Employee's elective deferrals under Code Section 402(g)(3), and amounts that pursuant to Code Sections 125 or 457 are contributed or deferred (at the Eligible Employee's election) and are not includable in the Eligible Employee's gross income in the tax year contributed or deferred. Notwithstanding any language in this subsection (b) to the contrary, effective for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, "Compensation" for the purpose described in this subsection shall include an Eligible Employee's elective deferrals under Code Section 402(g)(3), and amounts that pursuant to Code Sections 125 or 457 are contributed or deferred (at the Eligible Employee's election) and are not includable in the Eligible Employee's gross income in the tax year contributed or deferred. Notwithstanding any provision of this Plan to the contrary, the following sentence that includes the model language of Internal Revenue Service Notice 2001-37 shall apply on and after January 1, 2001. For Plan Years beginning on and after January 1, 2001, for purposes of applying the limitations described in Section 3.06, the top-heavy plan rules of Article 11, the Section 3.05(a) of "Compensation Percentage" and the Section 3.04(a) definition of "Actual Deferral Percentage," Compensation paid or made available during such Plan Years shall include elective amounts that are not includable in the gross income of the employee by reason of Code Section 132(f)(4).

- (c) The annual Compensation taken into account under the Plan for any Plan Year beginning on or after January 1, 1989, shall not exceed the maximum dollar amount (\$200,000 for the year beginning in 1989 and any other amount that applies for a later year, including the limit of \$150,000 that applies for the year beginning in 1994 and \$200,000 for the year beginning January 1, 2002) that is permitted as of the beginning of the year under Code Section 401(a)(17) (determined after giving effect to any statutory changes affecting Code Section 401(a)(17) and any indexing or other adjustments pursuant to Code Section 401(a)(17) that

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are applicable for the year of the determination). In the case of a short Plan Year or other period of less than 12 months requiring a reduction of the Code Section 401(a)(17) annual limit, the otherwise applicable limit shall be prorated by multiplying it by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of months in the short period and the denominator of which is 12. Moreover, effective January 1, 1987, to December 31, 1996, in determining an Employee's Compensation for purposes of the Code Section 401(a)(17) limit, the rules of Code Section 414(q)(6) (requiring the aggregation of Compensation paid to family members of certain Five Percent Owners and the ten most highly compensated Employees) shall apply, except that in applying such rules, the term "family" shall include only the Spouse of the Employee and any lineal descendants of the Employee who have not attained age 19 before the close of the year. If, as a result of the application of such rules, the adjusted annual Code Section 401(a)(17) Compensation limit is exceeded, then such limit shall be prorated among the affected individuals in proportion to each such individual's Compensation as determined prior to the application of the Code Section 401(a)(17) limit.

Effective for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, the aforesaid family aggregation rules shall no longer apply.

Deferral Account means the account maintained for a Participant that is: (a) Credited with Company contributions into the Plan attributable to the Participant's Deferrals under Section 3.01, (b) Adjusted for investment results, and (c) Adjusted for distributions and withdrawals.

Deferrals means an amount contributed to this Plan by the Company in lieu of being paid to a Participant as salary or wages. Deferrals will be made under salary reduction arrangements between each Eligible Employee and the Company. Section 3.01 contains the provisions under which Deferrals may be made. Deferrals consist of Matched Deferrals as described in Section 3.01(a) and Unmatched Deferrals, if any, as described in Section 3.01(b).

Effective Date means April 1, 1965. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the effective date of this restatement of the Plan shall be October 1, 2001, provided, however, that if a provision of this restatement of the Plan has a specific effective date other than October 1, 2001, the date so specified shall be the effective date of such provision.

Eligible Employee means any Employee who is employed by the Company and who (a) is not included in a unit of Employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement (as so determined by the Secretary of Labor) between Employee representatives and the Company if retirement benefits were the subject of good faith bargaining between such employee representatives and the Company unless such collective bargaining agreement expressly provides for the inclusion of such persons as Participants in the Plan, and (b) is not a non-resident alien individual described in Code Section 414(b)(3)(C) (a nonresident alien individual without income from performing services in the United States). Additionally, an individual who is not an Employee shall not be eligible to participate in the Plan even if such person is subsequently determined by a court of law or regulatory body to have been a common law Employee of the Company.

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Employee means any person who is employed by the Company and receives regular Compensation from the Company. The term "Employee" shall not include any person who is not recorded as being an employee on the payroll records of the Company including any such person who is subsequently reclassified by a court of law or regulatory body as a common law employee of the Company. Consistent with the foregoing and for purposes of clarification only, the term Employee does not include (a) a Code Section 414(n) leased employee, (b) a leased employee other than a Code Section 414(n) leased employee, or (c) any individual who performs services for the Employer as an independent contractor, or under any other non-employee classification, or through a temporary help firm, employee leasing firm, or professional employer organization.

Employee Stock Ownership Plan or ESOP means the portion of Participants(Deferral and Company Matching Contribution Accounts invested in the Southwest Gas Stock Fund and are designated as, and are intended to constitute, an employee stock ownership plan within the meaning of Code Section 4975(e)(7) and ERISA Section 407(d)(6).

Employer Securities means shares of Company Stock that meet the requirements of Code Section 409(l). For purposes of the Plan, as the context requires, this term also refers to and includes Company Stock.

Entry Date means the first day of the first full pay period after becoming eligible to participate in the Plan.

ERISA means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

Five Percent Owner means any person who owns (or is considered as owning within the meaning of Code Section 318) more than five percent (5%) of the outstanding stock of the Company or stock possessing more than five percent (5%) of the total combined voting power of all stock of the Company.

Frozen After Tax Account means the account maintained for a Participant which is: (a) credited with contributions attributable to the Participant's after-tax contributions under the terms of the Plan as it was constituted on December 31, 1984; (b) adjusted for distributions and withdrawals; and (c) adjusted for investment results. Effective January 1, 1985, Participant after-tax contributions shall not be allowed.

Hour of Service means an hour for which an Employee is directly or indirectly paid, or entitled to payment, by the Company for the performance of duties. These hours shall be credited to the Employee for the Plan Year in which the duties are performed. The computation of nonwork hours included in this definition will be computed in accordance with the provisions of Department of Labor Regulation Section 2530.200b-2.

Leased Employee means an individual that (a) is not an Employee, (b) provides services to the Company pursuant to an agreement between a leasing organization and the Company, (c) has performed services for the Company on a substantially full-time basis for a period of at least a year,

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(d) effective for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, provides services under the primary direction or control of the Company, and (e) effective for Plan Years beginning before January 1, 1997, provides services to the Company of a type historically performed by Employees in the Company's primary business field. Additionally, an individual who satisfies the requirements to be a "Leased Employee" shall not be considered to be an employee for Code nondiscrimination testing purposes if (a) he is covered by a money purchase plan of the leasing organization that provides (1) a nonintegrated employer contribution rate of at least 10 percent of compensation, as defined in Code Section 415(c)(3), but including amounts contributed pursuant to a salary reduction agreement which are excludable from his/her gross income under Code Sections 125, 402(g)(3), 402(h), or 403(b), (2) immediate participation, and (3) full and immediate vesting; and (b) Lease Employees do not constitute more than twenty percent (20%) of the Company's non-highly compensated workforce.

Normal Retirement Age means age sixty-five (65).

Normal Retirement Date means the first day of the month following attainment of Normal Retirement Age.

Participant means any former or current Eligible Employee whose Accounts have not been subsequently distributed and forfeited in full.

Period of Severance:

(a) "Period of Severance" means, for any Employee, the period beginning on the Employee's severance from Service date and ending on the date the Employee next completes an Hour of Service. An Employee's severance from Service date will occur on the earlier of:

- (i) The date on which the Employee quits, retires, is discharged, or dies, or
- (ii) The first anniversary of the first date of a period in which an Employee remains absent from Service (with or without pay) with the Company for any reason other than resignation, retirement, discharge, or death, such as vacation, holiday, sickness, disability, leave of absence, or layoff.

A one (1) year Period of Severance is a twelve (12) consecutive-month period beginning on the Employee's severance from Service date in which the Employee does not perform an Hour of Service. A Period of Severance shall be calculated in a manner that complies with the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1994.

(b) Subject to verification by the Committee, an Employee will be deemed not to have incurred a Period of Severance during the twenty-four (24) consecutive-month period that the Employee is first absent from employment by reason of:

- (i) The Employee's pregnancy;

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- (ii) Birth of a child of the Employee;
 - (iii) Placement of a child with the Employee in connection with the adoption of the child by the Employee; or
 - (iv) Caring for such child for a period beginning immediately following the birth or placement for adoption.

Permanently and Totally Disabled means a disability due to sickness or injury which the Committee determines whether a Participant is incapable of performing any Service for the Company for which he is qualified by education, training, or experience. Evidence of disability satisfactory to the Committee will be required.

Plan means the Plan designated as the Southwest Gas Corporation Employees' Investment Plan as described in this document and as it may be periodically amended.

Plan Year means the period beginning on January 1 and ending on December 31. The Plan Year will be the limitation year for purposes of Code Section 415 and Section 3.06 of the Plan.

Qualified Consent means a written consent executed by a Participant's Spouse in the presence of an authorized Plan representative or notary public which by its terms acknowledges the effect of the consent. Such consent must designate any non-Spouse Beneficiary(ies), any class of non-Spouse Beneficiaries, or any contingent Beneficiaries which may not be changed without a second Qualified Consent unless the first Qualified Consent permits the Participant to: (a) designate a different Beneficiary without the Spouse's consent; and (b) acknowledges that the Spouse has the right to limit consent to a specific Beneficiary. A Qualified Consent shall be valid only with respect to the Spouse who signs it.

Qualified Domestic Relations Order (QDRO) means any judgment, decree or order (including approval of a property settlement agreement), which relates to the provision of child support, alimony or marital property rights made pursuant to State domestic relations law (including community property law), which recognizes an Alternate Payee's right to, or assigns to an Alternate Payee the right to, all or a portion of the benefits otherwise receivable under this Plan and which specifies: (a) the name and last known address of the Participant and each Alternate Payee covered by the QDRO; (b) the amount or percentage of the Participant's benefits to be paid to each Alternate Payee, or the manner in which the amount or percentage is to be determined; and (c) the number of payments or period to which the QDRO applies. The QDRO may not require this Plan to provide increased benefits or any type or form of benefit or option not provided for in Article 7 or require payment of benefits required to be paid to another Alternate Payee by a previous QDRO.

Rollover Account means the account maintained for a Participant which is: (a) credited with any Article 3.08 rollover tendered to and accepted by the Trust; (b) adjusted for investment results; and (c) charged with distributions and (if allowed) withdrawals.

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Service means, with respect to any Employee, his period or periods of employment with an Affiliated Company that are counted as "Service" in accordance with the following rules:

- (a) Each Employee shall be credited with Service under the Plan for the period or periods during which such Employee maintains an employment relationship with the Affiliated Company. An Employee's employment relationship will commence on the date the Employee first renders one Hour of Service and ends on his severance from Service date. Service will also include the following periods:
 - (i) Periods of leave of absence with or without pay granted to the Employee by the Affiliated Company in a like and nondiscriminatory manner for any purpose including, but not limited to, sickness, accident, or military leave. Such Employee shall not be considered to have terminated employment during such leave of absence unless he fails to return to the employ of the Company at or prior to the expiration date of such leave, in which case he shall be deemed to have terminated as of the date of commencement of such leave.
 - (ii) Periods during which a person is Permanently and Totally Disabled. Such person shall not be considered to have terminated employment during such period of disability unless he fails to return to the employ of the Company at the expiration of such period, in which case he shall be deemed to have terminated as of his date of recovery.
 - (iii) The period of time between an Employee's severance from Service date by reason of a resignation, discharge, or retirement and his reemployment date, if the Employee returns to Service on or before such first anniversary date.
- (b) In the case of a person who incurs five (5) consecutive one (1) year Periods of Severance, whose whole years of Service prior to his severance are less than five (5) years, who is not Vested pursuant to Section 6.04 at the time he incurs such five (5) consecutive one (1) year Periods of Severance, but is then reemployed by the Company; his Service prior to such five (5) consecutive one (1) year Periods of Severance shall be forfeited and shall not be included in determining his Service under paragraph (a) above. Such person's Service at the time of a one (1) year Period of Severance shall not include any Service disregarded by virtue of the application of this subparagraph to any prior one (1) year Period of Severance.
- (c) Subject to (b) above, all periods of an Employee's Service, whether or not consecutive, will be aggregated. Service will be measured in elapsed years and fractions of years whereby each twelve (12) complete calendar months will constitute one year, each completed calendar month will constitute one-twelfth (1/12) of a year, and partial calendar months which when aggregated equal thirty (30) days will constitute one-twelfth (1/12) of a year.

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Spouse means the person to whom the Participant has been legally married throughout the one year period ending on the earlier of the date the Participant receives or begins to receive his benefit payment from the Plan, or the date of the Participant's death.

Total Vested Account Balance means the value of the Participant's Deferral Account, Frozen After Tax Account, and Rollover Account, as well as the Vested portion of his Company Matching Contributions Account.

Trust means one or more Trusts established pursuant to the Trust Agreement for purposes of funding the benefits of this Plan.

Trust Agreement means one or more Trust Agreements executed by the Company and provided for the administration of the Trust.

Trust Fund or Funds means the total amount of contributions made by the Participants and the Company together with the net earnings on them, that will be used to provide the benefits to Participants and their Beneficiaries under the Plan.

Trustee means the Trustee of the Trust and any successor Trustee as appointed in the Trust Agreement.

USERRA means the Uniform Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994.

Valuation Date means the close of business of each Business Day.

Valuation Period means daily.

Vested means nonforfeitable. The Vested portion of a Participant's Account is determined in accordance with the provisions of Article 6.

Voice Response System means a system of telephonic or other verbal or electronic communication with the Plan Trustee or record-keeper that has been approved by the Committee for the purpose of making certain elections under the Plan.

ARTICLE 2

PARTICIPATION

2.01 Eligibility to Become a Participant

(a) All Participants

Effective April 1, 1992, any Eligible Employee shall be eligible to participate in the Plan.

(b) Affiliated Company Employees

If a company other than Southwest Gas Corporation becomes an Affiliated Company after December 31, 1988, any employee of such company may elect to become an Eligible Employee as of the later of the employee's date of hire by such company or the date such company adopts the Plan in a manner acceptable to the Committee or the Board.

2.02 Participation in the Plan

An Eligible Employee shall become a Participant on the Entry Date coincident with or first following successful completion of enrollment through the Voice Response System, or in such other manner as is allowed by the Committee from time to time, authorizing the Company to withhold such contributions from his Compensation and to pay the same amount to the Trustee, designating the allocation of these contributions between the Investment Funds, and designating a Beneficiary.

2.03 Reemployment

If an Eligible Employee who met the eligibility requirements of Section 2.01 and whose employment has terminated is subsequently rehired as an Eligible Employee, he may elect to participate pursuant to Section 2.02 and shall, if administratively practicable, enter the Plan on the following Entry Date. A rehired Employee who had not met the eligibility requirements of Section 2.01 before his employment terminated will be eligible to enter the Plan on the first Entry Date after he satisfies the requirements of Section 2.01. If an Eligible Employee terminates employment and is rehired in the same Plan Year, he may elect to participate pursuant to Section 2.02 on the date he is rehired and shall, if administratively practicable, enter the Plan on the following Entry Date.

2.04 Employment After Normal Retirement Age

A Participant who continues in the employ of the Company after Normal Retirement Age will continue to be eligible to be a Participant.

ARTICLE 3

CONTRIBUTIONS

3.01 Contribution of Participant's Deferrals

(a) Matched Deferrals

Upon enrollment or reenrollment in the Plan, each Participant must elect to reduce his Compensation in a fixed whole percentage of not less than 2 percent and not more than 6 percent. The Company will make payments to the Plan within the time frame required by applicable laws and regulations of the amount of the reduction, to be credited to the Participant's Deferral Account. Amounts deferred under this subsection will be contributed as Matched Deferrals.

(b) Unmatched Deferrals.

Participant making Matched Deferrals at the maximum percentage rate may elect to further reduce his Compensation in a fixed whole percentage of not less than one percent (1%) and not more than fifty-four percent (54%) or the cash compensation payable to the Participant after all other applicable withholdings. The Company will make payments to the Plan within the time frame required by applicable laws and regulations of the amount of the reduction to be credited to the Participant's Deferral Account. Amounts deferred under this subsection will be contributed as Unmatched Deferrals.

(c) Change in Percentage or Suspension of Deferrals

A Participant's Deferral percentage will remain in effect until the Participant elects to change the percentage. A Participant may elect to change or suspend his Deferral percentage or resume all suspended Deferrals through the Voice Response System or in such other manner as is approved by the Committee from time to time. Changes to a Participant's Deferral election may be made on a daily basis and will be effective as soon as practicable thereafter, but in no event will such change become effective prior to the beginning of the Participant's next full pay period.

(d) Status of Deferrals

Participant Deferrals under this section will be made by payroll deductions authorized by the Participant and will be paid to the Plan by the Company. Participant Deferrals constitute Company contributions under the Plan and are intended to qualify as elective contributions under Code Section 401(k). Elective contributions invested by Participants in the Southwest Gas Stock Fund are also intended to qualify as contributions under the ESOP provisions of the Plan.

3.02 Company Matching Contributions

- (a) The Company will, on behalf of eligible Participants, contribute an amount which equals the sum of the amounts to be allocated to the Company Matching Contributions Account of each eligible Participant. The amount allocated to the Company Matching Contributions Account for each eligible Participant will equal fifty percent (50%) of the eligible Participant's Matched Deferrals plus forfeitures allocated under Section 3.07. The maximum Company Matching Contribution under this Plan equals three percent (3%) of a Participant's Compensation. For purposes of this Section 3.02(a), the term "eligible Participant" means any Participant other than a Participant who is an officer of the Company or who has been selected to participate in the Company's executive deferral plan.
- (b) Payment of Company Matching Contributions for a Plan Year ending in or with the Company's taxable year will be made at any time during such taxable year or after its close, but not later than the date, including extensions, on which the Company's federal income tax return is due with respect to such taxable year.
- (c) Each Company Matching Contribution will be a complete discharge of the financial obligations of the Company under the Plan with respect to the period for which it is made.
- (d) Company Matching Contributions invested in the Southwest Gas Stock Fund are also intended to qualify as contributions under the ESOP provisions of the Plan.

3.03 Maximum Amount of Participant Deferrals

- (a) Amount.

No Eligible Employee who is a Participant will be permitted to make Deferrals under this Plan or any other qualified plan maintained by the Company during any taxable year in excess of the dollar limitation contained in Code Section 402(g) in effect for such taxable years, except to the extent permitted under Section 3.03(b) of the Plan and Code Section 414(v), if applicable. The foregoing limit shall not apply to Deferrals of amounts attributable to service performed in 1986 and described in Section 1105(c)(5) of the Tax Reform Act of 1986.

- (b) Catch-Up Contributions

For Plan Years beginning after December 31, 2001, Participants who have attained age 50 before the close of the Plan Year shall (at such times and in such manner as is determined by the Committee with respect to all Participants eligible to make catch-up contributions) be eligible to make catch-up contributions in accordance with, and

subject to the limitations of Code Section 414(v). Such catch-up contributions shall not be taken into account for purposes of the provisions of the Plan implementing the required limitations of Code Sections 402(g) and 415.

- (c) Definitions. "Excess Deferrals" mean the amount by which:

- (i) The sum of: (A) a Participant's Deferrals under the Plan for a given calendar year; and (B) his Deferrals under any other Code Section 401(k) qualified plan, a simplified employee pension plan, a Code Section 501(c)(18) plan or a Code Section 403(b) annuity for such calendar year exceeds
- (ii) The sum of: (A) seven thousand dollars (\$7,000); and (B) the accumulated increments, if any, as of the last day of such calendar year, which have been added to the seven thousand dollars (\$7,000) for cost-of-living increases under Code Section 402(g).

- (d) Treatment of Excess Deferrals.

If a Participant has made Excess Deferrals, the following provisions shall apply:

- (i) In the event that a Participant (or the Company under the circumstances described in Treas. Reg. ' 1.402(g)-1(e)(2)) notifies the Committee in writing on or prior to March 1 of a given calendar year that: (A) he has Excess Deferrals included with his Deferrals under this Plan for the immediately preceding calendar year; and (B) the amount of such Excess Deferrals which are to be allocated to this Plan for such immediately preceding calendar year, the Committee shall direct the Trustee to make a single payment from the Trust Fund, adjusted for any applicable Trust Fund investment income or loss thereon, to the Participant by April 15 immediately following the calendar year in which the Excess Deferrals occurred.
- (ii) Excess Deferrals to be distributed under this Section 3.03 shall be adjusted to include any applicable Trust Fund investment income or loss thereon for the immediately preceding calendar year. The investment income or loss attributable to the Excess Deferrals for the immediately preceding calendar year shall be the sum of the income or loss allocable to the Participant's Deferral Account for the immediately preceding calendar year multiplied by a fraction: (A) the numerator of which is the Participant's Excess Deferrals; and (B) the denominator of which is the balance in the Participant's Deferral Account on the last day of the immediately preceding calendar year reduced by the income and increased by the loss allocable to said Deferral Account for the calendar year. The distribution shall reduce the Participant's Deferral Account as of the date it is distributed. The portion of a Participant's Excess Deferrals to be distributed in accordance with this Section 3.03 shall be

give such timely directions to the Trustee as the Committee, in its sole discretion, deems appropriate to carry out the provisions of this paragraph.

- (iii) Any Excess Deferrals which are distributed to the Participant as provided above shall not be included in the Participant's taxable income for purposes of federal income taxes for the calendar year in which the deferrals are distributed but shall be included in his taxable income for the calendar year in which the Excess Deferrals were made. Earnings and losses attributable to the distributed Excess Deferrals shall be included in the Participant's taxable income in the calendar year in which the deferrals are distributed.

3.04 Limitation on Deferrals

(a) Definitions.

For purposes of this Section 3.04, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (i) "Actual Deferral Percentage" means, with respect to Higher Compensated Employees and Lower Compensated Employees for a Plan Year, the average of the ratios (expressed as percentages), calculated separately for each Employee in the group applying to him or her and hereafter referred to as the "Actual Deferral Ratio," of the Employees' Deferrals for the Plan Year to the Employees' Compensation for the Plan Year. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a Higher Compensated Employee is eligible to participate in two (2) or more plans of the Employer which are subject to Code Section 401(k), the Actual Deferral Ratio for the Higher Compensated Employee will be determined by treating all such plans as a single plan. If a Higher Compensated Employee or a Lower Compensated Employee makes no pre-tax deposits during a Plan Year, the Employee's Actual Deferral Ratio will be zero for such Plan Year.

If during the Determination Year or Look-Back Year, an individual employed by the Employer is an Employee and is a Family Member of either a Five Percent Owner, or a Higher Compensated Employee who is one of the ten (10) most highly compensated Employees of the Company (ranked on the basis of Compensation paid by the Company during such year), the Actual Deferral Ratio for the Five Percent Owner or Higher Compensated Employee and such Family Member (who together shall be treated as one Higher

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Compensated Employee) shall be the ratio determined by combining the Deferrals and Compensation of all eligible Family Members.

Effective for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, the aforesaid family aggregation rules shall no longer apply.

Deferrals will be taken into account in determining a Participant's Actual Deferral Ratio for a Plan Year only if such contributions are: (a) allocated to the contributing Participant's applicable Plan account, as of a date within such year, i.e.: (b) are not contingent on the Participant's Plan participation or performance of future services subsequent to such date; (c) are actually paid to the Trust by the end of the twelfth (12th) month following the close of the Plan Year; and (d) relate to Compensation that either would have been received by the Participant in the Plan Year (but for being contributed as a Deferral to the Plan) or is attributable to services performed by the Participant in the Plan Year and would have been received by the Participant within two and one-half months after the close of the Plan Year (but for being contributed to the Plan as a Deferral).

- (ii) "Determination Year" means the Plan Year for which the determination of who are Higher Compensated Employees is being made.
- (iii) "Company" means, for purposes of this Section 3.04, the Company and other employers aggregated under Code Section 414(b), (c), (m) or (o).
- (iv) "Excess Contributions" mean the amount of Deferrals of Higher Compensated Employees made during the Plan Year that cause the Actual Deferral Percentage for the group to exceed the level of Deferrals allowed by Section 3.04(b).
- (v) "Excess Deferrals" mean the Deferrals defined in Section 3.03.
- (vi) "Family Member" means, with respect to any Higher Compensated Employee, the Higher Compensated Employee's Spouse and lineal ascendants or descendants and the spouses of such lineal ascendants or descendants. Legal adoption shall be taken into account in determining whether an individual is a Family Member.
- (vii) "Higher Compensated Employees" mean employees who in the Determination Year are eligible to participate in this Plan (including individuals who are eligible to participate in this Plan and who would be Higher Compensated Employees but elect not to participate) and who in the Determination Year or Look-Back Year:

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- (A) Were a Five Percent Owner;
 - (B) Received Compensation from the Company exceeding seventy five thousand dollars (\$75,000) (or such higher amount adjusted in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Treasury or his or her delegate under Code Section 414(q));
 - (C) Received Compensation from the Company exceeding fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) (or such higher amount adjusted in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Treasury or his or her delegate under Code Section 414(q)) and were in the Top Paid Group; or
 - (D) Were at any time an officer of the Company who received Compensation during such year exceeding fifty percent (50%) of the dollar limitation in effect for such year under Code Section 415(b)(1)(A). For purposes of this subparagraph (D), the number of officers shall be limited to fifty (50) Employees (or if lesser, the greater of three (3) Employees or ten percent (10%) of the combined total of Employees); and if for any year no officer of the Employer earns Compensation greater than the amount referred to in this subparagraph (D) the highest paid officer of the Company, if an Employee, shall be treated as a Higher Compensated Employee.

As an alternative to the above, if: (A) at all times during any Plan Year, the Company maintained significant business activities and employed employees in at least two (2) significantly separate geographic areas; and (B) the Company satisfies such other conditions as the Secretary of Treasury or his or her delegate may prescribe, then the Company may make the following election in determining whether an Employee is a Higher Compensated Employee

for such Plan Year: (A) item (vii)(B) above shall be applied by substituting fifty thousand dollars “(\$50,000)” (or such higher amount adjusted in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Treasury or his or her delegate under Code Section 414(q)) for seventy-five thousand dollars “(\$75,000)” and (B) item (vii)(C) above shall not apply.

Notwithstanding the above, an Employee who fits in item (vii)(B), (vii)(C), or (vii)(D) above in the Determination Year, but not in the Look-Back Year, will not be a Higher Compensated Employee unless: (A) he or she is a Five Percent Owner in the Determination Year or the Look-Back Year; or (B) he or she is one of the one hundred (100) highest paid Employees of the Employer during the Determination Year. “Higher Compensated Employees” also means any individuals who were Employees, separated from service with the Company before the Determination Year, and were Higher Compensated

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Employees in the Plan Year they separated from service with the Company or any Plan Year ending on or after they attained age fifty-five (55).

If an Employee is, during a Determination Year or Look-Back Year, a Family Member of either a Five Percent Owner who is an active or former Employee or a Higher Compensated Employee who is one of the ten (10) most highly compensated Higher Compensated Employees ranked on the basis of Compensation paid by the Company during such year, then the Family Member and the Five Percent Owner or top-ten Higher Compensated Employee shall be aggregated. In such case, the Family Member and Five Percent Owner or top-ten Higher Compensated Employee shall be treated as a single Employee receiving Compensation and Plan contributions or benefits equal to the sum of such Compensation and contributions or benefits of the Family Member and Five Percent Owner or top-ten Higher Compensated Employee.

The determination of who is a Higher Compensated Employee, including determinations of the number and identity of Employees in the Top-Paid Group, the top one hundred (100) Employees, the number of Employees treated as officers, and the Compensation that is considered, will be made in accordance with Code Section 414(q) and the regulations thereunder.

Notwithstanding any language to the contrary in this subsection, effective for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, the term “Higher Compensated Employees” shall for a given Determination Year mean solely Eligible Employees able to participate in the Plan during such Plan Year whether or not participating, and who:

- (A) are a Five Percent Owner during the Determination Year or Look Back Year; or
- (B) for the Look-Back Year, had compensation exceeding eighty thousand dollars (\$80,000) (this dollar amount shall be adjusted at the same time and in the same manner as under Code Section 415(d)) and (if the Company elects for the Look-Back Year immediately preceding the Determination Year in a manner consistent with guidance prescribed by the Internal Revenue Service; provided such guidance is issued) is in the Top Paid Group of Eligible Employees in the Look-Back Year. The Employer did not make a Top Paid Group election in Plan Years occurring during the period in 1997-2001.

In determining which Eligible Employees are Higher Compensated Employees for the first Plan Year after December 31, 1996, the family

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aggregation rules set forth in this subsection shall not be applied in such Plan Year or the preceding Plan Year.

- (viii) “Look-Back Year” means the twelve-month period immediately preceding the Determination Year.
- (ix) “Lower Compensated Employees” mean Employees who in the Determination Year are eligible to participate in the Plan (including individuals who are eligible to participate in this Plan and who would be Lower Compensated Employees but elect not to participate) and who are not Higher Compensated Employees.
- (x) “Top Paid Group” means the top twenty percent (20%) of the Employees ranked on the basis of Compensation during the year; provided, however, that Employees described in Code Section 414(q)(8) and Q&A 9(b) of Temporary Treasury Regulation Section 1.414 (q)-1T are excluded in the manner provided therein.

(b) 401(k) Nondiscrimination Test.

Each Plan Year the annual allocation derived from a Participant’s Deferrals shall satisfy one of the following tests or any other test which might be prescribed under Code Section 401(k):

- (i) The Actual Deferral Percentage for Higher Compensated Employees shall not exceed the Actual Deferral Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees multiplied by 1.25; or
- (ii) The Actual Deferral Percentage for Higher Compensated Employees shall not exceed 2 multiplied by the Actual Deferral Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees; and the excess for the Actual Deferral Percentage for Higher Compensated Employees over the Actual Deferral Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees shall not exceed 2 percentage points.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subsection, effective for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, the Actual Deferral Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees that shall, except as provided in the following sentence, be used in applying the tests set forth in this subsection for a Determination Year shall be the Actual Deferral Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees in the Determination Year. The Company may elect (in a manner consistent with guidance prescribed by the Internal Revenue Service; provided such guidance is issued) to use, when applying the tests set forth in this subsection, the Actual Deferral Percentage of Lower Compensated Employees in the Look-Back Year instead of the Determination Year. In the Plan Years beginning January 1, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000 and 2001, the

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Company elected to utilize the Actual Deferral Percentage of Lower Compensated Employees for the Determination Year.

(c) Treatment of Excess Contributions.

If the limits in Section 3.04(b) are exceeded in any Plan Year, the following provisions shall apply:

- (i) Notwithstanding any provisions of this Plan to the contrary, if the Committee determines that a Higher Compensated Employee's Deferrals for any Plan Year will cause this Plan to fail to meet the nondiscrimination test of Section 3.04(b), the Committee, in its sole discretion, may reduce (or suspend, if necessary) the rate of future Deferrals of the Higher Compensated Employee.

The Committee shall make the reduction on a uniform basis. It shall first apply to Higher Compensated Employees then contributing the highest rate of Section 3.01 unmatched Deferrals and then to Higher Compensated Employees then contributing the next highest rate of Section 3.01 unmatched Deferrals and so on, in descending order, from the highest rate. If the reduction of Section 3.01 unmatched Deferrals is not sufficient, then the reduction shall apply to Higher Compensated Employees then contributing the highest rate of Section 3.01 matched Deferrals and then to Higher Compensated Employees then contributing the next highest rate of Section 3.01 matched Deferrals and so on, in descending order from the highest rate. The Committee shall establish such rules as the Committee, in its sole discretion, deems appropriate to carry out the provisions of this paragraph.

For the purposes of this subsection, the phrases "rate of Section 3.01 Unmatched Deferrals" and "rate of Section 3.01 Matched Deferrals" shall, for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, refer to the dollar amount of such Deferrals. In Plan Years beginning prior to January 1, 1997, the phrase "rate of Section 3.01 Unmatched Deferrals" shall refer to the ratio of a Higher Compensated Employee's Unmatched Deferrals to Compensation and the phrase "rate of Section 3.01 Matched Deferrals" shall refer to the ratio of a Higher Compensated Employee's Matched Deferrals to Compensation.

- (ii) In the event that the Deferrals allocated to Higher Compensated Employees for any Plan Year result in Excess Contributions, the Committee shall direct the Trustee to distribute the Excess Contributions, adjusted for any applicable Trust Fund investment income or loss thereon, to the affected Higher Compensated Employees by March 15 following the Plan Year in which the Excess Contributions occurred but in no event later than the close of the Plan Year following the Plan Year in which the Excess Contributions occurred. To determine the portion of the Excess Contributions to be distributed to each Higher Compensated Employee, the Committee shall

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direct the Trustee to distribute the Deferrals allocated to Higher Compensated Employees for the Plan Year in which the Excess Contributions occurred to the extent necessary to prevent the Actual Deferral Percentage for the group of Higher Compensated Employees from exceeding the permissible Actual Deferral Percentage for the group.

The Committee shall direct the Trustee to make the distribution on a uniform basis. It shall first be made with respect to Higher Compensated Employees with the highest Actual Deferral Ratio for the Plan Year and then with respect to Higher Compensated Employees with the next highest Actual Deferral Ratio for the Plan Year and so on, in descending order from the highest rate until the test in Section 3.04(b) is satisfied.

For the purposes of this subsection, the phrase "Actual Deferral Ratio" shall for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, refer to the dollar amount of such Deferrals and for Plan Years beginning before January 1, 1997, shall mean the Actual Deferral Ratio of a Higher Compensated Employee.

The portion of the Excess Contributions applicable to each Higher Compensated Employee shall be distributed to the Higher Compensated Employee in a single payment. The portion of each Higher Compensated Employee's Excess Contributions that is to be distributed in accordance with this Section 3.04 shall be reduced by any Excess Deferrals previously distributed to the Higher Compensated Employee with respect to the same Plan Year under Section 3.03.

- (iii) Excess Contributions to be distributed under this Section 3.04 with respect to a Higher Compensated Employee shall be adjusted to include any applicable Trust Fund investment income or loss on such contributions in the immediately preceding calendar year. The investment income or loss attributable to the Higher Compensated Employee's Excess Contributions for the immediately preceding Plan Year shall be determined by multiplying the income or loss attributable to the Higher Compensated Employee's Deferrals in such year by a fraction having as its numerator the Employee's Excess Contributions for such year and having as its denominator the sum of: (A) the balance in the Higher Compensated Employee's Deferral Account at the beginning of the immediately preceding Plan Year, plus (B) the Higher Compensated Employee's Deferrals for such Plan Year. The distribution shall reduce the Participant's Deferral Account as of the date it is distributed. The Committee shall establish such rules and give such timely directions to the Trustee as the Committee, in its sole discretion, deems appropriate to carry out the provisions of this paragraph.

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In the case of a Higher Compensated Employee whose Actual Deferral Ratio is determined under the family aggregation rules, the determination of the amount of Excess Contributions shall be made by combining the Deferrals and Compensation of all Family Members, the Excess Contributions shall be reduced in accordance with the method described in subparagraphs (c)(I-iii) above and the Excess Contributions for the family unit shall be allocated among the Family Members in proportion to the Deferrals of each Family Member that have been combined to determine the Actual Deferral Ratio. Effective for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, the aforesaid family aggregation rules shall no longer apply.

3.05 Limitation on Company Matching Contributions

(a) Definitions.

For purposes of this Section 3.05, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (i) "Aggregate Limit" means the greater of:
- (A) the sum of:
- (1) one hundred twenty five percent (125%) of the greater of: (a) the Actual Deferral Percentage of Lower Compensated Employees for such Plan Year; or (b) the Contribution Percentage of Lower Compensated Employees for such Plan Year; and
- (2) two (2) percentage points plus the lesser of (A)(1)(a) or (A)(1)(b); provided, however, that this amount shall not exceed two

hundred percent (200%) of the lesser of (A)(1)(a) or (A)(1)(b);

or

(B) the sum of:

- (1) one hundred twenty five percent (125%) of the lesser of: (a) the Actual Deferral Percentage of the Lower Compensated Employees for such Plan Year; or (b) the Contribution Percentage of the Lower Compensated Employees for the Plan Year; and

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- (2) two (2) percentage points plus the greater of (B)(1)(a) or (B)(1)(b); provided, however, in no event shall this amount exceed two hundred percent (200%) of the greater of (B)(1)(a) or (B)(1)(b).

- (ii) "Contribution Percentage" means, with respect to Higher Compensated Employees and Lower Compensated Employees for a Plan Year, the average of the ratios (expressed as percentages), calculated separately for each Employee in the group applying to him and hereinafter referred to as "Contribution Percentage Ratio," of the Company Section 3.02 matching contributions on behalf of the Employee (and Deferrals, if the Company makes a Section 3.05(d) election) for the Plan Year to the Employee's Compensation for the Plan Year. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a Higher Compensated Employee is eligible to participate in two (2) or more plans of the Company which are subject to Code Section 401(m), the Contribution Percentage Ratio for the Higher Compensated Employee will be determined by treating all such plans as a single plan.

If, during the Determination Year or Look-Back Year, an individual employed by the Company is an Employee and is a Family Member of either a Five Percent Owner, or a Higher Compensated Employee who is one of the ten (10) most Highly Compensated Employees of the Company (ranked on the basis of Compensation paid by the Company during such year), the Contribution Percentage Ratio for the Five Percent Owner or Higher Compensated Employee and such Family Member (who together shall be treated as one Higher Compensated Employee) must be determined by combining the Company Section 3.02 matching contributions, (and Deferrals, if the Company makes a Section 3.05(d) election) and Compensation of all Family Members. Except to the extent taken into account in the immediately preceding sentence, the Company Section 3.02 matching contributions, (and Deferrals, if the Company makes a Section 3.05(d) election) and Compensation of all Family Members are disregarded in determining the Contribution Percentage for the groups of Higher Compensated Employees and Lower Compensated Employees. Effective for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, the aforesaid family aggregation rules shall no longer apply.

The Company's Section 3.02 matching contribution will be taken into account in determining a Participant's Contribution Percentage Ratio for a Plan Year only if such contribution is made on account of the Participant's Deferrals for the Plan Year, is (under the terms of the Plan) allocated to the Participant's applicable account as of a date within that year, and is actually paid to the Trust by no later than the twelfth (12th) month following the close of that year. Qualified matching contributions which are used to meet the

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requirements of Code Section 401(k)(3)(A) are not to be taken into account for purposes of Section 3.05(a).

- (iii) "Determination Year" means the Determination Year defined in Section 3.04.
- (iv) "Company" means, for purposes of this Section 3.05, the Company defined in Section 3.04.
- (v) "Excess Aggregate Contributions" mean the amount of the Company Section 3.02 matching contributions on behalf of Higher Compensated Employees (and Deferrals of Higher Compensated Employees, if the Company makes a Section 3.05(d) election) for a Plan Year that causes the Contribution Percentage for the group to exceed the limits allowed by Sections 3.05(b) and (if applicable) 3.05(c).
- (vi) "Excess Contributions" mean the contributions defined in Section 3.04.
- (vii) "Excess Deferrals" mean the Deferrals defined in Section 3.03.
- (viii) "Family Member" means the Family Member defined in Section 3.04.
- (ix) "Higher Compensated Employees" mean the Higher Compensated Employees defined in Section 3.04.
- (x) "Look-Back Year" means the Look-Back Year defined in Section 3.04.
- (xi) "Lower Compensated Employees" mean the Lower Compensated Employees defined in Section 3.04.

(b) 401(m) Nondiscrimination Test.

Each Plan Year the Company Section 3.02 matching contributions on behalf of Participants (and Deferrals, if the Company makes a Section 3.05(d) election) shall satisfy one of the following tests or any other test which might be prescribed under Code Section 401(m):

- (i) The Contribution Percentage for Higher Compensated Employees shall not exceed the Contribution Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees multiplied by 1.25; or
- (ii) The Contribution Percentage for Higher Compensated Employees shall not exceed 2 multiplied by the Contribution Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees; and the excess of the Contribution Percentage for Higher Compensated Employees over the Contribution Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees shall not exceed 2 percentage points.

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Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subsection, effective for the Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, the Compensation Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees that shall, except as provided in the following sentence, be used in applying the tests set forth in this subsection for a Determination Year shall be the Compensation Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees in the Determination Year. The Company may elect (in a manner consistent with guidance prescribed by the Internal Revenue Service; provided such guidance is issued) to use, when applying the tests set forth in this subsection, the Compensation Percentage of Lower Compensated Employees in the Look-Back Year rather than that of the Determination Year. Pursuant to the two foregoing sentences, in the Plan Years beginning January 1, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000 and 2001, the Company elected to utilize the ACP of Lower Compensated Employees in the Determination Year.

(c) Multiple Use.

For Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1988, if the sum of all Higher Compensated Employees' Actual Deferral Percentage and Contribution Percentage exceeds the Aggregate Limit, then the Contribution Percentage of Higher Compensated Employees shall be reduced in the manner set forth in Section 3.05(e) so that the Aggregate Limit is not exceeded. The Actual Deferral Percentage and the Contribution Percentage of Higher Compensated Employees are determined after any corrections required to meet the tests set forth in Sections 3.04(b), 3.05(b) and (if applicable) 3.05(c). Multiple use does not occur if both the Actual Deferral Percentage and the Contribution Percentage of Higher Compensated Employees do not exceed 1.25 multiplied by the Actual Deferral Percentage and the Contribution Percentage of Lower Compensated Employees.

The multiple use test described in Treasury Regulation section 1.401(m)-2 and in this subsection shall not apply for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 2001.

(d) Company Election

In computing the Contribution Percentage, the Company, in accordance with Treasury Regulation Section 1.401(m)-1(b)(5), may, to the extent allowed by such regulation, elect to use Deferrals in determining the Contribution Percentage. The Committee shall establish such rules and give such directions to the Trustee as shall be appropriate to carry out Section 3.05(c).

(e) Treatment of Excess Aggregate Contributions.

If the limits in Sections 3.05(b) and (if applicable) 3.05(c) are exceeded in any Plan Year, the following provisions shall apply:

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- (i) In the event that the Company Section 3.02 matching contributions (and Deferrals, if the Company makes a section 3.05(d) election) allocated to Higher Compensated Employees for any Plan Year result in Excess Aggregate Contributions, the Committee shall direct the Trustee to distribute the Excess Aggregate Contributions, adjusted for any applicable Trust Fund investment income or loss thereon, to the Higher Compensated Employees with the highest Contribution Percentage, if they are Vested in the amounts, by March 15 following the Plan Year in which the Excess Aggregate Contributions occurred but in no event later than the close of the Plan Year following the Plan Year in which the Excess Aggregate Contributions occurred. If the affected Higher Compensated Employees are not Vested in such amounts, the Committee shall direct the Trustee to treat the nonvested portion of the Excess Aggregate Contributions as a forfeiture (allocable to the Plan Year in which the Excess Aggregate Contributions occurred) and allocate them according to the rules in Section 6; provided, however, that no amount of the forfeited Excess Aggregate Contributions shall be allocated to a Higher Compensated Employee whose share of Company Section 3.02 matching contributions (and Deferrals, if the Company makes a Section 3.05(d) election) is adjusted under this Section 3.05.

To determine the portion of the Excess Aggregate Contributions to be distributed to, or forfeited by, each Higher Compensated Employee, the Committee shall direct the Trustee to distribute, or cause to be forfeited, the Company Section 3.02 matching contributions (and Deferrals, if the Company makes a Section 3.05(d) election) allocated to the Higher Compensated Employee for the Plan Year in which the Excess Aggregate Contributions occurred to the extent necessary to prevent the Contribution Percentage for the group of Higher Compensated Employees from exceeding the permissible Contribution Percentage for the group.

The Committee shall direct the Trustee to make the distribution, or cause the forfeiture to be made, on a uniform basis. It shall first be made with respect to the Higher Compensated Employee with the highest Contribution Percentage for the Plan Year and then with respect to the Higher Compensated Employee with the next highest Contribution Percentage for the Plan Year and so on, in descending order from the highest rate until the tests in Section 3.05(b) and (if applicable) 3.05(c) are satisfied. For the purpose of this subparagraph, the phrase "Contribution Percentage" shall for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, refer to the dollar amount of contributions that are considered in determining a Participant's Contribution Percentage, and for Plan Years beginning before January 1, 1997, shall mean a Participant's Contribution Percentage Ratio.

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The portion of the Vested Excess Aggregate Contributions applicable to each Higher Compensated Employee shall be distributed to the Higher Compensated Employee in a single payment. If the Company has elected under Section 3.05(d) to count Deferrals in the determination of Excess Aggregate Contributions, the portion of the Excess Aggregate Contributions applicable to each Higher Compensated Employee that is to be distributed or forfeited in accordance with this Section 3.05 shall be reduced by any Excess Deferrals and Excess Contributions previously distributed to the Higher Compensated Employee with respect to the same Plan Year under Sections 3.03 and 3.04.

- (ii) Excess Aggregate Contributions to be distributed or forfeited under this Section 3.05 with respect to a Higher Compensated Employee shall be adjusted to include any applicable Trust Fund investment income or loss thereon. The investment income or loss attributable to the Higher Compensated Employee's Excess Aggregate Contributions for the immediately preceding Plan Year, shall be the income or loss allocable to the Higher Compensated Employee's Company Matching Contributions Account, (and Deferral Account, if the Company makes a Section 3.05(d) election) to the extent there is a distribution or forfeiture attributable to said Accounts multiplied by a fraction: (A) the numerator of which is the Higher Compensated Employee's Excess Aggregate Contributions for the immediately preceding Plan Year; and (B) the denominator of which is the sum of: (i) the balance in such accounts at the beginning of the immediately preceding Plan Year; plus (ii) the Company Section 3.02 Matching Contributions and, if applicable, the Participant's Deferrals if the Company makes a Section 3.05(d) election, for such Plan Year. The distribution

or forfeiture shall reduce the Participant's Company Matching Contribution Account, (and Deferral Account, if the Company makes a Section 3.05(d) election) as of the date it is distributed or forfeited, to the extent there is a distribution or forfeiture attributable to said Accounts. The Committee shall establish such rules and give such timely directions to the Trustee as the Committee, in its sole discretion, deems appropriate to carry out the provisions of this paragraph.

- (iii) If the Higher Compensated Employee's Compensation Percentage Ratio is determined by combining the Company Section 3.02 matching contributions, (and Deferrals, if the Company makes a Section 3.05(d) election) and Compensation of all Family Members, the Excess Aggregate Contributions shall be reduced in accordance with the method described in subparagraphs (e)(i) through (e)(ii) above and the Excess Aggregate Contributions for the family unit shall be allocated among the Family Members in proportion to the Company Section 3.02 matching contributions (and Deferrals, if the Company makes a Section 3.05(d) election) of each Family Member that are

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combined to determine the Contribution Percentage Ratio. Effective for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, the aforesaid family aggregation rules shall no longer apply.

3.06 Limitation on Annual Additions

(a) Basic Limitation

Notwithstanding any provisions of this Plan to the contrary, the Annual Additions allocated to any Participant's Accounts for a Plan Year will not exceed the lesser of (i) twenty-five percent (25%) of the Participant's Compensation paid in such year, or (ii) \$30,000, or, if greater, twenty-five percent (25%) of the dollar limitation in effect under Code Section 415(c)(1)(A) as adjusted by Code Section 415(d).

For purposes of this Section, "Annual Additions" means the total amount of Company Matching Contributions, Participant Deferrals, Participant after-tax contributions, if any, and forfeitures, if any, allocated to the Participant's Accounts during the Plan Year.

For Plan Years beginning before January 1, 2002, and notwithstanding any provision of this Plan to the contrary, the Annual Additions allocated to any Participant(s) Accounts for a Plan Year will not exceed the lesser of (i) twenty-five percent (25%) of the Participant(s) Compensation paid in such years, or (ii) \$30,000, or, if greater, twenty-five percent (25%) of the dollar limitation in effect under Code Section 415(c)(1)(A) as adjusted by Code Section 415(d).

For Plan Years beginning after December 31, 2001, and notwithstanding any provisions of this Plan to the contrary (except to the extent permitted under Section 3.03(b) of the Plan and Code Section 414(v)), the Annual Additions that may be contributed or allocated to any Participant(s) Accounts for a Plan Year will not exceed the lesser of (i) \$40,000, as adjusted for increases in the cost-of-living under Code Section 415(d), or (ii) one-hundred percent (100%) of the Participant(s) Compensation, within the meaning of Code Section 415(c)(3) within such years.

The one-hundred percent (100%) Compensation limit referred to herein shall not apply to any contribution for medical benefits after separation from service (within the meaning of Code Sections 401(h) or 419A(f)(2)) which is otherwise treated as an annual addition.

For purposes of this Section, "Annual Additions" means the total amount of Company Matching Contributions, Participant Deferrals, Participant after-tax contributions, if any, and forfeitures, if any, allocated to the Participant(s) Accounts during the Plan Year, without regard to any rollover contribution as delineated in Code Section 415(c)(2).

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(b) Participation in Other Defined Contribution Plans

The limitation of this Section 3.06 with respect to any Participant who at any time has participated in any other qualified defined contribution plan (as defined in ERISA Section 3(34) and Code Section 414(I)) maintained by an Affiliated Company will apply as if the total contributions allocated under all such defined contribution plans in which the Participant has participated were allocated under one Plan.

(c) Participation in this Plan and Defined Benefit Plan

If a Participant has been a Participant in a qualified defined benefit plan (as defined in ERISA Section 3(35) and Code Section 414(j)) maintained by an Affiliated Company, the sum of the Participant's Defined Benefit Plan Fraction and Defined Contribution Plan Fraction for any year will not exceed 1. For purposes of this subsection (c) only, the following words and phrases have the meanings specified below:

- (i) "Defined Benefit Plan Fraction" for any Plan Year means a fraction where the numerator is the Participant's Projected Annual Benefit, as defined below, as of the end of the year and the denominator is the lesser of one and twenty-five hundredths multiplied by the dollar limitation in effect under Code Section 415(b)(1)(A) for such Plan Year or one and four-tenths multiplied by 100 percent of the Participant's average annual Compensation for the highest 3 consecutive calendar Years of Participation.
- (ii) "Defined Contribution Plan Fraction" for any Plan Year means a fraction, not to exceed one, where the numerator is the sum of all Annual Additions made on behalf of the Participant to his Accounts in such Plan Year and for all previous Plan Years, and the denominator is the sum of the lesser of (A) or (B) determined for such Plan Year and for each previous Plan Year during which the Participant was employed by the Affiliated Company:
- (A) One and twenty-five hundredths multiplied by the dollar limitation in effect under Code Section 415(c)(1)(A) for such Plan Year.
- (B) One and four-tenths multiplied by twenty-five percent of the Participant's Compensation in such Plan Year.
- (iii) "Participant's Projected Annual Benefit" means the annual benefit to which the Participant would be entitled under all Affiliated Company-sponsored defined benefit plans, assuming the Participant continues employment until Normal Retirement Date; the Participant's Compensation continues until Normal Retirement Date at the rate in effect during the current calendar year;

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and all other factors relevant for determining benefits under the Plan remain constant at the level in effect during the current calendar year.

In the event that the Participant's Defined Benefit Plan Fraction and Defined Contribution Plan Fraction for any Plan Year exceed one, adjustments will be made by first reducing the amount in the numerator of the Defined Benefit Plan Fraction, to the extent possible, and then by reducing the amount in the numerator of the Defined Contribution Plan Fraction.

Effective for Plan Years beginning after 1999, the provisions of this subsection (c) shall no longer apply.

(d) Treatment of Excess Annual Additions

If as a result of an allocation of forfeitures, a reasonable error in estimating a Participant's Compensation, a reasonable error in determining a Participant's Deferrals, or other facts and circumstances that the Internal Revenue Service finds justifies the availability of this Section 3.06(d), the Annual Additions allocated to a Participant's Accounts for any Plan Year exceed the limitation in Section 3.06(a), the following provisions shall apply:

- (i) First, amounts attributable to the Participant's Unmatched Deferrals, and if necessary, his Matched Deferrals, will be reduced. Such amounts will be returned to the Company employing the Participant, solely for the purpose of enabling the Company to withhold any federal, state, or local taxes due on such amounts. The Company will pay all remaining amounts to the Participant.
- (ii) Second, the Company Matching Contribution allocated to the Participant's Company Matching Contributions Account will be reduced. The amount of the reduction will be allocated and reallocated to other Participants who have made deferrals in such year.
- (iii) If, however, the reallocation to other Participants in the Plan pursuant to subparagraph (ii) above of the excess amounts (and net earnings attributable to the excess amounts) causes the limitation contained in Section 3.06(a) to be exceeded with respect to every Participant for the Plan Year, the Committee shall direct the Trustee to hold the excess amounts unallocated in a suspense account for the Plan Year and to allocate and reallocate the excess amounts during the next Plan Year (subject to the limitation set forth in Section 3.06(a)) to all the Participants in the Plan in such Plan Year, before any Company Section 3.02 matching contributions or Section 6 forfeitures may be made to the Plan for that Plan Year. If a suspense account is in existence at any time during a Plan Year, investment gains or losses of the Trust Fund will not be allocated to the suspense account.

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- (iv) The excess amounts that are to be distributed to, or forfeited by, each Participant in accordance with this Section 3.06 shall be reduced by any Excess Deferrals, Excess Contributions and Excess Aggregate Contributions previously distributed to the Participant with respect to the same Plan Year under Sections 3.03, 3.04, and 3.05.

- (e) The determination of the limitation on Annual Additions described in this Section 3.06 will be made considering the Employees of all Affiliated Companies as employed by a single employer. Such determination will be made assuming the phrase, "more than fifty percent" is substituted for the phrase "at least eighty percent" each place it appears in Code Section 1563(a)(1).

3.07 Allocation of Forfeitures

Amounts forfeited pursuant to Section 6.05 will, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, be allocated quarterly, to Participants who are active or suspended as of the last day of the calendar quarter for which the forfeitures are being allocated. Such forfeitures will be allocated to the Company Matching Contributions Account of such Participants by the fifteenth (15th) of the month following each quarter end. The amount to be allocated, if administratively practicable, will bear the same ratio to the total forfeitures for such calendar quarter as the Participant(s) Company Matching Contributions for the calendar quarter bear to the Company Matching Contributions of all Participants for the calendar quarter.

3.08 Rollover Contributions

Effective January 1, 1993, the Committee shall decide whether to accept a transfer of assets from a Code Section 401(a)(31) eligible retirement plan with respect to a person who is or is about to become a Participant in this Plan, provided the transfer of such assets to this Plan qualifies as a direct or sixty (60) day rollover of a Code Section 401(a)(31)(C) eligible rollover distribution.

After December 31, 2001, the Committee shall decide whether to accept rollover distributions from Code Sections 401(a) and 403(a) qualified plans, Code Section 403(b) annuity contracts, and Code Section 457(b) eligible plans maintained by a state, political subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or a political subdivision of a state with respect to a person who is or is about to become a Participant in this Plan, provided the transfer of such assets to this Plan qualifies as a direct or sixty (60) day rollover under the provisions of Code Section 401(a)(31).

The Committee shall require the Participant to provide reasonable evidence that any such amount meets the above requirements. Failure of the Participant to provide such evidence will preclude the Plan's acceptance of any such amount. Furthermore the Plan shall not be required to accept any transfer from another qualified plan.

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The Committee may establish other uniform rules and procedures, consistent with the requirements of the Code and this Section 3.08, concerning the acceptance of rollover contributions, including rules that limit or prohibit wire transfers and other payments that are made directly to this Plan from another Plan in lieu of having the Participant receive a check payable to this Plan's Trustee for delivery to a Plan representative who is authorized to receive rollover contributions.

3.09 Employer Error

If the Company makes an incorrect Section 3.02 matching contribution on behalf of a Participant as a result of an error by the Company, then, notwithstanding Section 3.02, the Company shall increase or decrease Section 3.02 matching contributions to the Participant's Company Matching Contributions Account within a reasonable time after discovery of the error to the extent necessary, and allowed by law, to correct the error as long as the Section 3.02 matching contributions when averaged over the Plan Year equal the amount of contributions required under Section 3.02. The Section 3.02 matching contributions shall be adjusted for earnings or losses which would have

accrued to the Participant's Company Matching Contributions Account if the correct Section 3.02 matching contribution had been made. Alternatively, the Company may recover from the Trust Fund a Section 3.02 matching contribution made as a result of a mistake of fact if the requirements of the Trust are satisfied.

If the Company makes an incorrect Deferral on behalf of Participant as a result of an error by the Company, then, notwithstanding the percentage limitations set forth in Section 3.01, the Participant may elect to increase or decrease his or her Deferrals to the extent necessary to correct the error as long as his or her Deferrals when averaged over the Plan Year do not exceed the percentage limitations set forth in Sections 3.01. The Deferrals made pursuant to this Section 3.09 shall not be adjusted for earnings or losses which would have accrued to the Participant's Accounts if the correct deposit had been made.

If the Company makes an incorrect Section 3.07 forfeiture allocation on behalf of a Participant as a result of an error by the Company, then, notwithstanding Section 3.07, the Company shall increase or decrease Section 3.07 forfeiture allocation to the Participant's Company Matching Contributions Account within a reasonable time after discovery of the error to the extent necessary, and allowed by law, to correct the error. The Section 3.07 forfeiture allocation shall be adjusted for earnings or losses which would have accrued to the Participant's Company Matching Contributions Account if the correct Section 3.07 forfeiture allocation had been made. Alternatively, the Company may recover from the Trust Fund a Section 3.07 forfeiture allocation made as a result of a mistake of fact if the requirements of the Trust are satisfied.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, any Deferrals and Company Section 3.02 matching contributions made pursuant to this Section 3.09 shall be subject to the limitations set forth in Sections 3.03, 3.04, 3.05, and 3.06. Furthermore, any Company Section 3.07 forfeiture

allocation made pursuant to this Section 3.09 shall be subject to the limitations set forth in Section 3.06.

3.10 Inclusion of Ineligible Employee

If, in any Plan Year, a non Eligible Employee is erroneously included as a Participant in the Plan and discovery of such erroneous inclusion is not made until after a Deferral for the Plan Year has been made, the Company may, if allowed by law, recover the Deferral, and any earnings thereon, from the Trust Fund and refund it to such Employee, when a distributable event under Code Section 401(k) occurs. The Company may recover a Section 3.02 matching contribution or a Section 3.07 forfeiture allocation from the Trust Fund if and only if the requirements of the Trust are satisfied.

ARTICLE 4

INVESTMENT OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND VALUATION OF ACCOUNTS

4.01 Participants' Accounts

The Committee will establish and maintain in the name of each Participant a Company Matching Contributions Account, a Deferral Account, a Frozen After Tax Account, and a Rollover Account. A Participant's Accounts will be credited with contributions and forfeitures, charged with withdrawals and distributions, and adjusted for investment results as determined under the Plan and otherwise as set forth in the Plan.

4.02 Investment Funds

Upon enrollment or reenrollment, each Participant will have his Accounts invested in the Trust Fund. The Trust Fund will consist of those Investment Funds described in Schedule A attached to this Plan and incorporated as part of the Plan. Each Participant will have the right upon enrollment, reenrollment, and during participation, to elect the Investment Fund(s) under which future contributions to his Deferral Account, Rollover Account and Frozen After Tax Account will be invested, by making such election through the Voice Response System or in such other manner as is allowed by the Committee from time to time. The election will include the percentage, subject to the restrictions in Schedule A, of future contributions to be invested in each Investment Fund, with the total of the percentages equal to one hundred percent (100%). Such election for future contributions will be effective as soon as administratively practicable on or after the Business Day such election is received by the Voice Response System or by the Committee and/or its designee if the Committee creates an alternative method of making such elections.

In addition, each Participant will also have the right to have all or any part of his Deferral Account, Rollover Account or Frozen After Tax Account transferred among and between the Investment Fund(s), subject to the restrictions set forth in Schedule A, by making such election through the Voice Response System. Transfers in a Participant's Accounts will take place as soon as administratively practicable on or after the Business Day such election is received by the Voice Response System. The Committee may create alternative rules allowing for such transfers.

Except for Participant Deferrals invested in Employer Securities and as provided in Section 4.03 below, the Committee will exercise voting, tender, and other rights with respect to the Investment Funds.

4.03 Investment of Company Matching Contributions and Voting of Company Stock

All Company Matching Contributions shall be primarily invested in the Southwest Gas Stock Fund, and shall be a part of the Employee Stock Ownership Plan. Such contributions shall be based on the fair market value of the Company Stock at the time contributed by the Company or purchased by the Trustee from the Company, in the open market, or in privately negotiated transactions. However, upon reaching age fifty (50), a Participant may elect the Investment Fund(s) in which the present balance of his Company Matching Contributions Account, as well as all future contributions to his Company Matching Contributions Account, will be invested, using the procedures and following the timing for a transfer of a Participant's Account set forth above in Section 4.02.

This Plan may acquire and hold qualifying securities of the Company. If all or part of a Participant's Company Matching Contribution Account or other accounts is invested in Employer Securities, such Participant shall be entitled to the voting rights based on the value of such stock in his Account. The Trustee will vote the Company Stock that is not voted by Participants in the same ratio that the stock is voted by the Participants who exercised their voting rights. The Committee, in a nondiscriminatory manner, will make any other necessary decisions arising out of the acquisition or holding of Employer Securities.

4.04 Allocation of Investment Income on a Valuation Date

All determinations of a Participant's Account balances shall be based on the value as of the last available or coincident Valuation Date. Accounts are debited and credited on the actual date of a transaction. Dividends and interest are posted on the date declared. Realized gains and losses are debited or credited at the time of the transaction

(i.e., exchanges, withdrawals).

4.05 Limitation on Participant Investment Instructions

Notwithstanding anything else in this Plan to the contrary, the Committee will, unless in its discretion it determines otherwise, decline to carry out a Participant's investment instructions if such instructions:

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- * Would result in a prohibited transaction described in ERISA Section 406 or Code Section 4975;
- * Would generate income that would be taxable to the Plan;
- * Would not be in accordance with the Plan;
- * Would cause a fiduciary to maintain the indicia of ownership of any Plan assets outside the jurisdiction of the district courts of the United States other than as permitted by ERISA Section 404(b) and 29 CFR 2550.404b-1;
- * Would jeopardize the Plan's tax qualified status under the Code; or
- * Could result in a loss in excess of a Participant's or Beneficiary's account balance.

Furthermore, notwithstanding any language in this Plan to the contrary, the Committee may establish any and all rules and regulations it deems necessary to provide and allow for a change in Plan record keeper, and/or Trustee, or a change in Investment Funds, as determined by the Committee, that are available to Plan Participants. Such rules and regulations may include, but not be limited to, limits or prohibitions, during specified time periods, on the availability of Participant enrollments, withdrawals, distributions, loans, rollover contributions, Investment Fund transfers, and/or changes in Deferral elections.

ARTICLE 5

WITHDRAWALS, LOANS AND QUALIFIED DOMESTIC RELATIONS ORDERS

5.01 Withdrawal of Frozen After Tax Contributions

Through the Voice Response System, a Participant may withdraw, in cash, from his Frozen After Tax Account a minimum of five hundred dollars (\$500) or one hundred percent (100%) of the value of his Frozen After Tax Account, if less, as of the date of the request. Only Participants who are ERISA Section 3(14) parties in interest can request and receive such withdrawal. Withdrawals from a Participant's Frozen After Tax Account will be first withdrawn from pre-1987 voluntary contributions and the remainder thereafter from pre-1987 earnings and post-1986 earnings.

Withdrawals will be processed as soon as administratively practicable on or after the Business Day the request for withdrawal is received by the Voice Response System. A Participant will be permitted to make such a withdrawal once in any twelve (12) month period.

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5.02 Withdrawal of Company Matching Contributions

Through the Voice Response System, a Participant may withdraw, in a cash lump sum distribution, or Section 7.03 eligible rollover distribution, from his Company Matching Contributions Account a minimum of five hundred dollars (\$500) or one hundred percent (100%) of the value of his Company Matching Contributions Account, if less, as of the date of the request. Only Participants who are ERISA Section 3(14) parties in interest can request and receive such withdrawal. A Participant will be permitted to make such a withdrawal only if he has previously withdrawn all amounts available to him in accordance with section 5.01 and only if his Company Matching Contributions Account is one hundred percent (100%) vested. A Participant will be permitted to make such a withdrawal once in any twelve (12) month period.

5.03 Loans to Participants

- (a) A Participant may request, and if eligible, receive a loan through the Voice Response System. Only Participants who are ERISA Section 3(14) parties in interest can request and receive a Plan loan.
- (b) The loan request will be reviewed to comply with the provisions of the Plan and ERISA and according to a uniform nondiscriminatory policy for approval of loan applications (which policy may be changed from time to time as the Committee may deem appropriate and will supersede the terms of this Section 5.03, if inconsistent therewith). A Participant will only be able to borrow from his Deferral Account. The loan request must be for an amount at least equal to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and shall not, when added to the outstanding balance of all other loans from the Plan to the Participant, exceed the lesser of:
 - (i) \$50,000, reduced by the excess (if any) of (1) the highest outstanding balance of loans from the Plan (and any qualified plan of the Company or an Affiliated Company) during the 12 months ending on the day before the date on which the loan was made over (2) the outstanding balance of loans from the Plan (and any qualified plan of the Company or an Affiliated Company) on the date on which the loan was made, or
 - (ii) one-half the value of the Vested portion of the Participant's Accounts.
- (c) The Participant shall pledge no more than one-half (2) of the value of the then Vested portion of his Plan Accounts as security for the repayment of the loan.
- (d) The Participant's endorsement on the loan check shall evidence his obligation to repay his loan from the Plan.

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- (e) With respect to any loan, the Participant shall execute a consent to the repayment of his loan by withholding payroll and the Company shall pay to Trustee the withheld amount.
- (f) Installment payments on a Plan loan shall be made not less frequently than as payroll is paid to the borrowing Participant, and in all circumstances not less frequently than quarterly, in installments of principal and interest.
- (g) No Plan loan shall extend over a period greater than five (5) years.
- (h) Interest shall be charged on any Plan loan at a rate equaling two percent (2%) plus the prime rate of interest. The prime rate of interest shall be the prime rate published in the Wall Street Journal, updated on the last Business Day of the last quarter prior to the making of the loan.
- (i) In the event the Participant fails to repay all or any portion of Plan loan or loans when the same become due and payable, the loan shall be in default and the Trustee may (in addition to any other legal remedies the Trustee may have) when a distribution event occurs, deduct the unpaid amount of such loan, plus accrued interest thereon, from the Vested portion of the Participant's Plan Accounts.
- (j) A Participant shall receive a Plan loan only if he satisfies all applicable requirements of this Section 5.03.
- (k) The Trustee shall send legally required truth-in-lending disclosures with all loans issued.
- (l) If a Participant requests and is granted a loan, a loan check will be generated directly from the Participant's Accounts. Except for Participants that are subject to the provisions of Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, Participants will not be permitted to specify the Investment Funds from which the loan is disbursed.
- (m) Principal and interest payments on a Participant's loan will be deposited directly to the Participant's Accounts and invested in the Investment Funds selected pursuant to Section 4.02 above.
- (n) A Participant may only have one loan of the type described in subparagraph (b) above outstanding at any one time.
- (o) A Participant may prepay the entire outstanding loan balance in respect to any loan at any time without penalty.

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- (p) If the Trustee determines that a financing statement, or any other document, should be filed under the Uniform Commercial Code the Trustee shall make such filing.

5.04 Hardship Withdrawals

- (a) Hardship Withdrawal Administrative Rules.

Subject to the approval of the Committee, a Participant may be permitted to withdraw from the Participant's Deferral Account to meet the financial hardship. Only Participants who are ERISA Section 3(14) parties in interest can request and receive such withdrawal. The withdrawal will be divided among the Investment Funds in the same proportion as the Participant's Deferral Account is invested in the Investment Funds. A Participant may not withdraw any interest earned on his Deferral Account. The Committee shall establish rules for determining the value of the Participant's Deferral Account when a hardship withdrawal is requested.

- (b) Hardship Withdrawal Conditions to be Met.

The Committee will determine, in a nondiscriminatory manner, and in accordance with applicable Treasury Regulations, whether a Participant has a financial hardship. A distribution may be made on account of financial hardship if the distribution is necessary in light of immediate and heavy financial need of the Participant and if such distribution is necessary to satisfy the need.

- (i) A distribution will be deemed to be on account of "immediate and heavy financial need" if it is required for:
 - (A) Code Section 213(d) medical expenses previously incurred by the Participant, the Participant's Spouse, or the Participant's Code Section 152 dependents or necessary for these persons to obtain Code Section 213(d) medical care;
 - (B) The purchase (excluding mortgage payments), but not the construction, repair, remodeling, refinancing, or leasing of the Participant's principal residence;
 - (C) The payment of tuition and related educational fees for the next twelve (12) months of post-secondary education for the Participant, the Participant's Spouse, or the Participant's children or other Code Section 152 dependents;
 - (D) The need to prevent the eviction of the Participant from his or her principal residence or the foreclosure of the mortgage on the Participant's principal residence; or

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- (E) Such other events that the Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service specifies, through the publication of revenue rulings, notices, and other documents of general availability, as giving rise to a deemed immediate and heavy financial need.
 - (ii) The withdrawal described in subparagraph (I) must:

- (A) Be in an amount not exceeding the amount of the need arising under subparagraph (I); the amount of an immediate and heavy financial need may include any amounts necessary to pay federal, state, or local income taxes or penalties reasonably anticipated to result from the distribution;
 - (B) Not be made until the Participant has obtained all withdrawals (including the election to receive dividends under Article 14), other than hardship withdrawals, and all nontaxable loans (determined at the time of the loan) that are currently available under all qualified and nonqualified plans of the Company;
 - (C) Result in the Participant being suspended from making Deferrals to this Plan, and all other qualified and nonqualified plans of deferred compensation maintained by the Company, for one year beginning on the date the Participant receives a hardship withdrawal, if prior to January 1, 2002, and for six (6) months if such withdrawal occurs after December 31, 2001; and
 - (D) Result in the reduction of the Participant's maximum Deferrals to this Plan (and all other plans maintained by the Company), for the Participant's tax year immediately following the tax year in which the Participant receives a withdrawal under this Section 5.04, to an amount not in excess of the Code Section 402(g) limit for such following tax year less the amount of the Participant's Deferrals for the tax year in which the Participant receives the hardship withdrawal.
- (iii) Time of Distribution.

A hardship withdrawal application and procedures will be sent to the Participant as soon as practicable on or after the business day in which the request is received through the Voice Response System. If the application is not received and approved within thirty (30) days from the date of request, the Participant will be required to reactivate his request for a withdrawal through the Voice Response System. Distribution will be in a single cash payment; provided, however, if all or part of the distribution is a Section 7.03

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Eligible Rollover Distribution, the distribution shall be made in one of the three following forms that the Participant must elect among:

- (A) A single cash payment;
- (B) If allowed by Section 7.03, a direct rollover of the Eligible Rollover Distribution; or
- (C) If allowed by Section 7.03, a partial cash payment and a direct rollover of the remainder of the eligible rollover distribution.

Effective January 1, 1994, if a distribution is one to which Code Sections 401(a)(11) and 417 do not apply, such distribution may commence less than thirty (30) days after the notice required under Treasury Regulation Section 1.411(a)-11(c) is given, provided that:

- (A) The Committee clearly informs the Participant that the Participant has a right to a period of at least thirty (30) days after receiving the notice to consider the decision of whether or not to elect a distribution (and, if applicable, a particular distribution option); and
- (B) The Participant, after receiving the notice, affirmatively elects a distribution.

(iv) Administrative Burden.

A withdrawal by a Participant shall not impose undue administrative burden upon the Company, the Trustee or the Committee, or in any way adverse the rights or interests of other Participants. Undue administrative burden will be subject to review and determination by the Committee. A Participant shall not be permitted to make up any amounts withdrawn.

5.05 Qualified Domestic Relations Order

(a) Period of Determination.

Pending its determination of whether a domestic relations order (DRO) is a Qualified Domestic Relations Order, the Committee shall in its discretion direct the Trustee to ban any loans or withdrawals from the Participant(s) Plan Accounts, and to separately account for the amounts which would have been payable to the Alternate Payee during the determination period (described below) if the DRO had been determined to be a Qualified Domestic Relations Order. Once the DRO is deemed to be a Qualified Domestic Relations Order, the Committee shall direct the Trustee to segregate the amount payable to the Alternate Payee into a separate account. The law

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provides an 18-month period from the date on which the DRO requires the first payment to the Alternate Payee for the Committee to determine if the DRO is a Qualified Domestic Relations Order. If the Committee determines that the DRO is not a Qualified Domestic Relations Order or if the issue is not resolved within the 18-month period, the Committee shall direct the Trustee to pay the separate account, adjusted for earnings and losses thereon, to the person who would have been entitled to the amounts if there were no DRO. Any determination that a DRO is a Qualified Domestic Relations Order made after the close of the 18-month period shall be applied prospectively only.

- (b) Payment. An Alternate Payee's interest in the Vested amount in a Participant(s) Accounts, to the extent possible, shall be segregated into a separate subaccount and distributed in a lump sum or, if all or part of the distribution is a Section 7.03 Eligible Rollover Distribution and a direct rollover is allowed by Section 7.03, a direct rollover at the time specified in the Qualified Domestic Relations Order even when the order requires payment to be made to the Alternate Payee before the Participant(s) earliest retirement age as defined in Code Section 414(p)(4). Other matters, including the allocation of future Deferrals, Company Matching Contributions, forfeitures and Trust Fund earnings or losses to the segregated subaccount, shall be governed by the procedures adopted by the Committee hereunder and by the terms of the Qualified Domestic Relations Order; provided, however, that the Participant(s) Accounts, including any segregated subaccount, shall not receive a greater or lesser aggregate allocation than if the segregated subaccount had not been established. If the Committee makes a decision under this Section 5.05 which affects a Participant(s) or Alternate Payee(s) Accounts, the Committee shall notify the Trustee, the affected Participant and the Alternate Payee.

VESTING OF RETIREMENT DISABILITY, DEATH,
AND TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

6.01 Vesting Due to Attainment of Normal Retirement Age and Normal Retirement Benefits

The Company Matching Contributions Account of a Participant will become, if it has not already done so, one hundred percent (100%) Vested on the date the Participant attains his Normal Retirement Age. A Participant is always fully Vested in his Deferral Account, Frozen After Tax Account, and Rollover Account. A Participant's retirement benefit shall be the amount credited to his Accounts as of the Valuation Date preceding distribution of such benefit plus Section 3 contributions to such Accounts on behalf of the Participant after such Valuation Date.

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6.02 Vesting Due to Disability and Disability Benefits

The Company Matching Contributions Account of a Participant whose employment with the Company is terminated because he is Permanently and Totally Disabled will become, if it has not already done so, one hundred percent (100%) Vested on the date the Participant's employment terminates due to the Participant becoming Permanently and Totally Disabled. A Participant is always fully Vested in his Deferral Account, Frozen After Tax Account, and Rollover Account. A Participant's disability benefit shall be the amount credited to his Accounts as of the Valuation Date preceding distribution of such benefit plus Section 3 contributions to such Accounts on behalf of the Participant after such Valuation Date.

6.03 Vesting Due to Death and Death Benefits

The Company Matching Contributions Account of a Participant whose employment with the Company is terminated due to death will become, if it has not already done so, one hundred percent (100%) Vested on the Participant's date of death. A Participant is always fully Vested in his Deferral Account, Frozen After Tax Account, and Rollover Account. A Participant's death benefit shall be the amount credited to his Accounts as of the Valuation Date preceding distribution of such benefit plus Section 3 contributions to such Accounts on behalf of the Participant after such Valuation Date.

6.04 Vesting upon Termination of Employment and Termination of Employment Benefits

(a) The benefit payable under the Plan in the case of a Participant whose employment with the Company is terminated for any reason other than described in Sections 6.01, 6.02, or 6.03 will be equal to the sum of (I) the Vested value of his Accounts on the Valuation Date immediately preceding payment of such benefits, and (ii) Article 3 subsequent contributions to the Accounts on behalf of the Participant. The Vested value of a Participant's Accounts will be equal to:

- (i) The Participant's Deferral Account value; plus
- (ii) The Participant's Frozen After Tax Account value; plus
- (iii) The Participant's Rollover Account value; plus

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(iv) Subject to Section 14.03 below, the Vested portion of a Participant(s) Company Matching Contributions Account determined as follows:

<u>Years of Service</u>	<u>Vested Percentage</u>
Less than 1	0%
1	20%
2	40%
3	60%
4	80%
5 and over	100%

For purposes of Section 6.04, the term "Year of Service" is a whole year of Service which is twelve (12) months of Service (thirty (30) days is deemed to be a month in the case of the aggregation of fractional amounts).

6.05 Forfeitures

The non-Vested portion of a Participant(s) Company Matching Contributions Account, if any, will be forfeited upon the earlier to occur of (a) the date the Participant incurs his fifth consecutive one (1) year Period of Severance or (b) the date that the Vested portion of the Participant(s) Company Matching Contributions Account is paid out according to the following paragraph. If the Participant is zero percent vested in such account he shall be deemed to have received a distribution of such vested account balance on the date he terminated employment with the Company.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan to the contrary, any such forfeitures will be applied first to reinstate the forfeited portions of Company Matching Contributions Accounts of rehired Participants and lost and missing Participants and Beneficiaries as described in subsections 6.06(a) and 12.06. If the amount of forfeitures available is insufficient to reinstate the Accounts required to be reinstated for certain rehired Participants, the Company will make an additional contribution in an amount required to reinstate such Accounts fully.

If, upon Participant(s) termination of employment, the Vested amount in his Participant(s) Accounts does not exceed \$5,000 (or any other amount as may be established, by regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury, as the maximum amount that may be paid out in such event without the Participant(s) consent), the Committee shall direct the

Trustee to immediately, or as soon as administratively practicable, distribute the Accounts, but no later than the close of the second Plan Year following the Plan Year in which the Participant(s) termination of employment occurred, the then Vested amount in such Accounts to the Participant. Effective January 1, 2002, the determination as to whether the Vested amount in a Participant(s) Accounts does not exceed \$5,000 shall be made without regard to that portion of the Account Balance that is attributable to rollover contributions (and earnings allocable thereto) within the meaning of Code Sections 402(c), 403(b)(8), 408(d)(3)(A)(ii), and 457(e)(16). If the then Vested amount in a Participant(s) Accounts exceeds \$5,000, without regard to such rollover

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contributions, the Participant may request, through the Voice Response System, a distribution of the entire Vested amount of such Accounts. The Trustee shall distribute the Accounts as soon as administratively practicable, but no later than the close of the second Plan Year following the Plan Year in which the Participant(s) termination of employment occurred. Investment income will continue to be allocated pursuant to Section 4.04 above to the earlier of the Business Day of or the first Business Day after the request for distribution is made.

6.06 Reinstatement of Forfeited Accounts

- (a) With respect to the Participant who receives a distribution pursuant to Article 6.05 and whose Termination Date occurs before he is one hundred percent Vested in his Company Matching Contributions Account, the Participant may repay to the Plan the full amount distributed to him from such Account; provided, however, that the repayment must occur before the earlier of: (a) the date five (5) years after the date he is subsequently re-employed by the Company, or (b) the day the Participant incurs his fifth (5th) consecutive one (1) year Period of Severance commencing after the date of the distribution. After such repayment, the balance in the Participant's Company Matching Contributions Account shall be adjusted to the value of the balance in his Company Matching Contributions Account on the date the repaid distribution was originally made to the Participant. The difference between the amount repaid by the Participant and the balance in his Company Matching Contributions Account on the date the repaid distribution was originally made shall be funded by all unallocated forfeitures incurred in the Plan Year of repayment to the extent necessary to reinstate the Participant's Company Matching Contributions Account in full, and to the extent such forfeitures are inadequate, by additional Company contributions.
- (b) With respect to a Participant who terminates employment without being one hundred percent vested in his Company Matching Contributions Account and who is reemployed after incurring five (5) consecutive one (1) year Periods of Severance, Years of Service subsequent to his reemployment will not increase the Vested percentage of the amount in his Company Matching Contributions Account as of such prior termination of employment.

ARTICLE 7

DISTRIBUTION OF BENEFITS

7.01 Form of Distribution

Amounts distributable pursuant to Article 6 will be distributed as follows:

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- (a) If any Investment Fund is invested in whole or in part in common stock of the Company, distributions from such Investment Fund will be made in full shares of common stock of the Company plus cash in lieu of any fractional share. Upon written application to the Committee a Participant or, if applicable, his Beneficiary may request a single sum payment entirely in cash.
 - (b) Distribution from other Investment Funds will be made in a single sum payment in cash.

7.02 Timing of Distributions

- (a) Prior to January 1, 1998 the following rule shall apply:

Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) below, distributions under the Plan pursuant to Article 6 will begin as soon as practicable, but not later than sixty (60) days following the later of the end of the Plan Year in which the Participant attains age sixty-five (65) or terminates employment. If a Participant is rehired by the Company before his benefit is distributed by the Trustee, such Participant will not be entitled to receive the distribution until he again terminates his employment with the Company.

Effective January 1, 1998, the following rule shall apply:

Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) below, distributions pursuant to Article 6 of the Plan will begin as soon as practicable, but not later than April 1 following the end of the Plan Year in which the Participant attains age seventy and one-half (70 1/2) or terminates employment (effective January 1, 2002, terminates employment includes severance from employment), if later. If a Participant is rehired by the Company before his benefit is distributed by the Trustee and subject to the provisions of subsection (c) below, such Participant will not be entitled to receive the distribution until he again terminates his employment with the Company.

- (b) If the Vested value of the Participant(s) Accounts exceeds \$3,500 dollars (\$5,000 effective October 1, 1998) (or any other amount as may, by regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury, be established as the maximum amount that may be paid out in such event without the Participant(s) consent), the Participant may request, through the Voice Response System, a distribution commencing before he attains age sixty five (65). If a Participant postpones his distribution to age sixty five (65), he will continue to share in the allocation of investment income pursuant to Section 4.04 up to the earlier of his Normal Retirement Age or as soon as administratively practicable on or after the Business Day on which his request to receive his nonforfeitable Accounts is received through the Voice Response System. Effective January 1, 2002, the determination as to whether the Vested amount in a Participant(s) Accounts does not exceed \$5,000 shall be made without regard to that portion of the

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Account Balance that is attributable to rollover contributions (and earnings allocable thereto) within the meaning of Code Sections 402(c), 403(b)(8), 408(d)(3) (A)(ii), and 457(e)(16).

(c) Prior to January 1, 1998, the following rules shall apply:

- (i) An Eligible Employee who is a Participant and who has attained his Normal Retirement Age may elect through the Voice Response System to defer receipt of his distribution to a date not later than April 1 following the Plan Year in which the Participant attains age 70-1/2. However, a Participant who elects to defer receipt of benefits may not do so to the extent that he is creating a death benefit that is more than incidental.
- (ii) Effective for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, a Participant other than a Five Percent Owner may defer receipt of his distribution to April 1 of the Plan Year following the later of (i) the calendar year the Participant attains 70 2 or (ii) the calendar year in which the Participant retires. A Participant other than a Five Percent Owner, who has not retired from Service with the Company, and who is currently receiving Plan distributions, may, effective in the first Plan Year beginning after December 31, 1996, request a cessation of such distributions until April 1 of the Plan Year following his retirement.

Effective January 1, 1998, A Participant who is a Five Percent Owner may only defer receipt of his distribution to April 1 following the end of the Plan Year in which the Participant attains age seventy and one-half (70 2), regardless of his employment status with the Company. A Participant other than a Five Percent Owner, who has not retired from Service with the Company, and who is currently receiving Plan distributions, may, effective in the first Plan Year beginning after December 31, 1996, request a cessation of such distributions until April 1 of the Plan Year following his retirement.

(d) The benefit payable to a Beneficiary will be paid no later than five (5) years after the Participant's death.

(e) Notwithstanding anything in this Plan to the contrary, all Plan distributions shall be determined and made in accordance with Code Section 401(a)(9) and the Treasury Regulations thereunder including the minimum distribution incidental benefit requirement of Treasury Regulation Section 1.401(a)(9)-2. Furthermore, notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan to the contrary, with respect to distributions under the Plan made for calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2002, the following language from the Code Section 401(a)(9) model amendment contained in Internal Revenue Service Announcement 2001-18 shall apply: "The Plan will apply the minimum distribution requirements of Code Section 401(a)(9) in

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accordance with the regulations under section 401(a)(9) that were proposed on January 17, 2001, notwithstanding any provision of the Plan to the contrary. This change shall continue in effect until the end of the last calendar year beginning before the effective date of final regulations under Code Section 401(a)(9) or such other date as may be specified in guidance published by the Internal Revenue Service."

7.03 Eligible Rollover Distributions

Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan to the contrary that would otherwise limit a distributee's election under this Article 7, effective for distributions made on or after January 1, 1993, a distributee may elect, at the time and in the manner prescribed by the Committee, to have any portion of an eligible rollover distribution paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee in a direct rollover. For purposes of this Section, the following definitions shall apply.

An "eligible rollover distribution" shall, effective January 1, 2000, mean a distribution described in Code Section 402(c)(4). Prior to January 1, 2000, the term "eligible rollover distribution" shall mean any distribution of all or any portion of the balance to the credit of the distributee, except that an "eligible rollover distribution" does not include: any distribution that is one of a series of substantially equal periodic payments (not less frequently than annually) made for the life (or life expectancy) of the distributee and the distributee(s) designated Beneficiary, or for a specified period of ten years or more; any distribution to the extent such distribution is required under Code Section 401(a)(9); and the portion of any distribution that is not includable in gross income (determined without regard to the exclusion for net unrealized appreciation with respect to employer securities); and provided further that the determination of what constitutes an "eligible rollover distribution" shall at all time be made in accordance with the current rules of Code Section 402(c), which shall be controlling for this purpose. After December 31, 2001, the term "eligible rollover distribution" shall include after-tax employee contributions which are not includible in gross income (provided, that such contributions may be transferred only to an individual retirement account or annuity described in Code Sections 408(a) or (b), or a qualified defined contribution plan described in Code Sections 401(a) or 403(a) that agrees to separately account for amounts so transferred, including separately accounting for the portion of such distribution which is includible in gross income and the portion of such distribution which is not so includable); and exclude any amount that is distributed on account of hardship, as provided for in Section 5.04 of the Plan, shall not be an eligible rollover distribution and the distributee may not elect to have any portion of such a distribution paid directly to an eligible retirement plan.

An "eligible retirement plan" is an individual retirement account described in Section 408(a), an individual retirement annuity described in Code Section 408(b), an annuity plan described in Code Section 403(a) or a qualified Trust described in Code Section 401(a) that accepts the distributee(s) eligible rollover distribution. After December 31, 2001, an "eligible retirement plan" shall also include an annuity contract described in Code Section 403(b) and an eligible

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plan under Code Section 457(b) (which is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state and which agrees to separately account of amounts so transferred). However, in the case of an eligible rollover distribution to the surviving Spouse, an "eligible retirement plan" is an individual retirement account or individual retirement annuity. After December 31, 2001, the definition of "eligible retirement plan" shall also apply in the case of a distribution to a surviving Spouse, or to a Spouse or former Spouse who is the alternate payee under a qualified domestic relation order, as defined in Code Section 414(p).

A "distributee" includes a Participant or former Participant. In addition, the Participant's or former Participant's surviving Spouse and the Participant's or former Participant's Spouse or former Spouse who is the Alternate Payee under a Qualified Domestic Relations Order are distributed with regard to the interest of the Spouse or former Spouse.

A "direct rollover" is a payment by the Plan to the eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee.

In prescribing the manner of making elections with respect to eligible rollover distributions, as described above, the Committee may provide for the uniform, nondiscriminatory application of any restrictions permitted under applicable Sections of the Code and related rules and regulations, including a requirement that a distributee may not elect a partial direct rollover in an amount less than \$500 and a requirement that a distributee may not elect to make a direct rollover from a single eligible rollover distribution to more than one eligible retirement plan. Moreover, if a distribution is one to which Sections 401(a)(11) and 417 of the Code do not apply, such distribution may commence less than 30 days after the notice required under Section 1.411(a)-11(c) of the Income Tax Regulations is given, provided that:

(a) The Trustee clearly informs the Participant that the Participant has a right to a period of at least thirty (30) days after receiving the notice to consider the

decision of whether or not to elect a distribution (and, if applicable, a particular distribution option), and

- (b) The Participant, after receiving the notice, affirmatively elects a distribution through the Voice Response System.

ARTICLE 8

PLAN ADMINISTRATION

8.01 Appointment of Committee

The Plan shall be administered by a Committee appointed by the President of the Company, subject to the approval of the Board. The Committee shall be composed of no more than five

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and no fewer than three members who shall hold office at the pleasure of the Board. Such members may, but need not, be Employees. Any person appointed a member of the Committee shall, at the request of the Company(s President, signify acceptance by filing a written acceptance with the Secretary of the Committee. Any member of the Committee may resign by delivering a written resignation to the President of the Company and the Secretary of the Committee. Such resignation shall be effective no earlier than the date of the written notice. If a member of the Committee is an Employee of the Company, he shall be deemed to have resigned upon his termination of employment with the Company. The Board or the President of the Company, may remove one or more members of the Committee at any time.

8.02 Powers and Duties

The Committee will have full power to administer the Plan and shall determine questions of interpretation or policy. The Committee's construction or determination shall be final and binding on all parties. The Committee may correct any defect, supply any omission, or reconcile any inconsistency in the manner and to the extent deemed necessary or advisable to carry out the purpose of this Plan. The Committee shall have all powers necessary or appropriate to accomplish the Committee's duties under this Plan. The Committee is the named fiduciary within the meaning of Section 402(a) of ERISA for purposes of Plan administration. The Committee's powers and duties, unless properly delegated, will include, but will not be limited to:

- (a) Allocating fiduciary responsibilities, other than Trustee responsibilities as defined in ERISA Section 405(c), among the named fiduciaries and to designate one or more other persons to carry out fiduciary responsibilities.
- (b) Designating agents to carry out responsibilities relating to the Plan, other than fiduciary responsibilities.
- (c) Deciding factual and nonfactual questions relating to eligibility, Service, and amounts of benefits.
- (d) Deciding disputes that may arise with regard to the rights of Employees, Participants and their legal representatives, or Beneficiaries under the terms of the Plan. Decisions by the Committee will be deemed final in each case.
- (e) Obtaining information from the Company with respect to its Employees as necessary to determine the rights and benefits of Participants under the Plan. The Committee may rely conclusively on such information furnished by the Company.
- (f) Compiling and maintaining all records necessary for the Plan.
- (g) Authorizing the Trustee to make payment of all benefits as they become payable under the Plan.

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- (h) Engaging such legal, administrative, consulting, actuarial, investment, accounting, and other professional services as the Committee deems proper.
 - (i) Adopting rules and regulations for the administration of the Plan that are not inconsistent with the Plan. The Committee may, in a nondiscriminatory manner, waive the timing requirements of any notice or other requirements described in the Plan. Any such waiver will not obligate the Committee to waive any subsequent timing or other requirements for other Participants.
 - (j) Performing other actions provided for in other parts of this Plan.
 - (k) Upon receipt of a domestic relations order, notifying the Participant and the Alternate Payee (which notice shall include this Plan's procedure for determining whether the order is a Qualified Domestic Relations Order) of the receipt of the order; and within a reasonable time, determining whether the order constitutes a Qualified Domestic Relations Order by: (a) personal review of the order; (b) receipt of an opinion of counsel; (c) seeking judicial interpretation and determination; or (d) any combination or all of the foregoing; and, upon said determination, communicating its decision in writing to the Participant, the Alternate Payee, and if the decision affects a Participant's or Alternate Payee's Accounts, the Trustee, as soon as practicable.

8.03 Actions by the Committee

A majority of the members composing the Committee at any time will constitute a quorum. The Committee may act at a meeting, or in writing without a meeting, by the vote or assent of a majority of its members. The Committee will elect one of its members as Chairperson and may elect a Secretary who may, but need not, be a member of the Committee. The Secretary will record all action taken by the Committee. The Committee will have authority to designate in writing one of its members or any other person as the person authorized to execute papers and perform other ministerial duties on behalf of the Committee.

8.04 Interested Committee Members

No member of the Committee will participate in an action of the Committee on a matter which applies solely to that member. Such matters will be determined by a majority of the remainder of the Committee.

8.05 Investment Manager

The Committee, by action reflected in its minutes, may appoint one or more investment managers, as defined in Section 3(38) of ERISA, to manage all or a portion of the assets of the Plan or to select Investment Funds. An investment manager will discharge its duties in accordance with applicable law and in particular in accordance with Section 404(a)(1) of ERISA. An investment manager, when appointed, will have full power to either manage the

assets of the Plan for which it has responsibility or to select Investment Funds, and neither the Company nor the Committee will thereafter have responsibility for the management of such assets or, if applicable, selecting Investment Funds.

8.06 Indemnification

The Company, by this adoption, indemnifies and holds the members of the Committee, jointly and severally, harmless from the effects and consequences of their acts, omissions, and conduct in their official capacities, except to the extent that the effects and consequences result from their own willful misconduct, breach of good faith, or gross negligence in the performance of their duties. The foregoing right of indemnification will not be exclusive of other rights to which each such member may be entitled by any contract or other instrument or as a matter of law.

8.07 Conclusiveness of Action

Any action on matters within the discretion of the Committee will be conclusive, final, and binding upon all Participants in the Plan and upon all persons claiming any rights, including Beneficiaries.

8.08 Payment of Expenses

The members of the Committee will serve without compensation for their services. The compensation or fees of accountants and other specialists and any other costs of administering the Plan or Trust Fund will be paid by the Trust Fund unless paid by the Company in its discretion.

8.09 Claims for Benefits

Prior to January 1, 2002, the following rules shall apply to a claim for benefits. Any claim for benefits under this Plan shall be made in writing by a Participant or Beneficiary or other party making the claim (the "Claimant") to the Committee.

If a claim for benefits is wholly or partially denied, the Committee, within ninety (90) calendar days after receipt of the claim, shall notify the Claimant of the denial of the claim. The notice of denial: (a) shall be in writing; (b) shall be written in a manner calculated to be understood by the Claimant; and (c) shall contain: (1) the specific reason or reasons for denial of the claim; (2) a specific reference to the Plan provisions upon which the denial is based; (3) a description of any additional material or information necessary to perfect the claim, along with an explanation of why the material or information is necessary; and (4) an explanation of the claim review procedure.

The ninety (90) calendar day period, under special circumstances, may be extended up to an additional ninety (90) calendar days upon written notice of the extension to the Claimant

which notice shall specify the special circumstances and the extended date of the decision. Notice of the extension must be given prior to expiration of the initial ninety (90) calendar day period. If no notice of decision is given within the periods specified above, the claim shall be deemed to have been denied on the last day of the applicable ninety (90) or one hundred eighty (180) day period and the Claimant, or his or her authorized representative, may file a request for review as provided in Section 8.10.

Effective January 1, 2002, any claim for benefits under the Plan shall be made in writing to the Committee. If such claim for benefits is wholly or partially denied, the Committee shall, within a reasonable period of time not to exceed ninety (90) days after receipt of the claim, notify the Claimant of the denial of the claim. Such notice of denial (a) shall be in writing, (b) shall be written in a manner calculated to be understood by the Claimant, and (c) shall contain (1) the specific reason or reasons for denial of the claim, (2) a specific reference to the pertinent Plan provisions upon which the denial is based, (3) a description of any additional material or information necessary to perfect the claim, along with an explanation of why such material or information is necessary, and (4) an explanation of the claim review procedures. The ninety day period may, under special circumstances, be extended up to an additional ninety days upon written notice of such extension to the Claimant which notice shall specify the extraordinary circumstances and the extended date of the decision, the time limits applicable to such procedures and a statement of the Claimant(s) right to bring a civil action under ERISA Section 502(a) following an adverse benefit determination upon review. Notice of extension must be given prior to expiration of the initial ninety (90) day period. The extension notice shall indicate the special circumstances that require an extension of time and the date by which the Committee expects to render a decision on the claim. If the claim is denied the Claimant may file a request for review as provided in Section 8.10.

8.10 Request for Review of Denial

Effective prior to January 1, 2002, within sixty (60) days after the receipt by the Claimant of a claim denial (or after the date a claim is deemed denied), the Claimant has a maximum of sixty (60) calendar days to file a written request that the Committee conduct a full and fair review of the denied claim. The Claimant, or his authorized representative, may review pertinent documents and submit issues and comments in writing to the Committee in connection with the review.

Effective January 1, 2002, Within sixty (60) days after the receipt of the decision denying a claim by the Claimant, the Claimant may file a written request with the Committee that it conduct a full and fair review of the denial of the claim for benefits. The Claimant or his/her duly authorized representative may review pertinent documents and submit issues and comments in writing to the Committee in connection with the review.

8.11 Decision on Review of Denial

Effective prior to January 1, 2002, the Committee shall provide the Claimant with a final written decision on the review of the denial within sixty (60) days after the receipt of the aforesaid request for review, except that if there are special circumstances (such as the need to hold a hearing, if necessary) which require an extension of time for processing, the aforesaid sixty (60) day period shall, upon written notice to the Claimant, be extended an additional sixty (60) days. The decision on review of the denial shall: (a) be written in a manner calculated to be understood by the Claimant; (b) include the specific reason or reasons for the decision; and (c) contain a specific reference to the Plan provisions upon which the decision is based. If the decision on review is not delivered to the Claimant within the periods specified, the claim shall be considered denied on review on the last day of the applicable sixty (60) or one hundred twenty (120) day review period.

Effective January 1, 2002, the Committee shall deliver to the Claimant a written decision on the review of the denial within a reasonable period of time not to exceed sixty (60) days after the receipt of the aforesaid request for review, except that if there are special circumstances (such as the need to hold a hearing, if necessary) which require an extension of time for processing, the aforesaid sixty (60) day period shall, upon written notice to the Claimant be extended an additional sixty (60) days. Notice of an extension shall be given within the initial sixty (60) day review period. The extension notice shall indicate the special circumstances that require an extension of time and the date by which the Committee expects to render a decision upon review. Upon review the Claimant shall be given the opportunity to (1) submit written comments, documents, records, and other information relating to its claim and (2) request and receive, free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the Claimant(s) claim for benefits. Whether a document, record, or other information is relevant to a claim for benefits shall be determined by reference to applicable ERISA regulations. The review of a denied claim shall take into account all comments, documents, records, and other information submitted by the Claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination. The decision on review shall be written in a manner calculated to be understood by the Claimant and, if adverse, shall (1) include the specific reason or reasons for the decision, (2) contain a specific reference to the pertinent Plan provisions upon which the decision is based, (3) contain a statement that the Claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the Claimant(s) claim for benefits (whether a document, record, or other information is relevant to a claim for benefits shall be determined by reference to applicable ERISA Regulations), and (4) contain a statement describing the Claimant(s) right to bring an action under ERISA Section 502(a).

8.12 Notice of Time Limits

When a Participant or a Beneficiary files a claim, the Committee shall notify him or her of the claim and review procedure including the time periods involved.

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8.13 Corrections Pursuant to Remedial Programs

In the event there has been an operational defect in the administration of the Plan, the Board, or if appropriate the Committee, may take such actions as are necessary to correct such defects provided that such actions are pursuant to an Internal Revenue Service Administrative Policy Regarding Sanctions, Voluntary Compliance Resolution Program, Closing Agreement Program, Self-Correction Program or Voluntary Correction Program, collectively referred to as "Programs," or any other program that the Internal Revenue Service creates as a successor or modification to such Programs or any remedial program instituted by the U.S. Department of Labor.

ARTICLE 9

AMENDMENT, TERMINATION, AND MERGER OF THE PLAN

9.01 Right to Amend the Plan

The Board will have the right at any time and from time to time to adopt a written amendment, amending in whole or in part, any provision of the Plan. The Committee shall also have the power to adopt written amendments to the Plan that (i) are necessary or appropriate to satisfy the Code or ERISA, and all regulations thereto, or (ii) do not increase the rate of Section 3.02 Company Matching Contribution or costs to the Plan. No such amendment shall increase the duties or responsibilities of the Trustee without the Trustee's written consent. No amendment will be made to this Plan that attempts to transfer any part of the corpus or income of the Trust Fund to purposes other than the exclusive benefit of Participants and their Beneficiaries, nor may any amendment disturb the Vested rights of any Participant.

9.02 Right to Terminate the Plan

The Board will have the right to adopt a written amendment to terminate the Plan in whole or in part at any time. To the extent required under the Code, upon termination, partial termination, or complete discontinuance of contributions to the Plan, all Accounts of affected Participants will become one hundred percent (100%) Vested.

9.03 Plan Merger and Consolidation

If the Plan is merged or consolidated with any other Plan, or if the assets or liabilities of the Plan are transferred to any other Plan, each Participant will be entitled to a benefit immediately after the merger, consolidation, or transfer, determined as if the Plan had then terminated, at least equal to the benefit to which the Participant would have been entitled had the Plan terminated immediately before such merger, consolidation, or transfer.

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ARTICLE 10

TRUST FUND AND THE TRUSTEE

10.01 Selection of Trustee

The Board or its authorized delegate will select a Trustee to hold the Trust Fund in accordance with the terms of an agreement. Except to the extent otherwise provided in this Plan, responsibility for the management, investment, and disposition of Plan assets will belong to the Trustee except to the extent the Committee reserves such responsibility for itself or appoints an Investment Manager pursuant to Section 8.05. To the extent the Committee or Investment Manager is given this responsibility, the Trustee will not be liable by reason of its taking or refraining from taking any action at the direction of the Committee or Investment Manager. If the Trustee manages and invests the Trust Fund, the agreement with the Trustee may include a provision authorizing the Trust Fund or a portion thereof to be invested in a joint or associated Trust Fund or Common Trust Fund.

The Board may, from time to time, adopt a resolution causing a change in Trustees or the termination of the Trust and invest Plan assets in any other method acceptable under ERISA.

ARTICLE 11

TOP-HEAVY PLAN REQUIREMENTS

11.01 General Rule

For any Plan Year for which this Plan is a Top-Heavy Plan, as defined in Section 11.07, and despite any other provisions of this Plan to the contrary, this Plan will be subject to the provisions of this Article 11.

11.02 Vesting Provisions

Each Eligible Employee who has completed an Hour of Service during the Plan Year in which the Plan is Top-Heavy will have the Vested portion of his Company Matching Contributions Account determined according to Section 6.04.

11.03 Minimum Contribution Provision

Each Eligible Employee who is a Non-Key Employee, as defined in Section 11.09 and is employed on the last day of the Plan Year even if such Eligible Employee has failed to complete one thousand (1,000) Hours of Service during such Plan Year or was excluded from the Plan for failing to make Deferrals to the Plan, will be entitled to have the aggregate

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of Contributions and forfeitures allocated to his Company Matching Contributions Account and Deferral Account equal not less than three percent (3%) (the "Minimum Contribution Percentage") of his Compensation. This Minimum Contribution Percentage will be reduced for any Plan Year to the percentage at which such contributions (including forfeitures) are made or are required to be made under the Plan for the Plan Year for the Key Employee for whom such percentage is the highest for such Plan Year. For this purpose, the percentage with respect to a Key Employee, as defined in Section 11.08, will be determined by dividing such contributions (including forfeitures) made for such Key Employee by the amount of his total Compensation for the Plan Year. Effective for Plan Years beginning on and after January 1, 2002, Employer matching contributions shall be taken into account for purposes of satisfying the minimum contribution requirements of section 416(c)(2) of the Code and the plan. The preceding sentence shall apply with respect to matching contributions under the Plan or, if the Plan provides that the minimum contribution requirement shall be met in another plan, such other plan. Employer matching contributions that are used to satisfy the minimum contribution requirements shall be treated as matching contributions for purposes of the actual contribution percentage test and other requirements of section 401(m) of the Code.

Contributions considered under the first paragraph of this Section 11.03 will include the contributions described above under this Plan and contributions under all other defined contribution plans required to be included in an Aggregation Group (as defined in Section 11.07), but will not include any plan required in such aggregation group if the Plan enables a defined contribution plan required to be included in such group to meet the requirements of the Code prohibiting discrimination as to contributions or benefits in favor of Employees who are officers, shareholders, or the highly compensated or prescribing the minimum participation standards.

Contributions considered under this Section will not include any contributions under the Social Security Act or any other federal or state law.

11.04 Limitation on Compensation

A Participant's annual Compensation taken into account under this Article 11, for purposes of computing benefits under this Plan will be as indicated in Article 1.

11.05 Limitation on Contributions

In the event that the Company also maintains a defined benefit plan providing benefits on behalf of Participants in this Plan, one of the two following provisions will apply in Plan Years beginning before January 1, 2000:

- (a) If for the Plan Year this Plan would not be a "top-heavy" Plan as defined in Section 11.07 below if "ninety percent (90%)" were substituted for "sixty percent (60%),"

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then Section 11.03 will apply for such Plan Year as if amended so that the "four percent (4%)" were substituted for "three percent (3%)."

- (b) If for the Plan Year this Plan either
 - (i) is subject to Section 11.05(a) but does not provide the additional minimum contribution as required therein or
 - (ii) would continue to be a "Top-Heavy Plan" as defined in Section 11.07 if "ninety percent (90%)" were substituted for "sixty percent (60%)," then the denominator of both the Defined Contribution Plan Fraction and the Defined Benefit Plan Fraction will be calculated as set forth in Section 3.04(c) for the Plan Year by substituting "one" for "one and twenty-five hundredths" in each place such figure appears except with respect to any individual for whom there are no Company Matching Contributions or forfeitures allocated or any accruals for such individual under the defined benefit plan.

11.06 Coordination with Other Plans

In the event that the Company maintains a Top-Heavy Defined Benefit Plan under which contributions or benefits are provided on behalf of a Participant in this Plan, such other plan will be treated as a part of this Plan pursuant to applicable principles set forth in Revenue Ruling 81-202 in determining whether the plans are providing benefits at least equal to the minimum benefit required under the Defined Benefit Plan. If the Plan is subject to Section 11.05(b) but the Company does not substitute "one" for "one and twenty-five hundredths" as required by Section 11.05(b), the applicable percentage under the Defined Benefit Plan will be increased by one percentage point (up to a maximum of ten percentage points).

If the Company maintains more than one plan, Non-Key Employees covered under only a Defined Benefit Plan will receive the defined benefit minimum. Non-Key Employees covered only by a Defined Contribution Plan will receive the defined contribution minimum. Where all plans involved are Defined Contribution Plans, only this Plan need provide the minimum contribution for all Participants of the required aggregation group.

The Plan will be a Top-Heavy Plan for any Plan Year if, as of the Determination Date (as defined in subsection (b) below), the aggregate value of Accounts (as defined in subsection (d) below) under the Plan for all Key Employees (as defined in Section 11.08 below) exceeds 60 percent (60%) of the value of the aggregate of the Accounts for all Employees, or if this Plan is required to be in an Aggregation Group (as defined in subsection (a) below) which for such Plan Year is a Top-Heavy Group (as defined in subsection (c) below).

For purposes of this Article, the capitalized words have the following meanings:

- (a) "Aggregation Group" means the group of plans, if any, that includes both the group of plans required to be aggregated and the group of plans permitted to be aggregated.
 - (i) The group of plans required to be aggregated (the "required aggregation group") includes:
 - (A) Each plan of the Affiliated Company in which a Key Employee is a Participant, (in the Plan year containing the determination date or any of the four preceding years) including Collectively Bargained Plans, and
 - (B) Each other plan, including Collectively Bargained Plans, of the Affiliated Company that enables a plan in which a Key Employee is a Participant to meet the requirements of the Code prohibiting discrimination as to contributions or benefits in favor of Employees who are officers, shareholders, or highly compensated or prescribing the minimum participation standards.
 - (ii) The group of plans that are permitted to be aggregated (the "permissive aggregation group") includes the required aggregation group plus one or more plans of the Affiliated Company that is not part of the required aggregation group and that the Committee certifies as a plan within the permissive aggregation group. Such plan or plans may be added to the permissive aggregation group only if, after the addition, the aggregation group as a whole continues not to discriminate as to contributions or benefits in favor of officers, shareholders, or the highly compensated and to meet the minimum participation standards under the Code.

For Plan Years beginning after December 31, 2001, for purposes of determining the present values of accrued benefits, and the amounts of account balances of Employees as of the Determination Date, the following rules shall apply:

- (A) Distributions during year ending on the Determination Date. The present values of accrued benefits and the amounts of account balances of an Employee as of the Determination Date shall be increased by the distributions made with respect to the Employee under the Plan and any plan aggregated with the Plan under section 416(g)(2) of the Code during the 1-year period ending on the Determination Date. The preceding sentence shall also apply to distributions under a terminated plan which, had it not been terminated, would have been aggregated with the Plan under section

416(g)(2)(A)(i) of the Code. In the case of a distribution made for a reason other than separation from service, death, or disability, this provision shall be applied by substituting "5-year period" for "1-year period."

- (B) Employees not performing services during year ending on the Determination Date. The accrued benefits and accounts of any individual who has not performed services for the Employer during the 1-year period ending on the Determination Date shall not be taken into account.
- (b) "Determination Date" means for any Plan Year the last day of the immediately preceding Plan Year. However, for the first Plan Year of this Plan, Determination Date means the last day of that Plan Year.
- (c) "Top-Heavy Group" means the Aggregation Group, if as of the applicable Determination Date, the sum of the present value of the cumulative accrued benefits for Key Employees under all Defined Benefit Plans included in the Aggregation Group plus the aggregate of the Accounts of Key Employees under all Defined Contribution Plans included in the Aggregation Group exceeds sixty percent of the sum of the present value of the cumulative accrued benefits for all Employees, excluding former Key Employees, under all such Defined Benefit Plans plus the aggregate Accounts for all Employees, excluding former Key Employees, under all such Defined Contribution Plans. If the Aggregation Group that is a Top-Heavy Group is a required aggregation group, each plan in the group will be a Top-Heavy Plan. If the Aggregation Group that is a Top-Heavy Group is a permissive aggregation group, only those plans that are part of the required aggregation group will be treated as Top-Heavy Plans. If the Aggregation Group is not a Top-Heavy Group, no plan within such group will be a Top-Heavy Plan.
- (d) "Value of Accounts" means the sum of (i) the value, as of the most recent Valuation Date occurring within the twelve months ending on the Determination Date, of the Participant's Accounts and (ii) contributions due to such Accounts as of the Determination Date, minus (iii) withdrawals from such Accounts since such Valuation Date.
- (e) In determining whether this Plan constitutes a Top-Heavy Plan, the Committee will make the following adjustments:
 - (i) When more than one plan is aggregated, the Committee will determine separately for each plan as of each plan's Determination Date the present value of the accrued benefits or account balance. The results will then be aggregated by adding the results of each plan as of the Determination Dates for such plans that fall within the same calendar year.

- (ii) In determining the present value of the cumulative accrued benefit or the amount of the account of any Employee, such present value or account will include the amount in dollar value of the aggregate distributions made to each Employee under the applicable plan during the 5-year period ending on the Determination Date unless reflected in the value of the accrued benefit or account balance as of the most recent Valuation Date. The amounts will include distributions to Employees representing the entire amount credited to their Accounts under the applicable plan.
- (iii) Further, in making such determination, such present value or such account will not include any rollover contribution (or similar transfer) initiated by the Employee.
- (f) In any case where an individual is a Non-Key Employee with respect to an applicable Plan but was a Key Employee with respect to such plan for any previous Plan Year, any accrued benefit and any account of such Employee will be altogether disregarded. For this purpose, to the extent that a Key Employee is deemed to be a Key Employee if he or she met the definition of Key Employee within any of the four preceding Plan Years, this provision will apply following the end of such period of time.
- (g) Further, in making such determination, if an Participant has not performed any Service for the Company at any time during the five-year period ending on the Determination Date, any accrued benefit or the account for such Participant will not be included.

11.08 Definition of Key Employee

“Key Employee” means any Employee (including a former or deceased Employee) under this Plan who, at any time during the Plan Year in question or during any of the four preceding Plan Years, is or was one of the following:

- (a) An officer of the Company having Annual Compensation of fifty percent or more of the amount in effect under Code Section 415(b)(1)(A) for any such Plan Year. Whether an individual is an officer will be determined by the Company on the basis of all the facts and circumstances, such as an individual’s authority, duties, and term of office, not on the mere fact that the individual has the title of an officer. For any such Plan Year, officers will be no more than the fewer of:
 - (i) 50 Employees; or
 - (ii) The greater of 3 Employees or 10 percent of the Employees.

For this purpose, the highest-paid officers will be selected.

- (b) One of the ten (10) Employees having annual Compensation from the Company of more than the limitation in effect under Code Section 415(c)(1)(A), and owning (or considered as owning, within the meaning of the constructive ownership rules of the Code) both more than one-half percent interest and the largest interests in the Company. If two Employees have the same interest in the Company, the Employee having greater annual Compensation from the Company will be treated as having a larger interest.
- (c) Any person who owns (or is considered as owning, within the meaning of the constructive ownership rules of the Code) more than five percent of the outstanding stock of the Company or stock possessing more than five percent of the combined voting power of all stock of the Company.
- (d) A one percent owner of the Company having Annual Compensation from the Company of more than \$150,000 and possessing more than 1 percent of the combined total voting power of all stock of the Company. For purposes of this Section 11.08, a Beneficiary of a Key Employee will be treated as a Key Employee. For purposes of subsections (c) and (d), each Company and/or Affiliated Company is treated separately in determining ownership percentages; but, in determining the amount of Compensation, an Employee’s total Compensation is taken into account.

For Plan Years beginning after December 31, 2001, “Key Employee” means, for purposes of determining whether the Plan is a top-heavy plan under Code Section 416(g), any Employee or former Employee (including any deceased Employee) who at any time during the Plan Year that includes the Determination Date was an officer of the Employer having annual compensation greater than \$130,000 (as adjusted under Code Section 416(i)(1) for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 2002), a 5-percent owner of the Employer, or a 1- percent owner of the Employer having annual compensation of more than \$150,000. For this purpose, annual compensation means compensation within the meaning of Code Section 415(c)(3). The determination of who is a Key Employee will be made in accordance with Code Section 416(i)(1) and the applicable regulations and other guidance of general applicability issued thereunder.

11.09 Definition of Non-Key Employee

The term “Non-Key Employee” means any Employee (and any Beneficiary of an Employee) who is not a Key Employee.

ARTICLE 12

USERRA

12.01 Qualified Military Service

- (a) For purposes of this Article VII, the term “Qualified Military Service” shall mean any service in the uniformed service (as defined by USERRA) by an individual who is entitled under USERRA to reemployment rights with respect to the Company.
- (b) This Article 12 shall be administered in a manner consistent with guidance issued by the Internal Revenue Service; provided such guidance is issued.

12.02 Eligibility and Vesting

Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan to the contrary, effective December 12, 1994: (1) a Participant reemployed under USERRA shall be treated under the Plan as not having incurred a Break in Service with the Company for vesting or eligibility purposes because of the individual’s period of Qualified Military Service; and (2) each

period of Qualified Military Service served by a Participant, upon reemployment under USERRA, shall be considered under the Plan to be service with the Company for the purpose of (I) determining the nonforfeitability of the Participant's accrued benefits under the Plan and (ii) determining the accrual of benefits under the Plan.

12.03 Make-up Deferrals and Company Matching Contributions

- (a) Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan to the contrary, effective December 12, 1994; with respect to a Participant, who under USERRA is entitled to make up a Deferral, such Participant may:
- (1) make additional Deferrals during the period which (I) begins on the date of the Participant's reemployment with the Company, and (ii) has the same length as the lesser of:
- (a) the product of: (I) three (3), and (ii) the period of Qualified Military Service which resulted in the USERRA rights; and
- (b) five (5) years; and
- (2) If such Deferrals are made by the Participant, the Company shall make a Company Matching Contribution based on the additional Deferrals in paragraph (1) above, if any, that would have been required had the Deferrals actually been made during the period of the Qualified Military Service. Such contributions shall be made within the time-frame provided for in paragraph (1) above.

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- (b) The amount of the additional Deferrals that the Company must permit a reemployed Participant to elect is an amount less than but not exceeding the maximum amount of the Deferrals that the Participant would have been permitted to make: (1) under the Plan under the limitations in Code Section 414(u)(1) (A); (2) during the period of Qualified Military Service; (3) if the Participant had continued to be employed by the Company during this period, and received "Compensation" (as determined below); and (4) as adjusted for any Deferrals actually made during the period of Qualified Military Service. No make-up Deferrals may exceed the amount the Participant would have been permitted or required to contribute had the Participant remained continuously employed by the Company throughout the period of Qualified Military Service.
- (c) Investment income or loss shall not be credited on any make-up Deferrals, or Company Matching Contributions made as a result thereof, until such contributions are made. A Participant covered under USERRA shall not share in forfeitures, in any, allocated during the period of the Participant's Qualified Military Service.
- (d) For purposes of determining allowable make-up Deferrals, a Participant covered by USERRA shall be treated as having received Compensation from the Employer during the period of the Employee's Qualified Military Service equal to: (1) the Compensation of the Participant would have received during the period of Qualified Military Service (determined based on the rate of pay the Participant would have received from the Company but for absence during the period of Qualified Military Service); or (2) if the Compensation the Participant would have received during the period of Qualified Military Service was not reasonably certain, the Participant's average Compensation from the Company during (I) the twelve-month period immediately before the Qualified Military Service or (ii) if shorter, the period of employment with the Company immediately before the Qualified Military Service.

12.04 Loan Repayment Suspension

Notwithstanding any language in this Plan to the contrary effective December 12, 1994, the Committee may, in its discretion, decide that the loan repayment obligation of a Participant on Qualified Military Service will be suspended during all or part of such service.

ARTICLE 13

MISCELLANEOUS

13.01 Limitation on Distributions

Notwithstanding any provision of this Plan regarding payment to Beneficiaries, Participants, or any other person, the Committee may withhold payment to any person if the Committee determines that such payment may expose the Plan to conflicting claims for payment. As a

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condition for any payments, the Committee may require such consent, representations, releases, waivers, or other information as it deems appropriate. The Committee may, in its discretion, comply with the terms of any judgment or other judicial decree, order, settlement, or agreement including, but not limited to, a Qualified Domestic Relations Order as defined in Code Section 414(p).

13.02 Limitation on Reversion of Contributions

Except as provided in subsections (a) through (c) below, Company Matching Contributions made under the Plan will be held for the exclusive benefit of Participants and their Beneficiaries and may not revert to the Company.

- (a) In the case of contributions conditioned on the Plan's initial qualification under Section 401(a) and 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code, if the Plan does not qualify, such contributions may be returned to the Company within one year after the date the Plan's qualification is denied. The maximum Company Matching Contribution that may be returned to the Company will not exceed the amount actually contributed to the Plan, or the value of such contribution on the date it is returned to the Company, if less.
- (b) Unless the Board, in a resolution authorizing a Plan contribution, states that the contribution is made unconditionally and without regard to its deductibility under the appropriate section of the Code, any contribution by the Employer to the Trust (except a top heavy contribution) is conditioned upon the deductibility of the contribution by the Employer under the applicable section of the Code. To the extent any such deduction is disallowed or made as a result of a mistake of fact, the Employer may demand repayment of such disallowed contribution and the Trustee shall return such contribution within one (1) year following (I) a final determination of the disallowance, whether by agreement with the Internal Revenue Service or by final decision of a court of competent jurisdiction, or (ii) the date of the mistaken contribution, whichever applies. Earnings of the Plan attributable to the excess or mistaken contribution may not be returned to the Employer, but any losses attributable thereto must reduce the amount so returned.

13.03 Voluntary Plan

The Plan is purely voluntary on the part of the Company and neither the establishment of the Plan nor any Plan amendment nor the creation of any fund or account, nor the payment of any benefits will be construed as giving any Employee or any person legal or equitable right against the Company, the Trustee, or the Committee unless specifically provided for in this Plan or conferred by affirmative action of the Committee or the Company according to the terms and provisions of this Plan. Such actions will not be construed as giving any Employee or Participant the right to be retained in the service of the Company. All

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Employees and/or Participants will remain subject to discharge to the same extent as though this Plan had not been established.

13.04 Nonalienation of Benefits

Participants and their Beneficiaries are entitled to all the benefits specifically set out under the terms of the Plan, but said benefits or any of the property rights in the Plan will not be assignable or distributable to any creditor or other claimant of such Participant. Except for a Qualified Domestic Relations Order, and/or an offset or assignment described in Code Section 401(a)(13)(A) or (C), a Participant will not have the right to anticipate, assign, pledge, accelerate, or in any way dispose of or encumber any of the monies or benefits or other property that may be payable or become payable to such Participant or his Beneficiary.

13.05 Inability to Receive Benefits

If the Committee receives evidence that a person entitled to receive any payment under the Plan is physically or mentally incompetent to receive payment and to give a valid release, and another person or an institution is maintaining or has custody of such person, and no Guardian, Committee, or other representative of the estate of such person has been duly appointed by a court of competent jurisdiction, then any distribution made under the Plan may be made to such other person or institution. The release of such other person or institution will be a valid and complete discharge for the payment of such distribution.

13.06 Unclaimed Benefits

If the Committee is unable, after reasonable and diligent effort, to locate a Participant or Beneficiary who is entitled to a distribution under the Plan, the distribution due such person will be forfeited after two years. If, however, the Participant or Beneficiary later files a claim for such benefit, it will be reinstated without any interest earned thereon. Notification by certified or registered mail to the last known address of the Participant or Beneficiary will be deemed a reasonable and diligent effort to locate such person. The reinstatement of benefits shall be funded by forfeitures incurred in the Plan Year of reinstatement to the extent necessary to reinstate the benefits in full, and to the extent such forfeitures are inadequate, by additional Company contributions.

Notwithstanding anything in this Plan to the contrary, if after the adoption of a resolution to terminate the Plan a Participant's or Beneficiary's benefit under the Plan remains payable due to the inability of the Committee or Trustee to locate such Participant or Beneficiary, the Committee or Trustee shall attempt to locate the Participant or Beneficiary by either (a) mailing a notice (describing the Plan benefits due such person) to such Participant or Beneficiary's last known address as supplied by the Social Security Administration, or (b) request, pursuant to Revenue Procedure 94-22 and Internal Revenue Service Policy Statement P-1-187, that the Internal Revenue Service forward a notice similar to that described in clause (a) to such person.

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If the Participant or Beneficiary cannot be located after the Committee or the Trustee has taken the notification step described in clause (a) or (b) of the preceding paragraph, the Trustee shall deposit all Plan benefits payable to the lost or missing Participant or Beneficiary in an interest bearing savings account at a federally insured bank; the lost or missing Participant or Beneficiary shall be listed as the sole owner of such account and have the unconditional right to withdraw all funds therein.

If a missing Participant procedure is established by the Pension Benefit Guarantee Corporation, or other federal agency, and applies to defined contribution plans, the Committee may utilize such program.

13.07 Limitation of Rights

Nothing expressed or implied in the Plan is intended or will be construed to confer upon or give to any person, firm, or association other than the Company, the Participants, the Beneficiaries, and their successors in interest any right, remedy, or claim under or by reason of this Plan.

13.08 Invalid Provisions

In case any provision of this Plan is held illegal or invalid for any reason, the illegality or invalidity will not affect the remaining parts of the Plan. The Plan will be construed and enforced as if the illegal and invalid provisions had never been included.

13.09 One Plan

This Plan may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which will be deemed an original and the counterparts will constitute one and the same instrument and may be sufficiently evidenced by any one counterpart.

13.10 Use and Form of Words

Whenever any words are used herein in the masculine gender, they will be construed as though they were also used in the feminine gender in all cases where they would apply, and vice versa. Whenever any words are used herein in the singular form, they will be construed as though they were also used in the plural form in all cases where they would apply, and vice versa.

13.11 Headings

Headings of Articles and Sections are inserted solely for convenience and reference, and constitute no part of the Plan.

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13.12 Governing Law

The Plan will be governed by and construed according to the federal laws governing Employee benefit plans qualified under the Code and according to the laws of the State of Nevada where such laws are not in conflict with the aforementioned federal laws.

ARTICLE 14

EMPLOYEE STOCK OWNERSHIP PLAN

14.01 Purpose.

The Southwest Gas Stock Fund shall be considered and designated as an Employee Stock Ownership Plan ("ESOP"). The purpose of the ESOP is to allocate to Participants and their Beneficiaries an ownership interest in the Company through the distribution of Company Stock (or the fair market value of such Company Stock) following a Participant's termination of service. Neither the Company, its officers, directors, Employees or shareholders, nor any fiduciary of the Plan shall have any responsibility for the value of any stock or other securities of the Company allocated to the Account of, or distributed to, any Participant or Beneficiary hereunder, it being understood that such stock or securities may decline in value or become wholly worthless due to risks and circumstances which cannot be foreseen and which may not be within the control of any such person or entities.

14.02 Investment in Company Stock.

A principal purpose of the ESOP is to provide the opportunity for Employees to acquire Employer Securities. Accordingly, Company Matching Contributions shall be invested primarily in Employer Securities. Such contributions will be made in original issue Company Stock or cash to be used to purchase Employer Securities either directly from the Company, in the open-market, or in privately negotiated transactions. Other cash received for investment in the Southwest Gas Stock Fund will be used primarily to purchase Employer Securities. If Employer Securities are not available for purchase, or if the Trustee determines that the purchase of additional Employer Securities is not prudent or would not further the purpose of the Plan, the Trustee shall, to the extent not inconsistent with the Plan's continued tax qualification as an employee stock ownership plan under Section 4975(e)(7) of the Code, invest the assets of the ESOP in other securities or investments. All purchases of Employer Securities shall be made at prices which, in the judgment of the Trustee, do not exceed the fair market value of such Employer Securities at the time of purchase.

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14.03 Company Matching Contributions; Vesting.

(a) Company Matching Contributions

Payment of Company Matching Contributions will be made to the Southwest Gas Stock Fund, as set forth above in Section 3.02.

(b) Vesting

Effective January 1, 2002 and notwithstanding the provisions set forth above in Section 6.04, dividends paid on Company Stock will be fully Vested with the Participant, without regard to whether the Participant is Vested in the Company Stock with respect to which the dividend is paid.

14.04 Diversification.

Upon reaching age fifty (50), a Participant may elect to transfer his Account Balances attributable to Employer Securities to any other Investment Fund, and invest future Company Matching Contributions in any other Investment Fund.

14.05 Voting of Employer Securities.

All Employer Securities held within the ESOP portion of the Plan shall be voted by the Participant or the Trustee as set forth above in Section 4.03 and in the Trust Agreement. Any shares of Employer Securities not credited to Participant Accounts shall be voted by the Trustee in the same ratio that the securities are voted by the Participants who exercised their voting rights.

14.06 Form of Distributions.

Participant Accounts held within the ESOP shall be distributed as set forth above in Section 7.01(a).

14.07 Dividends.

Dividends paid by the Company with respect to shares of Employer Securities held in the ESOP shall, in the discretion of the Committee, be: (i) retained and reinvested in the Plan; (ii) distributed to Participants or their Beneficiaries within 90 days after the end of the Plan Year in which they were received; (iii) paid in cash directly to the Participant or their Beneficiaries or (iv) paid to the Plan, where the Participants can subsequently elect to reinvest the dividends into their ESOP accounts or take a cash distribution within 90 days after the end of the Plan Year in which such dividends were received.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Southwest Gas Corporation has adopted this Plan this 5th day of October 2001.

SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION
EMPLOYEE'S INVESTMENT PLAN

Schedule A -- Investment Plans

Investment Funds

Effective March 16, 2001

Southwest Gas Stock Fund
Fidelity Investment Grade Bond Fund
Fidelity Retirement Money Market Portfolio
Fidelity Contrafund
Fidelity Asset Manager - Growth
Fidelity Growth & Income Portfolio
Fidelity Low Priced Stock Fund
Vanguard Index 500 Portfolio
Vanguard International Growth Fund

Effective January 15, 2002

Fidelity Retirement Money Market Portfolio	Fidelity Freedom Income Fund
Fidelity U.S. Bond Index Fund	Fidelity Freedom 2000 Fund
Vanguard 500 Index Fund - Admiral Shares	Fidelity Freedom 2010 Fund
Fidelity Growth & Income Portfolio	Fidelity Freedom 2020 Fund
Fidelity Contrafund	Fidelity Freedom 2030 Fund
Fidelity Low-Priced Stock Fund	Fidelity Freedom 2040 Fund
Brown Capital Management, Inc.- Small Company Fund	
Vanguard International Growth Fund - Admiral Shares	
Southwest Gas Stock Fund	
Fidelity Asset Manager: Growth	

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Designation of Investment Funds

A Participant's Deferrals and Excess Contributions may be invested entirely at his discretion, in increments of 1 percent (1%), among the Investment Funds. In the complete absence of any designation, the Participant's Deferrals and/or Excess Deferrals will be invested in the Fidelity Retirement Money Market Portfolio.

A Participant's Company Matching Contributions Account will be invested in the Southwest Gas Stock Fund as provided for in Section 4.03 of the Plan, except as otherwise determined under the rules in (b) below relating to transfers between Investment Funds.

Transfer Between and Among Investment Funds

- (a) A Participant may transfer amounts representing his Deferrals and Excess Deferrals from one Investment Fund to another, one (1) time per Investment Fund per month, up to twelve (12) times per calendar year. Transfer of amounts from the Southwest Gas Stock Fund to another Investment Fund will be subject to the requirement that fifty percent (50%) of all funds invested in the ESOP remain invested in Employer Securities and the rules in (b) below.

Further, transfer of amounts to or from the Southwest Gas Stock Fund by Participants who are subjected to Section 16 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, may only make such transfers six (6) months following the date of the most recent "opposite way" transfer.

- (b) Upon attaining age 50, a Participant may transfer amounts representing his Company Matching Contributions Account invested in Employer Securities and other cash received for investment in Southwest Gas Stock Fund to any of the Investment Funds, in accordance with Section 4.03 and (a) above.
- (c) The investment of a Participant's entire Account Balance is subject to the rules of Section 7.02 once the Participant becomes entitled to a distribution

FIRST AMENDMENT TO THE 2001
AMENDED AND RESTATED SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION
EMPLOYEES' INVESTMENT PLAN

Effective October 1, 2001, unless otherwise noted herein, the Southwest Gas Corporation Employees' Investment Plan (the "Plan") is hereby amended pursuant to Plan Section 9.01, as follows:

1. The definition of Compensation is amended to read as follows:

Compensation means:

- (a) For purposes of determining an Eligible Employee's benefits under the Plan, the actual wages paid to an Eligible Employee during the applicable period, including sales incentive payments and elective contributions that are not includible in gross income under Code Sections 125, 402 and 403(b), but excluding pay for overtime hours, flexible benefit dollars, bonuses, or other special payments, and the Company's contributions toward insurance, retirement, and other fringe benefits or employee welfare plans or programs other than severance pay arrangements.
- (b) For purposes of Section 3.04, Section 3.05, Section 3.06, and Article 11 only, an Eligible Employee's "compensation" includes items identified in Treasury Regulation Section 1.415-2(d)(2) and does not include items identified in Treasury Regulation Section 1.415-2(d)(3).

Compensation will mean only Compensation actually paid or includable in gross income in the Plan Year. In no case will amounts deferred pursuant to Code Section 125 be included as Compensation under this subsection (b).

Notwithstanding any language in this subsection (b) to the contrary, effective for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, "Compensation" for the purpose described in this subsection shall include an Eligible Employee's elective deferrals under Code Section 402(g)(3), and amounts that pursuant to Code Sections 125 or 457 are contributed or deferred (at the Eligible Employee's election) and are not includible in the Eligible Employee's gross income in the tax year contributed or deferred. Notwithstanding any language in this subsection (b) to the contrary, effective for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, "Compensation" for the purpose described in this subsection shall include an Eligible Employee's elective deferrals under Code Section 402(g)(3), and amounts that pursuant to Code Sections 125 or 457 are contributed or deferred (at the Eligible Employee's election) and are not includible in the Eligible Employee's gross income in the tax year contributed or deferred. Notwithstanding any provision of this Plan to the contrary, the following sentence that includes the model language of Internal Revenue Service Notice 2001-37 shall

apply on and after January 1, 2001. For Plan Years beginning on and after January 1, 2001, for purposes of applying the limitations described in Section 3.06, the top-heavy plan rules of Article 11, the Section 3.05(a) of "Compensation Percentage" and the Section 3.04(a) definition of "Actual Deferral Percentage," Compensation paid or made available during such Plan Years shall include elective amounts that are not includible in the gross income of the employee by reason of Code Section 132(f)(4).

- (c) The annual Compensation taken into account under the Plan for any Plan Year beginning on or after January 1, 1989, shall not exceed the maximum dollar amount (\$200,000 for the year beginning in 1989 and any other amount that applies for a later year, including the limit of \$150,000 that applies for the year beginning in 1994 and \$200,000 for the year beginning January 1, 2002) that is permitted as of the beginning of the year under Code Section 401(a)(17) (determined after giving effect to any statutory changes affecting Code Section 401(a)(17) and any indexing or other adjustments pursuant to Code Section 401(a)(17) that are applicable for the year of the determination). In the case of a short Plan Year or other period of less than 12 months requiring a reduction of the Code Section 401(a)(17) annual limit, the otherwise applicable limit shall be prorated by multiplying it by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of months in the short period and the denominator of which is 12. Moreover, effective January 1, 1987, to December 31, 1996, in determining an Employee's Compensation for purposes of the Code Section 401(a)(17) limit, the rules of Code Section 414(q)(6) (requiring the aggregation of Compensation paid to family members of certain Five Percent Owners and the ten most highly compensated Employees) shall apply, except that in applying such rules, the term "family" shall include only the Spouse of the Employee and any lineal descendants of the Employee who have not attained age 19 before the close of the year. If, as a result of the application of such rules, the adjusted annual Code Section 401(a)(17) Compensation limit is exceeded, then such limit shall be prorated among the affected individuals in proportion to each such individual's Compensation as determined prior to the application of the Code Section 401(a)(17) limit.

Effective for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, the aforesaid family aggregation rules shall no longer apply.

2. Section 3.04(a)(vii)(B) is amended to read as follows:

- (B) for the Look-Back Year, had compensation exceeding eighty thousand dollars (\$80,000) (this dollar amount shall be adjusted at the same time and in the same manner as under Code Section 415(d)) and (if the Company elects for the Look-Back Year immediately preceding the Determination Year in a manner consistent with guidance prescribed by the Internal Revenue Service; provided such guidance is issued) is in the Top Paid Group of Eligible Employees in the Look-Back Year. The Employer did not make a Top Paid Group election in Plan Years occurring during the

period in 1997-2001. The Company has made a Top Paid Group election in Plan Years occurring after December 31, 2001.

3. Section 3.04(b) is amended to read as follows:

(b) 401(k) Nondiscrimination Test.

Each Plan Year the annual allocation derived from a Participant's Deferrals shall satisfy one of the following tests or any other test which might be prescribed under Code Section 401(k):

- (i) The Actual Deferral Percentage for Higher Compensated Employees shall not exceed the Actual Deferral Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees multiplied by 1.25; or
- (ii) The Actual Deferral Percentage for Higher Compensated Employees shall not exceed 2 multiplied by the Actual Deferral Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees; and the excess for the Actual Deferral Percentage for Higher Compensated Employees over the Actual Deferral Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees shall not exceed 2 percentage points.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subsection, effective for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, the Actual Deferral Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees that shall, except as provided in the following sentence, be used in applying the tests set forth in this subsection for a Determination Year shall be the Actual Deferral Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees in the Determination Year. The Company may elect (in a manner consistent with guidance prescribed by the Internal Revenue Service; provided such guidance is issued) to use, when applying the tests set forth in this subsection, the Actual Deferral Percentage of Lower Compensated Employees in the Look-Back Year instead of the Determination Year. In the Plan Years beginning January 1, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000 and 2001, the Company elected to utilize the Actual Deferral Percentage of Lower Compensated Employees for the Determination Year.

For purposes of determining whether the Plan satisfies the actual deferral percentage test of Code Section 401(k), all elective contributions that are made under two or more plans that are aggregated for purposes of Code Section 401(a)(4) or 410(b) (other than Code Section 410(b)(2)(A)(ii)) are to be treated as made under a single plan and that if two or more plans are permissively aggregated for purposes of Code Section 401(k), the aggregated plans must also satisfy Code Sections 401(a)(4) and 410(b) as though they were as single plan.

4. Section 3.04(c)(ii) is amended to read as follows:

- (ii) In the event that the Deferrals allocated to Higher Compensated Employees for any Plan Year result in Excess Contributions, the Committee shall direct the Trustee to distribute the Excess Contributions, adjusted for any applicable Trust Fund investment income or loss thereon, to the affected Higher Compensated Employees by March 15 following the Plan Year in which the Excess Contributions occurred but in no event later than the close of the Plan Year following the Plan Year in which the Excess Contributions occurred. To determine the portion of the Excess Contributions to be distributed to each Higher Compensated Employee, the Committee shall direct the Trustee to distribute the Deferrals allocated to Higher Compensated Employees for the Plan Year in which the Excess Contributions occurred to the extent necessary to prevent the Actual Deferral Percentage for the group of Higher Compensated Employees from exceeding the permissible Actual Deferral Percentage for the group.

The Committee shall direct the Trustee to make the distribution to the Higher Compensation Employees with the highest Actual Deferral Ratio (for purposes of the subsection the term "Actual Deferral Ratio" is defined in the following paragraph) for the Plan Year and then to Higher Compensation Employees with the next highest Actual Deferral Ratio for the Plan Year, and so on, in descending order from the highest ratio. The amount of the Excess Contributions to be distributed to a Higher Compensated Employee for a Plan Year is the amount, if any, by which the Employee's Deferrals must be reduced for the Employee's Actual Deferral Ratio to equal the highest permitted Actual Deferral Ratio under the Plan.

To calculate the highest permitted Actual Deferral Ratio under the Plan, the Actual Deferral Ratio of the Higher Compensated Employee with the highest Actual Deferral Ratio is reduced by the amount required to cause the Employee's Actual Deferral Ratio to equal the ratio of the Higher Compensated Employee with the next highest Actual Deferral Ratio. If a lesser reduction would enable the Plan to satisfy the test under Section 3.04(b), this lesser reduction shall be made. This process shall be repeated until the Actual Deferral Percentage for Higher Compensated Employees satisfies the test in Section 3.04(b). The highest Actual Deferral Ratio remaining under the Plan after leveling is the highest permitted Actual Deferral Ratio. In no case may the amount of Excess Contribution exceed the amount of Deferrals on behalf of the Higher Compensated Employee for the Plan Year.

For the purposes of this subsection, the phrase "Actual Deferral Ratio" shall for Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, refer to the dollar amount

of such Deferrals and for Plan Years beginning before January 1, 1997, shall mean the Actual Deferral Ratio of a Higher Compensated Employee. The portion of the Excess Contributions applicable to each Higher Compensated Employee shall be distributed to the Higher Compensated Employee in a single payment. The portion of each Higher Compensated Employee's Excess Contributions that is to be distributed in accordance with this Section 3.04 shall be reduced by any Excess Deferrals previously distributed to the Higher Compensated Employee with respect to the same Plan Year under Section 3.03.

5. Section 3.05(b) is amended to read as follows:

(b) 401(m) Nondiscrimination Test.

Each Plan Year the Company Section 3.02 matching contributions on behalf of Participants (and Deferrals, if the Company makes a Section 3.05(d) election) shall satisfy one of the following tests or any other test which might be prescribed under Code Section 401(m):

- (i) The Contribution Percentage for Higher Compensated Employees shall not exceed the Contribution Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees multiplied by 1.25; or
- (ii) The Contribution Percentage for Higher Compensated Employees shall not exceed 2 multiplied by the Contribution Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees; and the excess of the Contribution Percentage for Higher Compensated Employees over the Contribution Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees shall not exceed 2 percentage points.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subsection, effective for the Plan Years beginning after December 31, 1996, the Compensation Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees that shall, except as provided in the following sentence, be used in applying the tests set forth in this subsection for a Determination Year shall be the Compensation Percentage for Lower Compensated Employees in the Determination Year. The Company may elect (in a manner consistent with guidance prescribed by the Internal Revenue Service; provided such guidance is issued) to use, when applying the tests set forth in this subsection, the Compensation Percentage of Lower Compensated Employees in the Look-Back Year rather than that of the Determination Year. Pursuant to the two foregoing sentences, in the Plan Years beginning January 1, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000 and 2001, the Company elected to utilize the ACP of Lower Compensated Employees in the Determination Year.

For purposes of determining whether the Plan satisfies the actual contribution percentage test of Code Section 401(m), all employee and matching contributions

that are made under two or more plans that are aggregated for purposes of Code Sections 401(a) and 410(b) (other than Code Section 410(b)(2)(A)(ii)) are to be treated as made under a single plan, and that if two or more plans are permissively aggregated for purposes of Code Section 401(m), the aggregated plans must also satisfy Code Sections 401(a) and 410(b) as though they were a single plan.

6. Section 13.02 is amended to read as follows:

13.02 Limitation on Reversion of Contributions

Except as provided in subsections (a) through (c) below, Company Matching Contributions made under the Plan will be held for the exclusive benefit of Participants and their Beneficiaries and may not revert to the Company.

- (a) In the case of contributions conditioned on the Plan's initial qualification under Code Section 401(a) and 401(k), if the Plan does not qualify, such contributions may be returned to the Company within one year after the date the Plan's qualification is denied, but only if the application for the determination is made by the time prescribed by law for filing the Company's return for the taxable year in which the Plan was adopted, or such later date as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe. The maximum Company Matching Contribution that may be returned to the Company will not exceed the amount actually contributed to the Plan, or the value of such contribution on the date it is returned to the Company, if less.
- (b) Unless the Board, in a resolution authorizing a Plan contribution, states that the contribution is made unconditionally and without regard to its deductibility under the appropriate section of the Code, any contribution by the Company to the Trust (except a top heavy contribution) is conditioned upon the deductibility of the contribution by the Company under the applicable section of the Code. To the extent any such deduction is disallowed, the Company may demand repayment of such disallowed contribution and Trustee shall return such contribution within one (1) year after the disallowance of the deduction. Earnings of the Plan attributable to an excess contribution may not be returned to the Company, but any losses attributable thereto must reduce the amount so returned.
- (c) In case such contribution is made by the Company to the Plan (other than a multiemployer plan) by a mistake of fact, the Company may demand repayment of such contribution within one (1) year after the payment of the contribution. Earnings of the Plan attributable to a mistaken contribution may not be returned to the Company, but any losses attributable thereto must reduce the amount so returned.

Section 14.06 is amended to read as follows:

14.06 Valuation and Form of Distributions

- a. To the extent Employer Securities are not readily tradable on an established securities market with respect to activities carried on by the Plan, all valuations of such securities will be made by an independent appraiser, who meets requirements similar to the requirements of the regulations prescribed under Code Section 170(a)(1).
- b. Participant Accounts held within the ESOP shall be distributed as set forth above in Section 7.01(a), except to the extent Employer Securities are not readily tradable on an established securities market. If such securities are not readily tradable on such markets, the Company will repurchase the securities within the time periods, and in accordance with the methods described in Code Sections 409(h)(5) and (6).

8. Except as hereby amended, the provisions of the Plan as in effect prior to this amendment shall continue unchanged.

(The next page is the signature page.)

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Committee has adopted this amendment effective as stated above. This amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts and all of such counterparts taken together shall be deemed to constitute one and the same instrument.

Dated at Las Vegas, Nevada this 27th day of March 2003.

EMPLOYEES' INVESTMENT PLAN COMMITTEE

/s/ George C. Biehl

George C. Biehl

/s/ Fred W. Cover

Fred W. Cover

/s/ James P. Kane

James P. Kane

/s/ Thomas R. Sheets

Thomas R. Sheets

SECOND AMENDMENT TO THE 2001
AMENDED AND RESTATED SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION
EMPLOYEES' INVESTMENT PLAN

Effective October 1, 2001, unless otherwise noted herein, the Southwest Gas Corporation Employees' Investment Plan (the "Plan") is hereby amended pursuant to Plan Section 9.01, as follows:

1. Section 14.06 is amended to read as follows:

14.06 Valuation and Form of Distributions

- a. To the extent Employer Securities are not readily tradable on an established securities market with respect to activities carried on by the Plan, all valuations of such securities will be made by an independent appraiser, who meets requirements similar to the requirements of the regulations prescribed under Code Section 170(a)(1).
- b. Participant Accounts held within the ESOP shall be distributed as set forth above in Section 7.01(a), except to the extent Employer Securities are not readily tradable on an established securities market. If such securities are not readily tradable on such markets, the Company will either (x) repurchase the securities at the time of distribution or (y) provide a put option, for a period of at least 60 days following the date of distribution of such securities, and if the option is not exercised within such 60-day period, an additional option period of at least 60 days will be provided in the next Plan Year and repurchase the securities as follows:
 - (i) For total distributions (distributions within one taxable year of the balance in a Participant's account), the amount to be paid for such securities will be paid in substantially equal periodic payments (not less frequently than annually) over a period beginning not later than 30 days after the exercise of the put option and not exceeding 5 years, provided that the Company has put up adequate security and will pay reasonable interest on the unpaid balance during the payment period; and
 - (ii) For installment distributions (other than total distributions), the amount to be paid for such securities will be paid not later than 30 days after the exercised of the put option.

2. Except as hereby amended, the provisions of the Plan as in effect prior to this amendment shall continue unchanged.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Committee has adopted this amendment effective as stated above. This amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts and all of such counterparts taken together shall be deemed to constitute one and the same instrument.

Dated at Las Vegas, Nevada this 30th day of April 2003.

EMPLOYEES' INVESTMENT PLAN COMMITTEE

/s/ George C. Biehl
George C. Biehl

/s/ Fred W. Cover
Fred W. Cover

/s/ James P. Kane
James P. Kane

/s/ Thomas R. Sheets
Thomas R. Sheets

THIRD AMENDMENT TO THE 2001
AMENDED AND RESTATED SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION
EMPLOYEES' INVESTMENT PLAN

Effective January 1, 2003, unless otherwise noted herein, the Southwest Gas Corporation Employees' Investment Plan (the "Plan") is hereby amended pursuant to Plan Section 9.01, as follows:

1. 7.02 Timing of Distributions

(a) General Rules

- (i) The provisions of this Section 7.02 will apply for purposes of determining required minimum distributions for calendar years beginning with the 2003 calendar year.
- (ii) If the total amount of 2002 required minimum distributions made to a Participant or Designated Beneficiary under the Plan prior to January 1, 2003 equals or exceeds the required minimum distributions required by this Section 7.02, then no additional distributions will be required to be made for 2002 on or after such date. If the total amount of 2002 required minimum distributions made to a Participant or Designated Beneficiary under the Plan is less than such amount, then the required minimum distributions for 2002 on and after such date will be determined so that the total amount of required minimum distributions for 2002 made to a Participant or Designated Beneficiary will equal the amount required by this Section 7.02.
- (iii) The requirements of this Section 7.02 will take precedence over any inconsistent provisions of the Plan.
- (iv) All distributions required under this Section 7.02 will be determined and made in accordance with the regulations under Code section 401(a)(9)Code.
- (v) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Section 7.02, distributions may be made under a designation made before January 1, 1984, in accordance with section 242(b)(2) of the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act (TEFRA) and the provisions of the Plan that relate to section 242(b)(2) of TEFRA.

(b) Definitions

For purposes of this Section 7.02, the following terms mean:

- (i) “Designated Beneficiary” means the individual who is designated as the Beneficiary under the provisions of the Plan and is the Designated Beneficiary under Code Section 401(a)(9) and Treasury Regulations Section 1.401(a)(9)-1, Q&A-4.
- (ii) “Distribution Calendar Year” means the calendar year for which a minimum distribution is required. For distributions beginning before the Participant’s death, the first Distribution Calendar Year is the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year which contains the Participant’s Required Beginning Date. For distributions beginning after the Participant’s death, the first Distribution Calendar Year is the calendar year in which distributions are required to begin under this Section 7.02. The required minimum distribution for the Participant’s first Distribution Calendar Year will be made on or before the Participant’s Required Beginning Date. The required minimum distribution for other Distribution Calendar Years, including the required minimum distribution for the Distribution Calendar Year in which the Participant’s Required Beginning Date occurs, will be made on or before December 31 of that Distribution Calendar Year.
- (iii) “Life Expectancy” means the Life Expectancy as computed by use of the Single Life Table in Treasury Regulations Section 1.401(a)(9)-9.
- (iv) “Participant’s Account Balance” means the Total Vested Account Balance as of the last Valuation Date in the calendar year immediately preceding the Distribution Calendar Year (valuation calendar year) increased by the amount of any contributions made and allocated or forfeitures allocated to the Total Vested Account Balance as of dates in the valuation calendar year after the Valuation Date and decreased by distributions made in the valuation calendar year after the Valuation Date. The Total Vested Account Balance for the valuation calendar year includes any amounts rolled over or transferred to the Plan either in the valuation calendar year or in the Distribution Calendar Year if distributed or transferred in the valuation calendar year.
- (v) “Required Beginning Date” means April 1 of the calendar year following the later of the calendar year in which the Participant (other than a 5-percent owner) attains age 70 ½ or the calendar year in which the Participant retires from employment with the Company. For a Participant who is a 5-percent owner, the Required Beginning Date means April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the Employee attains age 70 ½.

(c) Time and Manner of Distribution

- (i) The Participant's entire interest will be distributed in a single sum to the Participant no later than the Participant's Required Beginning Date.
- (ii) If the Participant dies before distribution, the Participant's entire interest will be distributed to his or her Designated Beneficiary in a single sum no later than the earlier of (x) the end of the month of the fifth anniversary of the Participant's death or (y) December 31 of the calendar year in which the Participant would have attained age 70 $\frac{1}{2}$.
- (iii) If the Designated Beneficiary dies before distribution, the entire interest received from the Participant will be distributed in a single sum to the beneficiary of the Designated Beneficiary immediately after notice of the death of the Designated Beneficiary.
- (iv) If distributions under an annuity purchased from an insurance company irrevocably commence to the Participant before the Participant's Required Beginning Date (or to the Participant's surviving Spouse before the date distributions are required to begin to the surviving Spouse under Section 7.02(c)(ii)(a)), the date distributions are considered to begin is the date distributions actually commence.
- (v) Unless the Participant's interest is distributed in a single sum or in the form of an annuity purchased from an insurance company on or before the Required Beginning Date, as of the first Distribution Calendar Year, distributions will be made in accordance with Sections 7.02(d) and (e). If the Participant's interest is distributed in the form of an annuity purchased from an insurance company, distributions thereunder will be made in accordance with the requirements of section 401(a)(9) of the Code and the applicable Treasury Regulations.

(d) Required Minimum Distributions During Participant's Lifetime

- (i) During the Participant's lifetime, the minimum amount that will be distributed for each Distribution Calendar Year is the lesser of:
 - (a) the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's Account Balance by the distribution period in the Uniform Lifetime Table set forth in Treasury Regulations Section 1.401(a)(9)-9, using the Participant's age as of the Participant's birthday in the Distribution Calendar Year;
or

- (b) if the Participant's sole Designated Beneficiary for the Distribution Calendar Year is the Participant's Spouse, the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's Account Balance by the number in the Joint and Last Survivor Table set forth in Treasury Regulation Section 1.401(a)(9)-9, using the Participant's and Spouse's attained ages as of the Participant's and Spouse's birthdays in the Distribution Calendar Year.
- (ii) Required minimum distributions will be determined under this Section 7.02(d) beginning with the first Distribution Calendar Year and up to and including the Distribution Calendar Year that includes the Participant's date of death.
- (e) Required Minimum Distributions After Participant's Death
 - (i) Death On or After Date Distributions Begin.
 - (a) If the Participant dies on or after the date distributions begin and there is a Designated Beneficiary, the minimum amount that will be distributed for each Distribution Calendar Year after the year of the Participant's death is the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's Account Balance by the longer of the remaining Life Expectancy of the Participant or the remaining Life Expectancy of the Participant's Designated Beneficiary, determined as follows:
 - (1) The Participant's remaining Life Expectancy is calculated using the age of the Participant in the year of death, reduced by one for each subsequent year.
 - (2) If the Participant's surviving Spouse is the Participant's sole Designated Beneficiary, the remaining Life Expectancy of the surviving Spouse is calculated for each Distribution Calendar Year after the year of the Participant's death using the surviving Spouse's age as of the Spouse's birthday in that year. For Distribution Calendar Years after the year of the surviving Spouse's death, the remaining Life Expectancy of the surviving Spouse is calculated using the age of the surviving Spouse as of the Spouse's birthday in the calendar year of the Spouse's death, reduced by one for each subsequent calendar year.

- (3) If the Participant's surviving Spouse is not the Participant's sole Designated Beneficiary, the Designated Beneficiary's remaining Life Expectancy is calculated using the age of the Beneficiary in the year following the year of the Participant's death, reduced by one for each subsequent year.
- (b) If the Participant dies on or after the date distributions begin and there is no Designated Beneficiary as of September 30 of the year after the year of the Participant's death, the minimum amount that will be distributed for each Distribution Calendar Year after the year of the Participant's death is the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's Account Balance by the Participant's remaining Life Expectancy calculated using the age of the Participant in the year of death, reduced by one for each subsequent year.
- (ii) Death Before Date Distributions Begin
 - (a) If the Participant dies before the date distributions begin and there is a Designated Beneficiary, the minimum amount that will be distributed for each Distribution Calendar Year after the year of the Participant's death is the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's Account Balance by the remaining Life Expectancy of the Participant's Designated Beneficiary, determined as provided in Section 7.02(e)(i).
 - (b) If the Participant dies before the date distributions begin and there is no Designated Beneficiary as of September 30 of the year following the year of the Participant's death, distribution of the participant's entire interest will be completed by December 31 of the calendar year containing the fifth anniversary of the Participant's death.
 - (c) If the Participant dies before the date distributions begin, the Participant's surviving Spouse is the Participant's sole Designated Beneficiary, and the surviving Spouse dies before distributions are required to begin to the surviving Spouse under Section 7.02(c)(ii)(a), this Section 7.02(e)(ii) will apply as if the surviving Spouse were the Participant.

2. Except as hereby amended, the provisions of the Plan as in effect prior to this amendment shall continue unchanged.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Committee has adopted this amendment effective as stated above. This amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts and all of such counterparts taken together shall be deemed to constitute one and the same instrument.

Dated at Las Vegas, Nevada this 29th day of December 2003.

EMPLOYEES' INVESTMENT PLAN COMMITTEE

/s/ George C. Biehl

George C. Biehl

/s/ Fred W. Cover

Fred W. Cover

/s/ James P. Kane

James P. Kane

/s/ Thomas R. Sheets

Thomas R. Sheets

FOURTH AMENDMENT TO THE 2001
AMENDED AND RESTATED SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION
EMPLOYEES' INVESTMENT PLAN

Effective March 28, 2005, Article 6 of the Southwest Gas Corporation Employees' Investment Plan (the "Plan") is hereby amended pursuant to Plan Section 9.01, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6

VESTING OF RETIREMENT DISABILITY, DEATH,
AND TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

6.01 Vesting Due to Attainment of Normal Retirement Age and Normal Retirement Benefits

The Company Matching Contributions Account of a Participant will become, if it has not already done so, one hundred percent (100%) Vested on the date the Participant attains his Normal Retirement Age. A Participant is always fully Vested in his Deferral Account, Frozen After Tax Account, and Rollover Account. A Participant's retirement benefit shall be the amount credited to his Accounts as of the Valuation Date preceding distribution of such benefit plus Section 3 contributions to such Accounts on behalf of the Participant after such Valuation Date.

6.02 Vesting Due to Disability and Disability Benefits

The Company Matching Contributions Account of a Participant, whose employment with the Company is terminated because he is Permanently and Totally Disabled, will become, if it has not already done so, one hundred percent (100%) Vested on the date the Participant's employment terminates due to the Participant becoming Permanently and Totally Disabled. A Participant is always fully Vested in his Deferral Account, Frozen After Tax Account, and Rollover Account. A Participant's disability benefit shall be the amount credited to his Accounts as of the Valuation Date preceding distribution of such benefit plus Section 3 contributions to such Accounts on behalf of the Participant after such Valuation Date.

6.03 Vesting Due to Death and Death Benefits

The Company Matching Contributions Account of a Participant, whose employment with the Company is terminated due to death, will become, if it has not already done so, one hundred percent (100%) Vested on the Participant's date of death. A Participant is always fully Vested in his Deferral Account, Frozen After Tax Account, and Rollover Account. A

Participant's death benefit shall be the amount credited to his Accounts as of the Valuation Date preceding distribution of such benefit plus Section 3 contributions to such Accounts on behalf of the Participant after such Valuation Date.

6.04 Vesting Upon Termination of Employment and Termination of Employment Benefits

(a) The benefit payable under the Plan in the case of a Participant, whose employment with the Company is terminated for any reason other than described in Sections 6.01, 6.02, or 6.03, will be equal to the sum of (I) the Vested value of his Accounts on the Valuation Date immediately preceding payment of such benefits, and (ii) Article 3 subsequent contributions to the Accounts on behalf of the Participant. The Vested value of a Participant's Accounts will be equal to:

- (I) The Participant's Deferral Account value; plus
- (ii) The Participant's Frozen After Tax Account value; plus
- (iii) The Participant's Rollover Account value; plus
- (iv) The Vested portion of a Participant's Company Matching Contributions Account determined as follows:

<u>Years of Service</u>	<u>Vested Percentage</u>
Less than 1	0%
1	20%
2	40%
3	60%
4	80%
5 and over	100%

For purposes of this Section 6.04, the term "Year of Service" is a whole year of Service which is twelve (12) months of Service (thirty (30) days is deemed to be a month in the case of the aggregation of fractional amounts).

6.05 Forfeitures

The non-Vested portion of a Participant's Company Matching Contributions Account, if any, will be forfeited upon the earlier to occur of (a) the date the Participant incurs his fifth consecutive one (1) year Period of Severance or (b) the date that the Vested portion of the Participant's Company Matching Contributions Account is paid out according to the following paragraph. If the Participant is zero percent vested in such account, he shall be deemed to

have received a distribution of such vested account balance on the date he terminated employment with the Company.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan to the contrary, any such forfeitures will be applied first to reinstate the forfeited portions of Company Matching Contributions Accounts of rehired Participants and lost and missing Participants and Beneficiaries as described in subsections 6.07(a) and 12.06. If the amount of forfeitures available is insufficient to reinstate the Accounts required to be reinstated for certain rehired Participants, the Company will make an additional contribution in an amount required to reinstate such Accounts fully.

6.06 Distributions

- (a) If, upon a Participant's termination of employment, the Vested amount in his Accounts does not exceed \$1,000 (or any other amount as may be established, by regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury) and the Participant does not elect to have such balance paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified in a direct rollover within the time permitted by the Committee, the Committee will direct the Trustee to distribute such balance to the Participant.
- (b) If, upon a Participant's termination of employment, the Vested amount in his Accounts is greater than \$1,000 and does not exceed \$5,000 (or any other amount as may be established, by regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury) without regard to the portion of the Account Balance that is attributable to rollover contributions (and earning allocable thereto) within the meaning of Code Sections 402(c), 403(b)(8), 408(d)(3)(A)(ii), and 457(e)(16) and the Participant does not elect to have such balance paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified in a direct rollover or to receive the balance directly within the time permitted by the Committee, the Committee will direct the Trustee to pay the balance in a direct rollover to an individual retirement account designated by the Committee for the benefit of the Participant.
- (c) If, upon a Participant's termination of employment, the Vested amount in a Participant's Accounts exceeds \$5,000, without regard to such rollover contributions, the Participant may request, through the Voice Response System, a distribution of the entire Vested amount of such Accounts.

- (d) Distributions under this Section 6.06 shall occur as soon as administratively practicable, but no later than the close of the second Plan Year following the Plan Year in which the Participant's termination of employment occurred. Investment income will continue to be allocated pursuant to Section 4.04 to the earlier of the Business Day of or the first Business Day after the request for distribution is made.

6.07 Reinstatement of Forfeited Accounts

- (a) With respect to the Participant who receives a distribution pursuant to Article 6.05 and whose Termination Date occurs before he is one hundred percent (100%) Vested in his Company Matching Contributions Account, the Participant may repay to the Plan the full amount distributed to him from such Account; provided, however, that the repayment must occur before the earlier of: (a) the date five (5) years after the date he is subsequently re-employed by the Company, or (b) the day the Participant incurs his fifth (5th) consecutive one (1) year Period of Severance commencing after the date of the distribution. After such repayment, the balance in the Participant's Company Matching Contributions Account shall be adjusted to the value of the balance in his Company Matching Contributions Account on the date the repaid distribution was originally made to the Participant. The difference between the amount repaid by the Participant and the balance in his Company Matching Contributions Account on the date the repaid distribution was originally made shall be funded by all unallocated forfeitures incurred in the Plan Year of repayment to the extent necessary to reinstate the Participant's Company Matching Contributions Account in full, and to the extent such forfeitures are inadequate, by additional Company contributions.
- (b) With respect to a Participant who terminates employment without being one hundred percent (100%) Vested in his Company Matching Contributions Account and who is reemployed after incurring five (5) consecutive one (1) year Periods of Severance, Years of Service subsequent to his reemployment will not increase the Vested percentage of the amount in his Company Matching Contributions Account as of such prior termination of employment.

Except as hereby amended, the provisions of the Plan as in effect prior to this amendment shall continue unchanged.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Committee has adopted this amendment effective as stated above. This amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts and all of such counterparts taken together shall be deemed to constitute one and the same instrument.

Dated at Las Vegas, Nevada, this 9th day of December 2005.

EMPLOYEES' INVESTMENT PLAN COMMITTEE

/s/ GEORGE C. BIEHL

George C. Biehl

/s/ FRED W. COVER

Fred W. Cover

/s/ JAMES P. KANE

James P. Kane

/s/ THOMAS R. SHEETS

Thomas R. Sheets

FIFTH AMENDMENT TO THE 2001
AMENDED AND RESTATED SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION
EMPLOYEES' INVESTMENT PLAN

Effective February 1, 2006, Schedule A of the Southwest Gas Corporation Employees' Investment Plan (the "Plan") is hereby amended pursuant to Plan Section 9.01, to read as follows:

1.

SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION
EMPLOYEE'S INVESTMENT PLAN

Schedule A -- Investment Plans

Investment Funds

Southwest Gas Stock Fund

Fidelity U.S. Bond Index Fund

Fidelity Money Market Trust - Retirement Money Market Portfolio

Fidelity U.S. Government Reserves

Fidelity Contrafund

Fidelity Asset Manager - Growth

Fidelity Growth & Income Portfolio

Fidelity Low Priced Stock Fund

Fidelity Freedom Income Fund

Fidelity Freedom 2000 Fund

Fidelity Freedom 2010 Fund

Fidelity Freedom 2020 Fund

Fidelity Freedom 2030 Fund

Fidelity Freedom 2040 Fund

Vanguard Index 500 - Admiral Shares

Vanguard World International Growth Fund - Admiral Shares

Brown Capital Management, Inc.- Small Company Institutional Fund

Lord Abbett Small Cap Value Fund

Designation of Investment Funds

A Participant's Deferrals and Excess Contributions may be invested entirely at his discretion, in increments of one percent (1%), among the Investment Funds. In the complete absence of any designation, the Participant's Deferrals and/or Excess Deferrals will be invested in the Fidelity Freedom

Fund that most closely corresponds to the Participant's targeted retirement date.

A Participant's Company Matching Contributions Account will be invested in the Southwest Gas Stock Fund as provided for in Section 4.03 of the Plan, except as otherwise determined under the rules in (b) below relating to transfers between Investment Funds.

Transfer Between and Among Investment Funds

- (a) A Participant may transfer amounts representing his Deferrals and Excess Deferrals from one Investment Fund to another, one (1) time per Investment Fund per month, up to twelve (12) times per calendar year. Transfer of amounts from the Southwest Gas Stock Fund to another Investment Fund will be subject to the requirement that fifty percent (50%) of all funds invested in the ESOP remain invested in Employer Securities and the rules in (b) below.

Further, transfer of amounts to or from the Southwest Gas Stock Fund by Participants who are subjected to Section 16 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, may only make such transfers six (6) months following the date of the most recent "opposite way" transfer.

- (b) Upon attaining age fifty (50), a Participant may transfer amounts representing his Company Matching Contributions Account invested in Employer Securities and other cash received for investment in Southwest Gas Stock Fund to any of the Investment Funds, in accordance with Section 4.03 and (a) above.
- (c) The investment of a Participant's entire Account Balance is subject to the rules of Section 7.02 once the Participant becomes entitled to a distribution pursuant to Section 7.02.

2. Except as hereby amended, the provisions of the Plan as in effect prior to this amendment shall continue unchanged.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Committee has adopted this amendment effective as stated above. This amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts and all of such counterparts taken together shall be deemed to constitute one and the same instrument.

Dated at Las Vegas, Nevada, this 3rd day of February 2006.

EMPLOYEES' INVESTMENT PLAN COMMITTEE

/s/ GEORGE C. BIEHL
George C. Biehl

/s/ FRED W. COVER
Fred W. Cover

/s/ JAMES P. KANE
James P. Kane

/s/ THOMAS R. SHEETS
Thomas R. Sheets

SIXTH AMENDMENT TO THE 2001
AMENDED AND RESTATED SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION
EMPLOYEES' INVESTMENT PLAN

The Southwest Gas Corporation Employees' Investment Plan (the "Plan") is hereby amended pursuant to Plan Section 9.01, to read as follows:

1. Effective January 1, 2006, the Article 1 definition of "Service" is amended to read as follows:

Service means, with respect to any Employee, his period or periods of employment with an Affiliated Company that are counted as "Service" in accordance with the following rules:

- (a) Each Employee shall be credited with Service under the Plan for the period or periods during which such Employee maintains an employment relationship with the Affiliated Company. An Employee's employment relationship will commence on the date the Employee first renders one Hour of Service and ends on his severance from Service date. Service will also include the following periods:
 - (i) Periods of leave of absence with or without pay granted to the Employee by the Affiliated Company in a like and nondiscriminatory manner for any purpose including, but not limited to, sickness, accident, or military leave. Such Employee shall not be considered to have terminated employment during such leave of absence unless he fails to return to the employ of the Company at or prior to the expiration date of such leave, in which case he shall be deemed to have terminated as of the date of commencement of such leave.
 - (ii) Periods during which a person is Permanently and Totally Disabled. Such person shall not be considered to have terminated employment during such period of disability unless he fails to return to the employ of the Company at the expiration of such period, in which case he shall be deemed to have terminated as of his date of recovery.
 - (iii) The period of time between an Employee's severance from Service date by reason of a resignation, discharge, or retirement and his reemployment date, if the Employee returns to Service on or before such first anniversary date.
 - (b) In the case of a person who incurs five (5) consecutive one (1) year Periods of Severance, whose whole years of Service prior to his severance are less than five (5) years, who is not Vested in his or her Company Matching Contributions Account pursuant to Section 6.04 at the time he incurs such five (5) consecutive one (1) year Periods of Severance, but is then
-

reemployed by the Company; his Service prior to such five (5) consecutive one (1) year Periods of Severance shall be forfeited and shall not be included in determining his Service under paragraph (a) above. Such person's Service at the time of a one (1) year Period of Severance shall not include any Service disregarded by virtue of the application of this subparagraph to any prior one (1) year Period of Severance.

- (c) Subject to (b) above, all periods of an Employee's Service, whether or not consecutive, will be aggregated. Service will be measured in elapsed years and fractions of years whereby each twelve (12) complete calendar months will constitute one year, each completed calendar month will constitute one-twelfth (1/12) of a year, and partial calendar months which when aggregated equal thirty (30) days will constitute one-twelfth (1/12) of a year

2. Effective January 1, 2006, Section 3.04(c)(iii) is amended to read as follows:

(c) Treatment of Excess Contributions

- (iii) Excess Contributions to be distributed under this Section 3.04 with respect to a Higher Compensated Employee shall be adjusted to include any applicable Trust Fund investment income or loss on such contributions. The Trust Fund investment income or loss attributable to such Excess Contribution shall be (1) the income or loss allocable to Higher Compensated Employee's Excess Contributions for the preceding calendar year (which shall be determined by multiplying the income or loss attributable to the Higher Compensated Employee's Deferrals in such year by a fraction it's the numerator of which is the Participant's Excess Contributions in such year and it's the denominator of which is the sum of the balance in the Higher Compensated Employee's Deferral Account on the first day of such year plus Higher Compensated Employee's Deferrals for the year) and (2) ten percent (10%) of the amount determined under clause (1) multiplied by the number of whole calendar months between the end of such year and the date of distribution, counting the month of distribution if the distribution occurs after the 15th of such month. The distribution shall reduce the Participant's Deferral Account as of the date it is distributed. The Committee shall establish such rules and give such timely directions to the Trustee as the Committee, in its sole discretion, deems appropriate to carry out the provisions of this paragraph.

3. Effective January 1, 2006, Section 3.05(d), "Company Election" is amended to read as follows:

(d) Company Election

In computing the Contribution Percentage, the Company, in accordance with Treasury Regulation Section 1.401(m)-2(a)(6), may, to the extent allowed by such regulation, elect to use Deferrals in determining the Contribution Percentage. The Committee shall establish such rules and give such directions to the Trustee as shall be appropriate to carry out Section 3.05(c).

4. Effective January 1, 2006, Section 3.05(e)(iii) is amended to read as follows:

(e) Treatment of Excess Aggregate Contributions

(iii) Excess Aggregate Contributions for a Plan Year that are to be distributed or forfeited under this Section 3.05 with respect to a Higher Compensated Employee shall be adjusted to include any appropriate Trust Fund investment income or loss thereon for such Plan Year. The Trust Fund investment income or loss allocable to such Participant's Excess Aggregate Contributions for a Plan Year shall be (1) the sum of the income or loss allocable to the Higher Compensated Employee's Company Matching Contributions Account (and Deferral Account, if the Company makes a Section 3.05(d) election and is allowed by regulations to Code Section 401(m) to count contributions to Higher Compensated Employee's Deferral Account in the determination of Excess Aggregate Contributions) to the extent there is a distribution or forfeiture attributable to said Accounts, multiplied by a fraction: (A) the numerator of which equals the Higher Compensated Employee's Excess Aggregate Contributions for the Plan Year, and (B) the denominator of which equals the sum of the balance of such accounts at the beginning of the such year plus the Company Section 3.02 Matching Contributions (and the Participant's Deferrals if the Company makes a Section 3.05 (d) election, for such Plan Year if Employer elects, and is allowed by regulations under Code Section 401(m), to count such contributions in the determination of Excess Aggregate Contributions), plus (2) ten percent (10%) of the amount determined under clause (1) multiplied by the number of whole calendar months between the end of the Plan Year and the date of distribution, counting the month of distribution if the distribution occurs after the 15th of such month. The distribution or forfeiture shall reduce the Participant's Company Matching Contribution Account, (and Deferral Account, if the Company makes a Section 3.05(d) election) as of the date it is distributed or forfeited, to the extent there is a distribution or forfeiture attributable to said

Accounts. The Committee shall establish such rules and give such timely directions to the Trustee as the Committee, in its sole discretion, deems appropriate to carry out the provisions of this paragraph.

5. Effective January 1, 2006, Section 3.05(f), "Future Treasury Regulations" is added to the Plan and reads as follows:

- (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan to the contrary, the determination, calculation, and/or distribution of Excess Deferrals and/or Excess Contributions shall be made in a manner consistent with Treasury Regulations Sections 1.401(k)-1 and 1.401(k)-2, the terms of which are hereby incorporated by reference. Additionally, notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan to the contrary, the determination, calculation, distribution and/or forfeiture of Excess Aggregate Contributions shall be made in a manner consistent with Treasury Regulations Sections 1.401(m)-1 and 1.401(m)-2, the terms of which are hereby incorporated by reference.

6. Effective January 1, 2007, Section 4.03, "Investment of Company Matching Contributions and Voting of Company Stock" is amended to read as follows:

All Company Matching Contributions shall be primarily invested in the Southwest Gas Stock Fund, and shall be a part of the Employee Stock Ownership Plan. Such contributions shall be based on the fair market value of the Company Stock at the time contributed by the Company or purchased by the Trustee from the Company, in the open market, or in privately negotiated transactions. Once such contributions are deposited in a Participant's Company Matching Contribution Account, a Participant may transfer such contributions between and among Investment Funds, as provided for in Schedule A to the Plan. Upon reaching age fifty (50), a Participant may elect to have all future contributions to his Company Matching Contributions Account invested in any of the Investments Funds as set forth above in Section 4.02.

This Plan may acquire and hold qualifying securities of the Company. If all or part of a Participant's Company Matching Contribution Account or other accounts is invested in Employer Securities, such Participant shall be entitled to the voting rights based on the value of such stock in his Account. The Trustee will vote the Company Stock that is not voted by Participants in the same ratio that the stock is voted by the Participants who exercised their voting rights. The Committee, in a nondiscriminatory manner, will make any other necessary decisions arising out of the acquisition or holding of Employer Securities.

7. Effective January 1, 2006, Section 4.05, "Limitation on Participant Investment Instruction," is amended to read as follows:

Notwithstanding anything else in this Plan to the contrary, the Committee will, unless in its discretion it determines otherwise, decline to carry out a Participant's investment instructions if such instructions:

- * Would result in a prohibited transaction described in ERISA Section 406 or Code Section 4975;
- * Would generate income that would be taxable to the Plan;
- * Would not be in accordance with the Plan;
- * Would cause a fiduciary to maintain the indicia of ownership of any Plan assets outside the jurisdiction of the district courts of the United States other than as permitted by ERISA Section 404(b) and 29 CFR 2550.404b-1;
- * Would jeopardize the Plan's tax qualified status under the Code; or
- * Could result in a loss in excess of a Participant's or Beneficiary's account balance.

Furthermore, notwithstanding any language in this Plan to the contrary, the Committee may establish any and all rules and regulations it deems necessary to provide and allow for a change in Plan record keeper, and/or Trustee, or a change in Investment Funds, as determined by the Committee, that are available to Plan Participants. Such rules and regulations may include, but not be limited to, limits or prohibitions, during specified time periods, on the availability of Participant enrollments, withdrawals, distributions, loans, rollover contributions, Investment Fund transfers, and/or changes in Deferral elections. Participants shall also be subject to trading restrictions, penalties and rules established by either (1) the Plan's record keeper, or (2) the company that maintains an Investment Fund option in which the Participant has directed, or does direct, an investment of all or part of the Participant's Plan Accounts.

8. Effective January 1, 2007, Sections 5.04(b)(i) and (ii), "Hardship Withdrawal Conditions to be Met" are amended to read as follows:

- (i) Before the distribution the Participant, and if applicable the Participant's Spouse, shall execute all consents to the distribution that would be required if the withdrawal were a distribution upon the Participant's termination of employment, and the Participant submits documentation to the Committee, or its designee, indicating that his or her requested distribution is necessary to satisfy a financial need arising from:
- (A) Expenses for (or necessary to obtain) medical care that would be deductible under Code Section 213(d) (determined without regard to whether the expenses exceed 7.5% of adjusted gross income);
 - (B) Costs directly related to the purchase (excluding mortgage payments), but not the construction, repair, remodel, refinance, or lease of the Participant's principal residence;
 - (C) Payment of tuition related educational fees, and room and board expenses for up to the next twelve (12) months of post-secondary education for the Participant, the Participant's Spouse, or the Participant's children or the Participant's Code Section 152 dependents determined without regard to Code Section 152(b)(1), (b)(2) and (d)(1)(B);
 - (D) Payments necessary to prevent the eviction of the Participant from his or her principal residence or the foreclosure of the mortgage on the Participant's principal residence;
 - (E) Payments for burial or funeral expenses for the Participant's deceased parent, the Participant's deceased Spouse, the Participant's deceased children, or the Participant's deceased Code Section 152 dependents determined without regard to Code Section 152(b)(1), (b)(2) and (d)(1)(B);
 - (F) Payment for expenses for the repair and damage to the Participant's principal residence that would qualify for the casualty deduction under Code Section 165 (determined without regard to whether the loss exceeds 10% of adjusted gross income); or
 - (G) Such other events as the Committee agrees to and as to which the Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service specifies, through the publication of revenue rulings, notices, and other documents of general availability, as giving rise to a deemed

immediate and heavy financial need.

- (ii) The Participant's hardship distribution:
 - (A) Must be in an amount not exceeding the amount of the need arising under subparagraph (i)(A-G) above. The amount of an immediate and heavy financial need may include any amounts necessary to pay federal, state, or local income taxes or penalties reasonably anticipated to result from the distribution;
 - (B) Cannot be made until the Participant has obtained all other currently available distributions (including the election to receive dividends under Article 14), other than hardship distributions, and all nontaxable loans (determined at the time of the loan) that are currently available under all qualified and nonqualified plans of the Company; and
 - (C) Shall result in the Participant being prohibited from making Deferrals to this and all other qualified and nonqualified plans of deferred compensation maintained by the Company, for one year beginning on the date the Participant receives a hardship withdrawal, if prior to January 1, 2002, and for six (6) months if such withdrawal occurs after December 31, 2001.

9. Effective January 1, 2006, Section 9.02, "Right to Terminate the Plan," is amended to read as follows:

The Board will have the right to adopt a written amendment to terminate the Plan in whole or in part at any time. To the extent required under the Code, upon termination, partial termination, or complete discontinuance of contributions to the Plan, all Accounts of affected Participants will become one hundred percent (100%) Vested. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a distribution may not be made upon the termination of this Plan if the Employer establishes or maintains an alternative defined contribution plan at any time during the period beginning on the date of the Plan's termination and ending twelve months after distribution of all Plan assets. A defined contribution plan is not an alternative defined contribution plan if it is a Code Section 4975(e)(7) or 409(a) employee stock ownership plan, a Code Section 408(k) simplified employee pension, a Code Section 408(p) simple IRA, a plan or contract that satisfies the requirements of Code Section 403(b), or a plan described in Code Section 457(b) or (f).

10. Effective January 1, 2006, Section 9.03, "Plan Merger and Consolidation," is amended to read as follows:

If the Plan is merged or consolidated with any other Plan, or if the assets or liabilities of the Plan are transferred to any other Plan, each Participant will be entitled to a benefit immediately after the merger, consolidation, or transfer, determined as if the Plan had then terminated, at least equal to the benefit to which the Participant would have been entitled had the Plan terminated immediately before such merger, consolidation, or transfer. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a transfer (but not a rollover) of Plan assets to another Plan, or a merger with another plan, shall not occur unless the recipient plan provides that transferred qualified non-elective contributions and qualified matching contributions will not be distributable to a Participant until after the Participant's separation from service with the Company.

11. Section 14.04, "Diversification" is amended to read as follows:

Once Company Matching Contributions are deposited in a Participant's Company Matching Contribution Account, a Participant may transfer such contributions between and among Investment Funds, as provided for in Schedule A to the Plan. Upon reaching age fifty (50), a Participant may elect to invest future Company Matching Contributions directly in any other Investment Fund.

12. Effective January 1, 2007, Schedule A, "Investment Plans" is amended to read as follows:

Schedule A -- Investment Plans

Investment Funds

Southwest Gas Stock Fund

Fidelity U.S. Bond Index Fund

Fidelity Money Market Trust - Retirement Money Market Portfolio

Fidelity U.S. Government Reserves

Fidelity Contrafund

Fidelity Asset Manager - Growth (*Terminated effective as of March 1, 2007*)

Fidelity Growth & Income Portfolio

Fidelity Low Priced Stock Fund

Fidelity Freedom Funds (*All Freedom Fund investment options are available effective as of March 1, 2007*)

Vanguard Index 500 - Admiral Shares (*Vanguard Index 500 - Institutional Shares effective as of February 1, 2007*)

Vanguard World International Growth Fund - Admiral Shares

Designation of Investment Funds

A Participant's Deferrals, Excess Contributions/Deferrals, and Rollover Contributions may be invested entirely at his discretion, in increments of one percent (1%), among the Investment Funds. In the complete absence of any designation, the Participant's Deferrals, Excess Contributions/Deferrals and/or Rollover Contributions will be invested in the Fidelity Freedom Fund that most closely corresponds to the Participant's targeted retirement date.

A Participant's Company Matching Contributions Account will be invested in the Southwest Gas Stock Fund as provided for in Section 4.03 of the Plan, and the rules in (b) below relating to transfers between Investment Funds.

Transfer Between and Among Investment Funds

(a) A Participant may transfer amounts representing his Deferrals and Excess Contributions/Deferrals, and Rollover Contribution from one Investment Fund to another, daily. Transfer of amounts from the Southwest Gas Stock Fund to another Investment Fund will be subject to the requirement that fifty percent (50%) of all funds invested in the ESOP remain invested in Employer Securities and the rules in (b) below.

Further, transfer of amounts to or from the Southwest Gas Stock Fund by Participants who are subjected to Section 16 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, may only make such transfers six (6) months following the date of the most recent "opposite way" transfer.

- (b) Once Company Matching Contributions are deposited in a Participant's Company Matching Contribution Account, a Participant may immediately transfer such contributions to other Investment Funds. Upon reaching age fifty (50), a Participant may elect to invest future Company Matching Contributions directly in any other Investment Fund, in accordance with Section 4.03 and (a) above.
- (c) The investment of a Participant's entire Account Balance is subject to the rules of Section 7.02 once the Participant becomes entitled to a distribution pursuant to Section 7.02.

13. Except as hereby amended, the provisions of the Plan as in effect prior to this amendment shall continue unchanged.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Committee has adopted this amendment effective as stated above. This amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts and all of such counterparts taken together shall be deemed to constitute one and the same instrument.

Dated at Las Vegas, Nevada, this 15th day of December 2006.

EMPLOYEES' INVESTMENT PLAN COMMITTEE

/s/ GEORGE C. BIEHL
George C. Biehl

/s/ JAMES P. KANE
James P. Kane

/s/ FRED W. COVER
Fred W. Cover

/s/ THOMAS R. SHEETS
Thomas R. Sheets

August 29, 2007

Southwest Gas Corporation
5241 Spring Mountain Road
Las Vegas, NV 89150

Ladies and Gentlemen:

As counsel for Southwest Gas Corporation (the "Company"), I have examined the Registration Statement on Form S-8 to be filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission, in connection with the registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, of 750,000 shares of the Company's \$1 par value Common Stock (the "Stock") pursuant to the provisions of the Company's Employees' Investment Plan. I also have examined the steps taken by the Company and its Board of Directors in connection with the authorization and proposed issuance and sale of the Stock, and I am familiar with resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company. I am also familiar with the application filed by the Company with the California Public Utilities Commission for authority to issue the Stock, and the orders issued by said Commission authorizing the issuance of same.

Based on the foregoing and upon such other matters as I deem relevant in the circumstances, it is my opinion that the Company has received all required authorizations from state regulatory agencies having jurisdiction over the issuance of the Stock by the Company. Subject to the actions authorized by the Company's Board of Directors, the Stock, upon issuance and sale thereof in the manner specified in the Registration Statement, will be duly authorized, legally and validly issued, fully paid, and nonassessable outstanding Stock of the Company.

I hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as an exhibit to the Registration Statement, and I further consent to the use of my name under the caption "Interests of Named Experts and Counsel" in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus which forms a part thereof.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ ROBERT M. JOHNSON

Robert M. Johnson

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in this Registration Statement on Form S-8 of our report dated February 28, 2007 relating to the financial statements, management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, which appears in the 2006 Annual Report to Shareholders, which is incorporated by reference in Southwest Gas Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006. We also consent to the reference to us under the heading "Experts" in such Registration Statement.

We also consent to the incorporation by reference in this Registration Statement of our report dated June 26, 2007 relating to the financial statements, which appears in the Annual Report of Southwest Gas Corporation Employees' Investment Plan on Form 11-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Los Angeles, California
August 29, 2007

**ISSUANCE AND SALE OF COMMON STOCK THROUGH
THE EMPLOYEES' INVESTMENT PLAN**

WHEREAS, The Board of Directors of Southwest Gas Corporation (the "Corporation") has determined that it is in the best interests of the Corporation to reserve an additional 750,000 shares of original issue common stock (the "Additional Shares") to use as an investment and funding option in the Employees' Investment Plan (the "EIP"); and

WHEREAS, The Corporation has existing authorization from the California Public Utilities Commission to reserve, issue and sell the contemplated level of Additional Shares through the EIP.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the Board of Directors of the Corporation authorizes the reservation of the Additional Shares to be issued and sold from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the EIP, subject to first obtaining all required governmental authorizations therefor and in compliance with other terms and conditions as are hereinafter specified in these resolutions; and

RESOLVED FURTHER, That the Chief Executive Officer; the President; the Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Secretary; the Senior Vice President/Finance; the Treasurer; the Chief Accounting Officer; Controller; and the Assistant Corporate Secretary (collectively, the "Authorized Officers," which term shall include such officers, attorneys, agents, and employees as they may respectively specify) are, and each of them hereby is, authorized to take such actions and execute such instruments as they deem necessary and suitable in order to carry out the intent and purpose of these resolutions and the execution by any such Authorized Officer of any such instrument, or the undertaking by any of them of any such action, in connection with the matters specified in these resolutions shall conclusively establish their authority therefor from the Corporation and the approval and ratification by the Corporation thereof; and

RESOLVED FURTHER, That the Authorized Officers are, and each of them hereby is, authorized and directed, to prepare, execute and cause to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") any required registration statements, and all amendments and supplements thereto, for the purpose of registering under the federal securities laws, the Additional Shares for issuance in accordance with the provisions of the EIP; and

RESOLVED FURTHER, That Jeffrey W. Shaw and George C. Biehl are, and each of them hereby is, authorized to act severally as attorneys-in-fact for and on behalf of the Corporation to execute and file registration statements on the applicable form or forms and on behalf of the Corporation to execute and file any and all amendments and/or supplements thereto to be filed by the Corporation with the SEC under the federal securities laws, for the purpose of registering the Additional Shares for issuance in accordance with the provisions of the EIP; and

RESOLVED FURTHER, That the Authorized Officers are, and each of them hereby is, authorized in the name and on behalf of the Corporation to prepare and file, or cause to be prepared and filed, applications for listing the Additional Shares on the New York Stock Exchange and any other stock exchange or exchanges that any of the Authorized Officers deems appropriate; and that the Authorized Officers are, and each of them hereby is, authorized in the name and on behalf of the Corporation to execute and deliver such applications and any listing agreements or documents required by any such exchange in connection therewith, and to make such changes in any of the same as may be necessary or appropriate to conform with the requirements for listing, and to communicate with and to appear (if requested) before the officials of any such exchange, and to file, or cause to be filed, amendments or supplements to any of the foregoing documents and take such other action that any Authorized Officer deems appropriate; and

RESOLVED FURTHER, That the Additional Shares shall be executed on behalf of the Corporation by any one or more of the Authorized Officers, under the corporate seal of the Corporation reproduced or otherwise imprinted thereon, and shall be attested by the Corporation's Secretary or any of its Assistant Secretaries; that the signature of each or both of such officers on the Additional Shares may be manual or facsimile; that the Additional Shares bearing the manual or facsimile signatures of individuals who were at the time the proper officers of the Corporation shall bind the Corporation, notwithstanding that such individuals or any of them have ceased to hold such offices prior to the authentication and delivery of the Additional Shares or did not hold such offices at the dates of issuance of such shares; and

RESOLVED FURTHER, That the Authorized Officers are, and each of them hereby is, authorized to pay any and all expenses and fees arising in connection with the issuance and sale of the Additional Shares, including, without limitation, qualification under the Exchange Act or under securities or Blue Sky laws of any state or other jurisdiction in which such shares are offered, any listings of the Additional Shares on any exchange

and otherwise in connection with matters contemplated by these resolutions; and

RESOLVED FURTHER, That the Authorized Officers are, and each of them hereby is, authorized in the name and on behalf of the Corporation to make all such arrangements, to do and perform all such acts and things, and to execute and deliver all such officers' certificates, financing documents, and such other instruments and documents as any Authorized Officer deems necessary or appropriate in order to fully effectuate the purposes of the foregoing resolutions and any action taken by this Board; and

RESOLVED FURTHER, That the Authorized Officers are, and each of them hereby is, authorized and directed on behalf of the Corporation to execute and deliver, or to cause to be executed and delivered, any and all agreements and documents necessary to effectuate the foregoing resolutions, with such terms and such changes therein as the Authorized Officers executing the same approve, with such approval being conclusively determined by the execution thereof; and

RESOLVED FURTHER, That each of the Authorized Officers is hereby authorized and directed on behalf of the Corporation to make, or cause to be made, such filings and to take, or cause to be taken, such other actions as may be necessary to effectuate the foregoing resolutions; and

RESOLVED FURTHER, That all acts previously taken by each of the Authorized Officers in order to effectuate the purposes of these resolutions are hereby confirmed and ratified.

07/31/07